financial.

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE,

Weekly Mewspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES [Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1896, by the WILLIAM B. DANA COMPANY, in the office of the Librarian of Congress.]

VOL. 62.

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SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1896.

NO. 1,600.

The Chronicle.

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NEW YORK.

CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following table, made up by telegraph, etc., indicates that the total bank clearings of all the clearing houses of the United States for the week ending to-day, February 22, have been \$832,458,027, against \$970,622,676 last week and \$722,-606.470 the corresponding week of last year. The totals in both years cover only five business days, Washington's Birthday having intervened.

CLEARINGS.	Week E	Inding February 25	è.
Returns by Telegraph.	1896.	1895.	Per Cent
New York	\$524,826,765	\$302,322,082	+73.6
Boston	68,884,278	47,305,876	+45.6
Philadelphia	52,502,774	39,457,914	+33.1
Baltimore	11,408,083	7,246,408	+57.4
Chicago	68,761,514	55,055,236	+24.9
St. Louis	19,249,965	14,364,407	+34.0
New Orleans	8,345,581	5,776,458	+44.5
Seven citles, 5 days	\$753,978,960	\$471,528,406	+55.9
Other cities, 5 days	128,479,268	97,017,249	+32.4
Total all cities, 5 days	\$882,458,228	\$568,545,655	+55.2
All cities, 1 day		154,060,815	-100-0
Total all cities for week .	\$882,458,228	\$722,606,470	+22.1

Total all cities for week. \$882,458,228 \$7722,606,470 +221

The full details of clearings for the week covered by the above statement will be given next Saturday. We cannot, of course, furnish them to-day, bank clearings being made up by the various clearing houses at noon on Saturday, and hence in the above the last twenty-four hours of the week have to be in all cases estimated, as we go to press Friday night.

Our usual detailed figures for the previous week, covering the returns for the period ending with Saturday noon, February 15, are given below, and we also present the results for the corresponding week in 1895, 1894 and 1893. In comparison with the preceding week there is a loss in the aggregate exchanges of about thirty-six and a half million dollars, but at New York alone the decrease is only eleven millions. Contrasted with the week of 1895 the total for the whole country shows an increase of 15-5 per cent. Compared with the week of 1894 the current returns record an excess of 21 per cent and the loss from 1893 is 23.4 per cent. Outside of New York the gain over 1895 is 32 per cent. The excess over 1894 reaches 11-3 per cent, but making comparison with 1893 the loss is seen to be 18-7 per cent.

			Week ending February 15.							
	Clearings at—	1896.	1895.	P. Cen	ie. 1894.	1893.				
	New York Philadelphia Pittsburg Baltimore	\$ 555,730,3: 54,576,3: 13,672,6: 13,416,0: 3,638,5: 1,844,7: 1,367,3: 800,3: 742,7: 688,9: 258,9: 258,9: 25	87, 457,902,32 91 57,974,94 15 10,922,73 86 8,212,20 84 1,666,18 33 1,796,21 109 618,32 648,32 90 648,32 90 548,92 90 548,92	0 +21 22 +13 23 +25 40 +24 22 +13 33 +10 4 -20 29 +51	_	40 755,781,66 30 76,995,34 40 13,463,66 91 15,993,46 07 4,460,11 345 2,968,50 59 1,468,49 84 961,86				
	Buffalo	3,638,5	10,801,48 26 8,212,20	9 +24	3 3,474.9	91 15,983,40				
	Buffalo Washington Rochester	1,844,79	1,666,18 1,726,21	3 +10 1 -20	7 1,481,8 1,268,9	52 1.468.49				
	Syracuse Scranton Wilmington	800,30	756,41	9 +5	766,4	901,80				
e	Wilmington	088,99	648.32	3 +6	8 769,1	15 72 1,021,71 257,60				
L	Binghamton Total Middle			O TAN						
t	Boston	84,839,9(5,097,5) 2,381,2(1,490,44) 1,274,0(1,313,98) 1,119,77 897,74 621,21 441,51	76,787,25 00 4,763,00 00 1,879,58 13 1,148,06 10 1,232,64 11 1,055,09 5 1,122,14 8 6µ3,23 4 6µ3,23	1 +10	62,471,0 3,984,4 7 1,529,4 1,233,6 1,623,7 5 1,070,3 2 1,020,2 6 760,4 9 521,8 6 611,8	26 103,688,90 00 8,330,16 55 2,072,89 36 1,374,01 47 1,49,00 04 1,391,35 69 1,257,00 18 858,84 38 776,66				
-	Boston. Providence. Hartford. New Haven. Springfield. Woroester. Portland. Fall River. Lowell.	2,381,20	1,879,56	1 +10 +7 +26 4 +26 +3 +24 -0 +29 +8 +16	7 1,529,4	00 8,330,10 58 2,072,89				
a	New Haven	1,274,06	1,148,06	+26	3 1,233 6 8 1,623,7	36 1,374,01 17 1,449.00				
	Worcester	1,312,98	1,055,09 5 1,122,14	B +24 -0	5 1,070,3 2 1,020,2	1,391,35 1,259,00				
	Fall River	621,21	8 6#3,234 4 570,61 0 379,12	+29	6 760,4 9 521,8	18 858,84 38 776,86				
0	New Bedford	99,477,58	9 89,630,724	+16	611,8	488,76 121,680,25				
Ö	Total New Eng.		20,000,741	+1	79 970 0	201 FAT. 000.00				
,	Chicago Cincinnati	73,415,51 10,824,25 5,713,66 5,641.48 5,824,90 2,948,80	8 72,833,803 0 11,829,554 7 5,649,734 9 4,677,54 0 2,645,200 0 993,496 3 1,904 077 0 820,135 2 457,333	+1° +2° +2° +1° +8° -18° -18° -48°	5 72,278,8 5 12,471,8 1 4,820,8 9 8,887,5 1 4,211,5 9 27,28 00 978,11 1,411,6 0 672,76 926,10	49 95,981,871 10 15,453,45 7,004,34* 65 5,005,371 65 5,466,08 10 3,412,70 893,68 1,002,711 463,08				
•	Detroit	5,641.48	9 4,677,54	+21	8,887,88	5,509,27				
•	Columbus	2 948,80	0 2,645,200	+12	2,728 00	3,412,70				
	Indianapolis		1,904 077	-14	1,410,6	1,666,500				
	Peoria Grand Rapids Lexington	200,03	2 437,338	-13	0 872,76	1,002,711				
	Lexington Saginawt Kalamazoo Akron Bay City Rockford Springfield, Ohio. Canton	243,77	191,946 178,634 0 982,009 3 209,834 0 153,000 132,732	+27 +82 +13 +13 +14 +17	000 44	*******				
	Akron	235,99	178,634	+82	230,32 1 164,61 6 228,66 180,49 4 142,42 214,00	9 240,000 5 396,921				
١	Rockford	233,49	209,834	+18	180,4	1 180 919				
1	Canton	155,74	132,782	+17	114,00	189,811				
,	Dayton*	583,87		_ :::						
	Tot. Mid. West'n	110,190,388	107,796,176	+27	104,651,46					
	San Francisco Salt Lake City Portlaud Los Angeles	14,202,945 1,161.204 1,112,335	13,877,880 1,178,647 1,058,788 1,295,656 551,044 532,355 511,536 374,042 99,635 59,909	+2°3 -1°3 +5°1 +7°1 +11°3	3 13,831,46 1,050,19 522,77 965,60 2 763,86 737,03 647 (2 250,31 124,96 150,14	8 15,489,821 3 1,837,539 9 1,978,123 882,057 0 750,790 1 1,069,894 0 1,181,600 816,978				
	Los Angeles	1,376,996	1,295,656	+7.	965,60	1 882,057				
١	Tacoma	1,112,333 1,376,596 616,137 444,654 516,382 341,442 127,363 81,745	551,044 532,355	-16.5	763,26	1 1 069,394				
ı	Seattle	516,382 341,442	511,536 374,042	-16°6 +0°6 -8°7	847 (2 250.31	816,976				
ı	FargoSioux Falls	127,363 81,745	99,685 59,909	+27.8	124,96 130,14	182,163				
١	Total Pacific	19,981,109	19,082,302	+2.8	10.355.77	1 23.00X.W72				
I	Kansas City Minneapolis	9,490,403 5,936,422 4,059,201 4,126,167 2,501,390 1,355,000 963,968 457,715 287,546	8,475,594 4,085,992 3,764,309 3,941,826 2,594,591 1,230,867 8+6,554 489,013 345,001 446,897	+12.0	8,578,94 4,818,591 4,177,041 8,119,381 2,655,88 1,456 294 749,536 517,714 415,765 464,536 512,880 71,681 80,000	10,938,068 0,637,734 7,557,194 4,985,488 5,99,619 2,005,491 1,037,481 1,160,381 610,440 392,549 85,600 109,606				
ı	Omaha	4.059,201	3,764,309	+7·8 +4·7 -3·6	4,177,048	7,657,196				
ı	St. Paul Denver	2,501,390	2,594,591	-3.0	2,655,83	5 269,619				
ı	St. Paul Denver St. Joseph Des Moines Sioux City Lincoln Topeka.	963 968	8:16,554	+10°1 +15°2 -6°4 -16°6 -87°7 -10°4	749,580	1,037,631				
ı	Sioux City	287,595	345.001	-16.6	415,769	610.440				
ı	Topeka Wichita	287,595 277,961 494,138	558,501	-104	512,820	585,000				
ı	Fremont	59,510 64,441	558.501 50,658 55,000	+17.4	71,881 80,060	100,000				
l	Davenport* Tot. other West.	30,074,912	26,849,633	+13.0	27,597,995					
l		00 000 000		-	20,541,548 10,065,040 6,584,484 2,329,578,868 1,476,729 1,314,439 1,306,528 806,034 855,534 670,000 850,004	24.204,946 11.771,364 8 638,043 3.274,306 3.372,470 2.078,720 2.362,000 2.222,165 1,500,000 1.079,094 2.230,961 920,633 642,309				
ı	8t. Louis New Orleans Louisville Galveston	9,8:6,715 6,624,779	20,112,445 6,537,069 6,482,026 2,020,658	+13.0 +60.3 +2.3 +12.1	0,085,040	11.771,864 8 638,042				
ı	Galveston	2,265,487 2,922,787	2,020,658	+12.1	2,329,532 2,578,866	3,274,306				
ı	Houston	2,69~,806 2,209,639	2,119,755	+28*7 +27*3 +0*4 +38*1 +53*0 -5*4 +37*0 +41*9 +0*2 -38*7	1,476 799 2,107,234	2,078,720				
ı	Richmond	2,400,288	1,743,363	+38.1	1,316,489	2,222,165				
١	Dallas Nashville	1,877,478	1,455,678	-5°4	1,036,538	1,079,094				
	Norfolk	1,046,601	737,705	+41-9	855,894	920,683				
	Norfolk. Waco. Fort Worth	745,260	1,125,000	-33.7	850,000	442,044				
	Augusta	458,653	259,853	+49.8 +77.2 -6.7	335,282	479,376				
	Augusta	22, 73, 30, 30, 30, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31, 31	8, 482, 029 2, 020, 658 4, 271, 694 8, 119, 753 2, 201, 603 1, 743, 368 101, 752 1, 455, 673 705, 804 737, 705 830, 000 1, 125, 000 1, 125	+33.5 -53.2	477,10 210,688	580,327 479,768				
1	THOY ATTO	469 268	100,100	+181	58,557,411	06,299,685				
	Total Southern	970,632,676	50,913,199 840'621,870	+155		1,266,377,256				
	Total all Outside N. York.	414,892,339	363,319,550	+82	371,239,990	510.5V5,598				
1				,						
7	Montreal	9,479,000 6,212,342 1,150,787 992,579 659,083	8,818,495 4,637,419 978,750 642,440 671,202	+7.5 +34.4 +17.6 +53.0 -2.0	8,914,945 4,688,050 903,14 680,520 579,884	10,389.410 5,71%,861 823,563				
1 B	Winnipeg	992,579 659,089	671,202	+23.0	579,884	737,904				
	Total Canada	18 509 784	15 718 308	+1:5	15.744.545	16 881.047				

* Not included in totals. + Publication suspended for the present.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

It was stated yesterday, semi-officially, that about \$80,000,000 had up to that date been paid on the bond account; that of that amount about \$52,000,000 was received through the New York Sub-Treasury and about \$28,000,000 through other sub-treasuries and the depositary banks, leaving about \$31,000,000 still unpaid. The total of these payments at the New York Sub-Treasury and the daily withdrawals reported, including \$5 0,000 withdrawn for shipment to Buenos Ayres last week, and amounts taken from the Assay Office in the form of jewelers' bars, have been as follows daily. We add a column showing the net increase of the Government gold holdings by reason of these transactions.

	Payments.	Withdrawals.	Net increase.
February 8	10,609,640-24	\$115,500	\$10,494,140.24
February 10	8,869,524.15	2,381,000	6,488,524.15
February 11	6,774,716.33	933,300	5,841,416.33
February 13	6,984,741.35	1,271,600	5,713,141.35
February 14	4,495,369.88	1,567,400	2,927,969.88
February 15	3,573,331.07	200,000	3,373,331.07
February 17	654,513.60	1,456,200	*801,646-40
February 18	737,967.59	932,500	*194,532-41
February 19	6,688,589-26	633,000	6,055,588-26
February 20	1,418,109.58	1,099,300	318,809.38
February 21	1,000,000.00	450,000	550,000.00
Total	351,806,502.05	\$11,039,800	\$49,768.702.95

Net withdrawals.

It is now thought probable that very nearly all if not all of the payments for the bonds will be completed by the time the next instalment of 10 per cent is due, on March 2d, and that consequently the net amount resulting from the sales can then be ascertained. From the facts hitherto disclosed as we interpret them we continue to think, as we stated in our article (page 296) last week, that \$130,000,000 is a fair minimum estimate for the gold reserve as it will stand when all the payments and withdrawals have been effected.

Last Saturday's bank statement showed a loss of \$7,142,500 specie and a gain of \$3,844,200 legal tenders, making the net decrease \$3,298,300. course this is not the total but only the week's average. Nevertheless it was a remarkable statement, it being a result reached in face of the large payments into the Treasury on account of bonds, which payments were well distributed through the bank week. Even the bank statement yesterday (it being made up Friday because of the holiday to-day), which, with last week's statement, ought to cover almost all the payments into the Sub-Treasury made at this centre, shows a loss of only \$6,437,500 specie and \$2,579,400 legal tenders. Take the two weeks together and there is a loss of actual reserve of only \$12,315,200 during a period when the net payments into the Sub-Treasury have been say \$41,000,000. This can be explained in no other way than on the assumption that the largest subscribers for the bonds had an accumulation of gold outside the banks which they turned over in payment, and that other subscribers borrowed the gold with which to make their settlements from other sources of supply.

The advance of public opinion in the matter of the treatment of the railroads is well illustrated by the action of the Board of Trade and Transportation this week in passing a resolution endorsing the new Joint Traffic Association entered into a short while ago by the great east-and-west trunk lines and the other roads in the territory between Chicago and St. Louis and

significant and important, but the report of the committee which had been investigating the subject and upon whose recommendation the resolution was adopted is a very able document. It furnishes a clear exposition of the railroad situation and also demonstrates how close is the connection between the railroad industry and the general range of industries in the United States. The Committee observe in their report that the new Joint Traffic arrangement has now been in operation more than a month, and has apparently worked for the mutual interest of the public and the railroads. They well say that rates may be too low as well as too high, and that the public interest is best served by reasonable, uniform and stable charges. They do not consider that there is any danger in this country of excessive charges for transportation. Seventy-six hundredths of a cent will to day pay for as much transportation over the railroads as could have been obtained for 3.03 cents twenty-eight years ago. The Committee make a good point when they say that "this reduction, amounting to three-fourths of the average rate of 1865, has been exceeded by that in price of but few even of those articles in the manufacture of which new inventions have worked the most radical changes."

Statistics are also given to show how unfortunate. has been the experience of the railroads-how numerous and extensive have been the disasters among them and what large numbers of roads are to-day bankrupt or in the hands of receivers; from which the conclusion seems fairly warranted that present rates are not too high "unless it is desirable to reduce all the railroad corporations to the condition of uniform and hopeless bankruptcy." The committee urge that shippers should co operate with carriers, and carriers with shippers, to maintain reasonable, uniform and stable rates of transportation, and to this end they invoke a fair trial of the Joint Traffic Association. The report was signed by F. B. Thurber, Seth E. Thomas, John A. Elmendorf, Charles H. Patrick and Oscar S. Straus. Both the report and the resolution were unanimously adopted. More than that, 10,000 copies were ordered printed for distribution. Our readers will perhaps remember that the Joint Traffic Association is the body against which suit has been brought in the name of the United States at the direction of the Inter State Commerce Commission. It is also the body against which certain politicians in and out of Congress have been inveighing with so much vehemence. In view of the demonstration of public opinion afforded by the report and action here referred to, there is reason to think that these politicians will wake up some day to find that they are barking up the wrong tree.

The annual report of the Northern Central Railway has been issued this week, and we need hardly say that the character of the exhibit is favorable. The company earned its 7 per cent dividends even in 1894, when the conditions were so strikingly adverse, and of course in 1895 the conditions were much better. The property is controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and Mr. George B. Roberts is President of it. Coal is a very important item of traffic with the road, and in 1894 this traffic had been reduced from a variety of causes. 1895, however, on the revival of trade and the absence of strikes in the bituminous coal regions, the coal traffic was increased over a million tons -in exact figures 1,021,376 tons-or more than double the Atlantic seaboard. The action is not only very the previous year's loss. Aggregate tonnage of all

kinds (including coal) increased 1,596,544 tons (as against 1,287,263 decrease in 1894), and from this it is evident that there was considerable expansion also in the other classes of freight. The total of traffic was not as large as in some previous years, but the figures given are interesting as showing the extent to which the road participated in the improvement in business that occurred. The gross earnings increased \$474,767 as compared with the year preceding, but \$364,403 was added to the expenses, leaving the gain in net \$110,364. The company is obliged to move freight at very low rates, and the average for 1895 shows a further decline, bringing the rate per ton per mile down to 5.61 mills, which is, we believe, the smallest average in the company's history. In face of these low rates the income account shows a surplus of \$151,857 on the operations of the twelve months above the amount required for the 7 per cent dividends.

The new Erie Railroad Company has issued its first statement of earnings, the return being for the month of December and showing \$284,367 gain in gross and \$104,390 gain in net. The results cover the whole system, including the Chicago & Erie. The Union Pacific system for the same month reports a gain of \$163,-295 in gross and of \$224,544 in net; and for the twelve months of the calendar year that road has an increase of \$1,861,802 in net on a decrease of \$821,327 in gross. For January the Baltimore & Ohio has \$130,510 increase in gross, \$20,373 increase in net; the Pittsburg Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis \$118,738 increase in gross, \$34,715 increase in net; the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis \$80,795 increase in gross, \$23,226 increase in net; and the Mobile & Ohio \$29,153 increase in gross, \$15,957 increase in net. The following furnishes a four-year comparison for a number of roads which have this week made returns.

		Decemb	er Earnings	
Name of Road-	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892.
Lake Erie & WesternGross Net	\$310,720 149,383	\$306,190 151,221	\$276,239 124,827	\$316,170 158,194
Obio RiverGross Net	80,704 34,451	55,347 20,357	50,134 13,714	71,996 34,658
		-Januar	ry Earnings	,
Name of Road-	1886.	1895,	1894.	1893.
Baltimore & Ohio,Gross	\$1,829,945 408,226	\$1,698,435 387,853	\$1,541,169 293,631	\$1,840,075 267,241
GeorgiaGross	154,284 64,065	108,499 38,454	120,232 43,416	133,439 27,148
Ga. Southern & FlaGross Net	86,146 46,854	70,736 15,386	90,712	74,816 17,497
Nash. Chat. & St. LouisGross Net	463,598 174,437	332,804	411,775 163,725	433,463 168,819
Pitts. Cin. Chic. & St. L Gross	1,22d,545 293,355	1,107,907 258,670	1,103,617	1,200,931

Money on call, representing bankers's balances, has loaned during the week at the Stock Exchange at 3 and at 4 per cent, with the bulk of the business at 31 per cent and the average at about that rate. Banks and trust companies quote 4 per cent as the minimum. On time considerable money has been loaned this week at 4 per cent for four months on the new 4 per cents, which have been put in at 108 to 110. The business has been largely for Boston and some for Philadelphia account. Time contracts on Stock Exchange collateral until yesterday were quoted at 5@51 per cent for thirty to sixty days and 51@6 per cent for ninety days to four months. In this case the transactions were small, the rates not being attractive to commission house borrowers, who preferred therefore to obtain their supply in the call loan branch of the market. Yesterday some money was offered at 4 per cent for sixty days and at 41 per cent for four to six months. The demand for commercial paper is fair, but it has not yet resulted in lower rates, and quotations remain at 6 per cent for sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable, 6 per cent for four months' commission house names, drawers.

6 per cent for prime and 7@8 per cent for good four to six months single names.

Aside from the advance in British consols, the financial features of the European situation have been few. The Sultan has sanctioned a loan of £3,000,000 from the Ottoman Bank and a French syndicate is said to have offered to China a loan of £4,000,000. The Bank of England minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 2 per cent. It has stood at that figure for two years, a reduction to this rate having been made in February 1894. The cable reports discounts of sixty to ninety day bank bills in London 1 per cent. The open market rate at Paris is 2 per cent, at Berlin it is 21 per cent and at Frankfort 24 per cent. According to our special cable from London the Bank of England gained £687,170 bullion during the week and held at the close of the week £48,797,575. Our correspondent further advises us that the gain was due to imports of £225,000 (of which £205,000 were from Holland, £5,000 from France, £5,000 from Australia and £10,000 miscellaneous), to receipts from the interior of Great Britain of £467,000, and to an export to the United States of £5,000.

The foreign exchange market has been dull, generally easy and otherwise without special feature during the week. The dulness is claimed to be in part due to the fact that importers, through their inability freely to obtain discounts of paper, are compelled to defer settlements of maturing obligations. There are very few commercial bills in the market, and those which are received are mostly on contracts. The arbitrage buying of stocks within the past few days is not reflected in drawings of bills, indicating that the buying is chiefly for a local turn, and the current demand for remittance by bankers is apparently easily satisfied. In the opinion of good judges much of the gold which has been obtained from Europe in connection with the bond subscriptions has been remitted for with bills, leaving but little more to be settled. But unless Europeans should buy liberally of our securities rates of exchange will doubtless advance when the money market entirely resumes its normal condition, so that importers can obtain funds for the settlement of their obligations. The market opened steady to firm on Monday and Lazard Freres advanced their rates half a cent. The Canadian Bank of Commerce on Saturday made a reduction of half a cent. during the day and was no special feature at the close rates for actual business were one quarter of a cent higher compared with the close on Friday, at 4 861 @ 4 864 for long, 4 871@ 4 88 for short and 4 88@4 884 for cable transfers. There was no change on Tuesday and the market was then quoted dull and steady. On Wednesday the tone was easier in the absence of demand and rates for actual business were one quarter of a cent lower at 4 861 @4 861 for long, 4 871 @4 874 for short and 4 874 @ 4 88 for cable transfers. The market was absolutery featureless on Thursday and Friday and no change was made either in nominal or in actual rates. Importations of gold during the week were \$1,420,000 from Europe and \$513,000 from Vera Cruz on Monday and \$135,000 from Europe on Thursday and \$1,064,600 yesterday. The premium on gold demanded by the bullion brokers fell to 5-16 @ 7-16 of 1 per cent on Wednesday, but it reacted to \$ @ 1 of 1 per cent on the following day. The following table shows the daily posted rates for exchange by leading

	FRL. Feb. 14	MON., Feb. 17.	TUES., Feb. 18,	WED., Feb. 19.	THUR., Feb. 20.	FR1., Feb. 21.
Brown Bros 60 days.	87 8834	H7 1836	97 8816	87 8314	97 8614	87 8814
Baring, Magoun & Co. Sight	9734 99	8716 89	9736 89	87% 83	8734	87%
Bank British 560 days. No. America. Sight	8736	8734 89	8716 89	8714	8736 89	873 6 89
Bank of 60 days. Montreal Sight	87% 89	8736	89	9736 89	8734 89	8736
Canadian Bank 60 days. of Commerce. Sight	88	8734 8814	8714 8334	87%	8736 8836	8716
Heidelbach, Ick- 60 days elheimer & Co. Sight	87 8834	87 8834	97 8814	87 88%	87 8834	87 88%
Lazard Freres 60 days.	87 8434	8734 89	8734	8714 69	8734 89	87% 89
Merchants' Bk. 160 days. of Canada Sight	6734 H9	871 6 89	8744	8714	8734 80	8734 80

The market closed easy on Friday at 4 87 @ 4 87½ for sixty day and 4 88½ @ 4 89 for sight. Rates for actual business were 4 86½ @ 4 86½ for long, 4 87½ @ 4 87½ for short and 4 87½ @ 4 88 for cable transfers. Prime commercial bills were 4 85½ @ 4 86 and documentary 4 85½ @ 4 85½. Mr. Worthington C. Ford, the Chief of the Bureau of S atistics this week issued the January statement of the country's foreign trade, and we give the figures below in our usual form.

PORSIGN TRADS MOVEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

In the following tables three ciphers (000) are in all cases omitted.

		1895-96		O) are in all	1894-95	
Merch'di	Exports.	Importa.	Hrcess.	Exporta,	Importa.	Brees
July-Sept	171,082	209,407	-35,345	17:3,189	167,647	+4,549
OctDec	366,933	200,006	+66, 867	24 4,484	17:4,723	+75,761
January	87,168	6 +,603	+93,503	81.23)	67,548	+13,682
Total	525,103	474,878	+50,427	501,903	407,918	93,985
July-Sept	37,959	2,855	+35,104	19,586	5,245	+14,341
OctDec	31.415	3,699	+27,718	11,313	3,917	+7,898
January	10,506	10,294	+272	25,930	1,231	+24,693
Total	79,940	16,849	+63,002	56,824	10,898	+46,480
July-Sept	14,768	3,099	+11,069	11,621	2,761	48,800
OctDec	15.169	3,275	+11,833	11,709	2,479	+9.230
January	4,909	1,000	+3,893	3,755	662	+3,093
Total	34,888 re.	7,983	+26.855	37,085	5,902	+21,183
July-Sept	8	475	-467	15	231	216
OctDec	37	552	-513	5	176	-171
January	8	178	-173	275	68	+207
Total	50	1,205	-1,135	295	475	-190
Silver in	Ore.					
July-Sept	64	3,050	-4.988	30	2,453	-2,422
OctDec	277	3,959	-3,682	3	2,129	-2,127
January	85	1,438	-1,353	****	975	-975
Total	428	8,447	-5,021	32	5,356	-5,524

We subjoin the totals for merchandise, gold and silver for the seven months for six years.

40 7	MERCHANDISE.				GOLD.			SILVER.		
Mos.	Raports.	Imports.	Excess of Exports	Ex- ports.	Im- ports.	Excess of Exports	Hx- ports.	Im- ports.	Excess of B2- ports	
95-96	525,103	474,676	50,427	79,990	18,058	61,937	35,264	18.430	15.884	
94-95	501,903	407,918	93,985	57.121	10,868	46,256	27.117	11.458	1.5 659	
93-94	573,567	367,318	206219	7.349	61,940	*34.591	31.651	13,615	1 N.084	
99-93	328,941	484.371	42.570	47,547	10,280	37,267	\$5,512	15,566	9.646	
91-92	651,264	458,395	1 92860	N,873	4.3,216	*33,844	40,372	1:2.965	7.407	
90-91	547,726	474.571	73.155	16,630	16,324	306	14,537	13,002	1.53	

In the last table gold and silver in ore for 1893-94, 1894-95 and 1895-96 are given under the heads respectively of gold and silver; for the other years both are inclued in the merchandise figures.

The following statement gives the week's movements of money to and from the interior by the N. Y. banks.

Week Ending Feb. 21, 1896.	Received by N. Y. & nks.	Shipped by N. Y. Banks.	Not Interior Movement.
Ourrency	\$5,931,000 943,000		Gain.\$2,610,000 Gain. 616,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$6,874,000	\$3,648,000	Gain.\$3,226,000

Result with Sub-Treasury operations and gold imports.

Week Buding Feb. 21, 1898.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Bet Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks' interior movement, as above	\$8,874,000	\$3,648,000	Gain. \$3,226,000
Sub-Treas. oper. & gold imports	53, 00,000	66,500,000	Loss.13,500,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$59,674,000	\$70,148,000	Loss.10,274,000

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

Bank of	Fil	ruary 20,	1996.	Februa y 21, 1895.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
	-		£	8		-
England	45,797.578		48,797,575	87,502,178		37,502,178
France	78,070,290	49,676,962	197,747,182	86,024,000	49,518,0 0	135,549,000
Germany	33,863,800	13,807,200	47,611.000	39,429,000	16,105.000	55 534,000
Aust,-Hung'y	24,796,000	13,712,000	37,568, 100	16,283,000	13,733,003	20,086,000
Spain	8,004,000	10,110,000	18,114,000	8,004,000	11,640,000	19,644,000
Netherlands.	3,050,000	6,849,000	9,899,000	4,425,000	6,939,000	11,354,000
Nat. Belgium.	2,641,338	1,330,657	3,962,000	3,484,000	1,732,000	5,196,000
Tot.this week						
Tot. prev. w'k	197,442,030	94,936,163	202,378,193	191.9 6.022	99,500,813	293,806,883

A PROPOSITION TO TAKE THE GOVERN-MENT OUT OF THE CURRENCY BUSINESS.

Mr. Charles N. Fowler, member of Congress from New Jersey, and a member of the Banking and Currency Committee of the House, introduced last Saturday a bill which, according to its title, is designed "to take the United States out of the banking business, refund the national debt, reform the currency, and to improve our banking system." We do not need to say that legislation which would secure those objects is, above all things in a financial way, desirable. We do not remember to have ever seen a bill which to our mind had so attractive a title. For very many years we have been struggling to attain just those ends. Of course we have read the bill. Who holding the views we do could fail to do that?

The first two sections provide for the appointment by the President, by and with the advice of the Senate, of four Ministers of Finance whose terms of office after the first appointments are to continue for a period of eight years with a compensation of ten thousand dollars a year. The terms of the first four ministers are to expire one each at the end of two, four, six and eight years, and two of said ministers are always to be chosen from each of the two leading parties. These officers, with the Comptroller of the Currency as chairman, are to constitute a Board of Finance and "have the supervision of all national banks in accordance with existing rules or others that may be hereafter established by them." The bill does not say that the duties, powers and supervision of this Board are to be co-extensive with the Comptroller's under existing laws, but we presume that is intended. Indeed the bill as introduced is not in this and other particulars as full as it would be if intended to form the basis of a report to the House; for we assume it was introduced in a somewhat informal shape more as a suggestion for the committee than as a law complete in all its details.

The object of the foregoing is evidently (1) to form a regulating body composed of men of high character and of good financial attainments to supervise currency arrangements; (2) to clothe this board with a continuing existence and power, so as to ensure experience, efficiency and permanence; (3) to have a committee, as it were, always in existence whose opinions and recommendations would be likely to have great weight with Congress; and (4) to take the whole matter of currency out of politics. We are not claiming that the arrangement suggested is the one best suited to carry out the ends specified. Discussion in committee and in Congress and out of Congress will help to determine that. All that it is necessary to say now is that the idea underlying this proposal is very attractive, and if in practice it could be carried out so as to secure some

important purpose. If the country could have such a supervisory board, composed of intelligent men engaged in commerce, and therefore in touch with our industries, and so get this subject away from politics and politicians, that alone would be a long step towards a satisfactory settlement of our financial embarrassment.

But the proposed bill by no means stops with the appointment of the said board. That is merely a preliminary step towards carrying out the other provisions it contains for making the reforms suggested progressive. These reforms are looked for under the act through its features which provide for a bank currency. This currency is of two sorts-(1) a permament kind and (2) an emergency device. The regulations with reference to the first are chiefly found in sections three, four and five. We shall not attempt to give every detail. It is only necessary to say that "any national bank" or any "other financial institution doing a similar business," or "any number of persons according to existing law," may organize upon the terms and conditions specified. These conditions are-(1) "if the corporation" shall deposit with the Government any United States bonds which at their market value shall exceed the capital of said corporation by five per centum, the Government shall issue in lieu of said bonds so deposited an amount of 2 per cent bonds equal to such market value, both principal and interest of said new bonds being payable in gold; (2) thereupon said new bonds shall be deposited with the Government, and circulation known as "United States Government bond notes" shall be issued thereon to said corporation "in an amount equal to i's paid up capital" (that would mean to an amount equal to 95 per cent of the face of the bond) in denominations of ten dollars or multiples thereof. These notes are to be full legal tender, except in payment of duties, "which shall be paid in gold coin," and are redeemable in gold coin when presented for payment at the bank of issue.

We should add that besides the foregoing it is provided, with reference to this class of notes, that any corporation, when it deposits United States bonds as described above, must also deposit United States legal tender notes or gold certificates of a sufficient amount to make its total gold holdings equal to eighteen per cent of its deposits; and must likewise deposit Treasury notes and silver certificates to an amount which, with the silver coin held by said corporation, shall amount to twelve per cent of its deposits; that for the notes and certificates so deposited the Government shall return to the corporation corresponding amounts of gold coin and silver coin. The result of it all will be that each institution will have at the start (1) on deposit with the Government 2 per cent bonds for an amount five per cent in excess of its capital; (2) will have in circulation legal tender currency equal to 95 per cent of the face of the bonds; and (3) will hold a reserve against its deposits of thirty per cent-sixty per cent of it in gold coin and forty per cent in silver coin; moreover (4) the old legal tender notes, gold certificates and Treasury notes and silver certificates which have been deposited as above described will have been at once canceled. This situation of the reserve however does not continue; for as soon as operations be gin the proposed law provides that in lieu of one half of such coin reserve, cash on deposit in reserve cities or "United States bond notes other than its own may be after they would no longer encumber the Treasury

such results as we have mentioned it would serve an held." These last words are unneedful and certainly introduce a method for changing the character of the reserve as made up at the start which is highly objectionable.

Although the currency provisions already described would not furnish a bank-note system responsive to trade requirements, and although the law is defective in granting the privilege for the formation of smaller banks than experience has proved to be wisea minimum capital of \$20,000 being authorized in any place outside of reserve cities-yet notwithstanding these and some other features, there are requirements in the bill as proposed which would prove to be of great benefit. For instance, quite a clever way is provided for gradually canceling the outstanding Government obligations. To be sure, under its action the early cancellations might be slow, but that is desirable. This movement would we assume for a time be slow, in that it would be limited to 30 per cent of the new circulation. On the other hand we are not permitted to doubt that the new notes would be more or less rapidly substituted for all the national currency now in use, since not being taxed they would prove much more profitable; and moreover as all State "financial institutions doing a similar business" are permitted to organize under the law, many of these would be likely soon to take advantage of the note privilege; finally, inasmuch as Section 12 directs that after January 1 1897 (we presume this very early date is a misprint) the Treasury shall not reissue legal tender notes and silver certificates, but that the notes and certificates paid in shall be canceled, those forms of currency would cease to exis: not long after the date the act fixed for the repeal of the power to reissue.

At the close of the section just cited is a provision for meeting these cancellations, except so far as they consist of the old legal tenders, without encroaching upon the Treasury revenue; it reads that "the United States may put out an amount of silver coin equal to the Treasury notes and silver certificates so destroyed." Of course as soon as the silver certificates were canceled the dollars would be free without this enactment. Hence the clause simply means that so much of the silver bullion now in the Treasury which was bought with the Treasury notes may be turned into silver dollars as may be required to redeem the Treasury notes which may be at that time still outstanding.

Another desirable feature of the proposed act is that the smallest denomination named for these "Government bond notes" is ten dollars. The issue of the other class of notes the act proposes, which we have called emergency notes, is prohibited below five dellars. The object of these restrictions no doubt is to make room after the retirement of the silver certificates for the circulation of silver dollars. We already have coined 4231 million of those dollars, and the provision referred to above, to coin enough of the Treasury bullion to fill the place of the Treasury no es which might be paid into the Treasury on and after the date fixed for the repeal of the reissue privilege by Section 12, (say two or three years hence), would call for the cr. stion of say from 50 to 100 millions more. Moreover, the law, se we have seen, provides that 40 per cent of the required bank reserve may be in silver coin. With that provision enforced and with a necessity existing for the use of the dollars as circulation in place of small notes, they would soon meet an active demand among the people all over the country, and thus find employment; therevaults or be harmful to our industries. One other provision contained in this measure which is ingenious and suggestive is the result of its action as a refunding scheme. We have said that the proposed law repeals the tax on circulation. This repeal would make it profitable to change the outstanding Government bonds into 2 per cents to take advantage of the note privilege. The outcome would be that the Government would lose the amount the tax yields but would save from 2 to 3 per cent on its funded debt.

We have already taken more space with this matter than we intended and cannot refer to the other features of the bill, the emergency note proposal and the system of "Clearing-House or reserve city districts." The emergency note provisions are not all of them clearly stated, and if we understand them would hardly be acceptable as they now stand to conservative classes. But it would not be fair to criticise them for they are evidently undeveloped.

A condition of any plan for the reform of the currency every one must expect is that it will fall short of one's ideal. We can never bring business affairs back on to a solid foundation in one attempt. The movement out of the morass in which our industries are sunk can only be by a series of efforts. We do not think for instance that a bank currency supported by bonds or one having legal-tender qualities can give full relief. But for the present at least many people of long experience seem to be determined not to let go of the bond security. Hence we say accept that condition if the effort making tends surely towards solid ground. It would be a great triumph to get the Government out of the currency business, to get the currency business out of politics, and to get a controlling board chosen from the ranks of commerce whose opinions Congress would be likely to respect. If we could see a way of accomplishing that, we would be willing if need be to wait for the rest.

CENTRAL OF NEW JERSEY AND THE

The Central of New Jersey income statement for the calendar year 1895 has been issued this week, and attracts attention by reason of the favorable contrast which it affords with the exhibits of the other anthracite companies. As is known, the year was a very bad one in the anthracite trade, and all these other companies have reflected that fact in their returns. To the Jersey Central, however, the period has apparently been a very prosperous one, and according to its income account, as now furnished, the company not only earned in full the dividends paid during the year, but had a surplus above the dividends on the operations of the twelve months in the sum of \$703,438. To show the improvement which has occurred as compared with the twelve months preceding, it is only necessary to say that in the calendar year 1894 the company had fallen \$642,702 short of earning the dividends paid.

In making this comparison of course it is important to remember that dividends out of the 1895 earnings have amounted to only 5 per cent (the rate having been reduced to that figure), while in 1894 the aggregate was 7 per cent. But even if 7 per cent had been paid in 1895 as in 1894, there would have been a surplus for 1895, on the basis of the published figures of \$253,497, this comparing with the \$642,702 deficit in 1894. In other words, the company earned apparently over 8 per cent for the stock in 1895, against only about 4 per

cent in 1894, a great and decided change. This result. all things considered, appears quite noteworthy. The Lackawanna's report for the calendar year issued a few weeks ago showed that that company, though having paid the regular 7 per cent, had earned only 5.17 per cent in 1895 and 6.24 per cent in 1894-a deficiency in both years, it will be observed, but the latest year being the poorest. The Delaware & Hudson in 1895 we know also failed to earn the 7 per cent paid; while the reports of both the Reading and the Lebigh Valley when analyzed likewise reveal clearly the presence of decidedly adverse conditions. The question is therefore being asked whether the Jersey Central has been exempt from the influences which have affected the other anthracite companies, and if not, what accounts for the fact that it has been able to make larger profits for its shareholders than properties like the Delaware & Hudson and the Lackawanna with such a long dividend record behind them.

It is in the highest degree desirable that this apparent anomaly shall be cleared up, especially in view of the attempts being made in the New York and New Jersey legislatures to have it appear that the agreement lately entered into between the authracite producers for the better regulation of the trade constitutes a "trust' or monopoly, and is designed to extort from consumers exorbitant prices for anthracite. It hardly needs to be said that the Central of New Jersey is an exceedingly well-managed property, and that the parties now in control of it have completely transformed it since they took hold of it. But that hardly furnishes an answer to the question asked, for the Lackawanna and the Delaware & Hudson are also well-managed properties, and have been from the very beginning.

The company has during the last two years followed the practice of the Luckawanna, and now issues only a brief annual report in circular form. The report consists mainly of an outline of the income account for the year and a detailed balance sheet. It also states that gross earnings increased \$908,082 as compared with the twelve months preceding; but there are no details to show the sources from which this increase was derived-whether from the general merchandise traffic, or the passenger traffic, or the coal traffic, or all combined. Of course the experience of the other companies makes it evident that the increase could not have come from the coal business. Doubtless it was derived largely from the general merchandise traffic, and indeed we have it on the authority of one of the company's officials that half a million tons more merchandise freight was carried in 1895 than in 1894. The fact of an increase in the gross receipts, however, is not itself particularly remarkable. All the other companies also show considerable additions to their gross receipts. What is remarkable is that the Jersey Central was able, along with this gain in revenues, to reduce its operating expenses \$143,252, thus producing a gain in net earnings in the sum of over a million dollars. In the absence of the details of the disbursements, we may take it for granted that this reduction in the aggregate of the expenses reflects economies in operation effected without detriment to the property, for in the very brief remarks made by President Maxwell, he takes occasion to say that "the operating expenses, as heretofore, cover all expenditures for repairs, charges for reduction in value of equipment and other property, and include expenditures for renewals of bridges, buildings and wharves, substitution of heavier rails and other construction.

Furthermore, it appears that the charges to capital account during the year amounted to only \$272,594.

But the reason for the Jersey Central's prosperity at a time when the other anthracite companies have done so poorly is to be sought in other directions. To any one familiar with the affairs of these companies it will be evident on a moment's reflection that there are particulars where the Jersey Central differs decidedly from any of them. The results in the other cases embrace both mining and carrying operations. Those for the Jersey Central embrace the carrying operations alone. In the transportation of coal, though tolls were lower in 1895, there was still a profit. On the other hand, in the mining operations there was distinctly a loss. In the Central of New Jersey case the method of control of the mines furnishing the anthracite tonnage and the method of stating the accounts are such that the results of the mining operations do not appear in the company's income accounts. When, as happened in the late year, coal brings less at the mines than the cost of mining it, and when, therefore, there is a loss to be charged up, the fact that the carrying company is not responsible for, or does not assume, this loss on the mining operations, counts as a great advantage to it, as against companies like the Lackawanna, the Delaware & Hudson, &c., where the mining operations are combined with the carrying operations, and a loss on the former to that extent operates to make the final result less favorable.

It is not difficult to show that the coal companies affiliated with the Jersey Central have suffered as severely as those controlled by the other anthracite carriers. The Jersey Central's anthracite tonnage comes chiefly from the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company and the Lehigh & Wikesbarre Coal Company. The Lehigh Coal & Navigation is an entirely independent concern, for which the Jersey Central bears no responsibility. The Central leases from it the Lehigh & Susquehanna and the other railroads owned or controlled by it, paying therefor a rental equal to one-third of the gross receipts of the lines leased. This rental, together with the results of the coal mining and coal selling operations, goes to make up the income of the Coal & Navigation Company. A study of said income for the last three years is significant of the declining condition of the anthracite trade during the period covered. Here are the figures.

INCOME STATEMENT LEHIGH COAL & NAVIGATION.

Interest, rentals, taxes, etc. Balance. Dividends ...Loss 11,763 1,692,878 1,253,948 438,930 573,893 (4.5) def ...Profit 273,098 1,838,732 1,202,825 635,907 645,599 (4\(\frac{1}{2}\)5 0 def ...Profit 489,847 2,401,606 1,230,631 1,171,035 830,799 (6.5) sur def.134,931 sur.310,23d

Thus we see that during the last two years there has been a great change in the character of this company's income exhibit. In 1893 the coal-mining operations netted a profit of nearly half a million dollars-\$489,847; in 1894 the profit was only \$273,-098; in 1895 instead of a profit there actually was a small loss-\$11,763. If we take the aggregate of profits of all kinds (including the coal-mining operations) the decline is yet more striking, the amount having dropped from \$2,401,666 in 1893 to \$1,838,732 in 1894 and to \$1,692,878 in 1895. As a result of this decline the sum available for dividends in 1895 was only \$438,930, as against \$1,171,035 in 1893. The company reduced its dividends from 6 per cent per annum to 4 per cent, but even after this reduction profits in 1895 f-ll \$134,936 short of the requirement for the dividend, as against do not embrace the mining operations. It is proper to

a surplus in 1893 (above the amount required for the larger dividend) of \$310,236. In this latter year we may say the company was able to pay the sinking fund contribution of 10 cents a ton on the amount of coal mined (calling for \$108,450) and also \$110,268 for depreciation on improvements—was able to pay both amounts out of the year's earnings; in 1894 and 1895 this sinking fund contribution had to be charged to profit and loss.

Hence in this case, as in the others, the adverse conditions ruling in the anthracite trade have had a telling effect on the year's outcome, the only difference being that as the Lehigh Coal & Navigation is an independent concern the loss has fallen on that company instead of on the Central of New Jersey, and the stockholders of the Navigation Company have not only had to submit to a reduction of dividends, but find the income account showing a deficiency notwithstanding this reduction.

The other coal company affiliated with the Central of New Jersey is the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre. Here unfortunately we have nothing to indicate what the results have been, as this company has issued no reports for either 1894 or 1895. The company is a purely mining concern, and we can only surmise that the results were very poor. We have already seen that the Lihigh Coal & Navigation Company on its coal-mining operations netted a loss in 1895. The Lihigh Valley Coal Company did even worse, for in its report for the year ending November 30 1895 it showed a loss of 13.48 cents on every ton of coal mined or purchased from individual operators. The Pailadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company for the same year also showed a loss on its mining operations—in amount close to seven hundred thousand dollars. When we say loss on the mining operations we do not of course include any allowance for bond interest or other fixed charges. There is no reason to think that the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre did any better than any of these companies, and as the interest on the bonds coming ahead of those held by the Central of New Jersey amounts alone to about \$600,000 a year, it is evident that the company must have fallen considerably short of earning its fixed charges. We presume that whatever deficiency there was, was met by advances from the Central of New Jersey, since that companys own \$6,600,000 of the \$9,212,500 stock of the Wilkesbarre Company. We notice that in the Jersey Central balance sheet for Docember 31 1895 the item of "accounts due from agents, companies and individuals" is reported at \$3,265,089, against only \$1,985,093 on December 31 1894. This is an increase of over 14 million dollars, and it would be no surprise if a portion of the increase represented advances to the Wilkesbarre Company, though of course we are without official knowledge on that point. The fact that the greater part of the stock is owned by the Jersey Central would seem to place that property in a different category from the Louigh Coal & Navigation, and to many it will appear that, holding responsibility as stockholder, the yearly deficit should be charged up in the Jersey Central income accounts. The Central managers, however, evidently consider that the advances will be repaid, and hence are willing to carry them as a tangible asset.

We cite these various facts simply to show why the Jersey Central has made a better income exhibit than the other companies. The reason is that the Central accounts represent simply the carrying operations, and add that the surplus of \$703,438 (above the 5 per cent dividends paid) which the Jersey Central statement reports for the twelve months should really be diminished by the amount of \$428,120, that being the interest on the \$6,116,000 of Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Company 7 per cent consolidated mortgage bonds held by the Jersey Central. This interest has not been paid and appears in the income account as a credit item to be paid some time in the future. The same was true, too, in the previous fiscal year, the coupons having been cashed in neither year. With this amount deducted the surplus would be \$275,317 instead of \$703,438, and the amount earned for the stock would be only 6 per cent, instead of 8 per cent as by the company's statement.

We need hardly say that even 6 per cent is a good return for an anthracite carrier in a year like the last. Of course if the deficiency on the mining operations of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre should also be deducted, then the result would be further diminished by the amount of such deficit. The company during the year issued \$1,644,000 of its general mortgage bonds of 1987. and the premium received from the sale of these bonds was, as usual, included in the item of income from investments. With part of the proceeds of this sale the \$800,000 of temporary loans which appeared in the balance sheet in the previous year were paid off, and the company now has no floating debt aside from the ordinary current liabilities, which amounted December 31 1895 to \$3,916,867, and against which the company reports at the same date \$8,724,330 of current assets, not including materials and supplies.

PEACE TENDENCIES AND INDICATIONS.

For some weeks past the situation in the old world, particularly in the European part, was such as to fill the minds of all hopeful and peace-loving people with fear. War seemed to threaten everywhere; and we were not permitted to doubt that if begun it would be war on a large scale, and that the results would be disastrous beyond anything within the memory of living men. Happily those war clouds have to a large extent vanished; and such of them as have remained have become much less ominous. It was our privilege last week particularly to refer to some of those more hopeful and encouraging signs.

It is agreeable to see that these encouraging indications continue. To say that the outlook is absolutely of a peaceful character would not be in strict accordance with truth. There are dark specks here and there, not invisible even to the ordinary observer. These, however, are not of an alarming kind; and there are many things which encourage the prospect of a term of quietness in the much troubled region of

foreign politics.

For a time it seemed as if we ourselves should be involved in the general melée, spite of our freedom from contact with old world affairs, and of our steady determination to hold ourselves aloof from everything fitted to involve us in entangling alliances with old world powers. This special difficulty, it is a source of pleasure to know, is in a fair way of being removed and relegated to its place as a somewhat interesting historical episode. A week ago it seemed as if the Transvaal question, which has a much more serious bearing on the general peace than some people imagine, had assumed a new and somewhat serious aspect. This too has been of over, and there is the pros-

pect of President Krüger visiting London, when there can be little doubt, as the result of interchange of ideas, some satisfactory and permanent arrangement will be arrived at looking to the future of Cape Colony and the South African Republic. Public sentiment has been aroused in favor of the Boers, and Britist statesmen are too wise to encourage or allow any further fillibustering attempts in their direction. Peace, it is reasonable to conclude, has been secured in the Balkan region for the present by what would appear to be the reconciliation of the Bulgarian Prince with both the Sultan and the Czar. All these are indicative of peaceful tendencies in addition to those which have been noted and commented on in previous articles.

There is but one drawback to this pleasing picture: and yet perhaps, if rightly understood, it may not be so much of a drawback as it seems. has been at the bottom of all this later trouble, persistently pursues her policy of aggression, makes her points, and wins at almost every move. She has got, not altogether, but very much of her own will in the matter of Armenia; and now we have reports to the effect that she is preparing to stretch her hands more to the north-east and more to the Russia's great naval centre hitherto, south-west. and absolutely since the close of the Crimean War, has been Cronstadt. Cronstadt has been a good enough harbor of refuge and useful for the protection of St. Petersburg; but for purposes further south, and especially for the Far East, it has been practically of no value. During the Crimesa War the British had no difficulty in locking up the Russian navy in that northern stronghold. According to one of our very latest reports from S. Petersburg there are many signs that the Government of the Czer is preparing to transfer the chief naval centre to the Black Sea. According to another report the same authorities intend to establish a protectorate over Korea, obtaining by way of compensation an iceless harbor to the southwest of the peninsula.

If they do take place, these will be two radical movements. To the first report we are not disposed to give much credence. There are barriers in the way of any such sweeping change—barriers of no ordinary kind. By the treaty of Paris of 1855, Russia is forbidden to rebuild or in any way to restore Subastopol, or even to construct any naval strongholds in the Euxine. The treaty was signed by all the Great Powers; but France and England being the principals on the one side of the struggle are mainly responsible for seeing that the conditions of the treaty are fulfilled. It is quite true that in some of its minor details this treaty has since been modified and that with some of its causes Russia has taken unwarrantable liberty.

We know how France feels lately and where her sympathies lie. It is very doubtful if in defense of the treaty of Paris she would fight against Russia. England could not afford to fight alone; and it is doubtful what she would do, even with Austria and Germany at her back, if such assistance could be counted upon. There can be no doubt, however, that the transfer would be in the line of Russian ambition. Concessions in the East, no matter how large and how important, would be worthless if her naval centre were no nearer than Cronstadt. Concessions on the Pacific Coast for the harboring of merchant vessels or ships of war necessitate some changes in the Black Sea. We have said already that we do not place much

it; but if there is anything in it-if it is not mere idle rumor, the effervescence of Muscovite enthusiasmthere is a strong presumption that when the facts are fally known the rumored changes will wear a very different aspect.

As for the other report, it too, in our judgment, must be taken cum grano salis. We know what both Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour have said in regard to concessions to Russia. Mr. Balfour was open-mouthed spoke without any effort to qualify his language or to make it difficult of comprehension-when he said that an outlet for Russia to the Pacific, especially for commercial purposes, was not only desirable in itself for certain reasons but desirable in the interests of the commercial world generally. We discover, therefore, nothing worthy of surprise in the statement that Russia proposes to possess herself of a suitable harbor of refuge both for her ships of war and for her com mercial navy. There can be no denying that the Gulf of Pechilli or the waters of Liao-Tung are more desirable than the open Pacific; and Russia is not to be blamed if she selects a suitable place on the inside or western coast of Korea for her harbor of refuge. Eng. land, we may take it for granted, will not be slow to find a place equally desirable and in every way suitable; and there will be the less difficulty in making the selection that Russia in deciding upon her port will be acting with the entire consent of the British Government. Willing as we are to believe that Russia is preparing to take possession of some such place as Mok-Po as a harbor-a place, it is said, capable of affording anchorage for thirty warships, we by no means accept as true the statement that she has agreed to establish a protectorate over Korea.

As stated at the outset we accept those two reports from St. Petersbarg with very considerable qualifications. If Russia and England are acting with a good understanding of each others' movements, and there is a reasonable presumption that they are, there is not much in the present general situation to complain of. If there is room for distrust, there is larger space for confidence that the tendencies and indications have in them nothing of a belligerent character.

CHICAGO & ALTON AND GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF RAILROADS.

The Chicago & Alton annual report has been issued this week and shows results about as expected. There is improvement over the year preceding, which had been the worst for a decade or more, but aside from that there is nothing striking or noteworthy in the exhibits.

The distinguishing characteristics of the Alton are of course well known. We have frequently directed attention to them in reviewing the annual reports from Of other roads it is frequently said year to year. that their stock has been more or less watered. the Alton case no fact is better established than that the stock has never been watered, and the capitalization to day stands at less than the actual cost of the property and much less than what it would cost to duplicate it. Another unique feature in the affairs of the Alion is that for the last sixteen or seventeen years the system has remained practically unchanged, no new mileage or extensions of importance having been made during this period. In contradistinction nearly all other

credence in this report. There may be something in larged and expanded their mileage, this of course involving a corresponding increase in the amount of bonds and stock on which a return has to be earned. Still another exceptional feature with the Alton, and which no doubt flows from the other two, is that through all the ups and downs in the trade conditions of the country, through all the crop changes, and through all the competition and warfare between the different roads, and the gradual dwindling in the rate of remuneration paid by the public for transportation services, the Alton has continued its old rate of dividend-a rate, too, which at the present time must be considered quite high, namely 8 per cent per annum on both common and preferred stocks.

In these circumstances it would be easy and not inexcusable for the Alton people to vaunt themselves upon their superior management and to ascribe the lack of prosperity on other roads to some faults in the administration of the properties. But President Blackstone takes broad views, and he sees that the failures which have marked the railroad history of the United States during the last twenty or twenty five years have been not so much the result of individual errors or bad management as they have been the natural and inevitable effect of the policy pursued by Government in the treatment and regulation of the roads. Mr. Blackstone has in previous reports made very vigorous remarks upon this point, and he returns to the subject in the present report. As these remarks. are not only interesting on their own account but are. useful in throwing light upon the events of the last twenty-five years, we have transferred them to our columns, and they will be found on pages 366 to 368 of this issue. Coming from the President of a road which has been particularly fortunate amid all the vicissitudes attending railroad affairs, his comments upon the situation possess especial weight.

As regards the Alton's own course, Mr. Blackstone notes that in the matter of railway construction and control the attitude of the people had been so clearly manifested seventeen years ago that the Alton managers decided that unless it should thereafter appear that the public attitude had changed, it would be unsafe for the company to make further extensions of its railway, and that its policy should be that which it has since pursued in fortifying its position with reference to the conditions it has been called upon to meet. Mr. Blackstone contends that a charter granted a railroad is a contract entered into between the railroad and the State, and that the State is violating this contract obligation when it assumes to fix rates regardless of the fact whether such rates may be compensatory to the railroad or not, and also in allowing the construction of unnecessary new mileage to its detriment. He points out that by reason of the course the people have pursued, there are four or five times as many competing railroads as are needed, and only about one-fourth, consisting of those most advantageously located, and such as have superior facilities, have for the last twenty-five years been able to earn divi-"The remaining three fourths of the raildends. roads for the greater part of that period have earned less than their fixed charges; and although hundreds of them have been sold in bankruptcy, reorganized and repaired, very few, if any, of them have thereafter earned any return whatever for those who have contributed the cost thereof. Such contributions, aggregating many millions of dollars have been made with large systems have, in the same interval, greatly en- the hope that with an increased development

of the country, and the consequent increase of traffic, the people would permit increased net earnings by which at least a part of the cost of the roads might be saved; but although the expected develop ment of the country and the increased amount of traffic have been realized, the States have continued to contract for rail ways to subdivide the traffi; and railway commissioners have continued to reduce railway rates to such an extent that in many parts of the country the net earnings per mile of railway are less than such earnings were twenty-five years ago. It therefore appears in nearly all cases that the money contributed in the hope of saving such properties has been in effect contributed to enable the people to continue to enforce railway service at less than its actual cost."

This is an accurate statement of what has been going on during the last quarter of a century. Mr. Blackstone contrasts this situation with that prevailing in European countries. To fortify his argument he presents an interesting tabulation showing the mileage in the leading countries and the number of inhabitants per mile of road, which serves to bring out very strikingly the well known fact that in those countries there is a very much larger population per mile of road than in the United States. Yet Mr. Blackstone finds that in Europe the fact is generally recognized that the right of a Government to reduce railway rates involves the duty to protect railway com. panies from loss by reason of such reduction. Mr. Blackstone also dwells upon the burdensomeness of

the taxes imposed upon the railroads.

Mr. Blackstone is inclined to think that the policy of the States pursued in these various particulars furnishes an explanation of the prevalence of the ratecutting evil, or at least he is led to remark that "if the time shall come when every railroad company in this country shall have reason to feel that it is justly treated and that it is possible for it, by lawful service, to ward off impending bankruptcy, the temptation to unjustly discriminate by secret rates and other unlawful practices will be mainly removed, and we may expect a rivalry among railroads prompted by their own interest in which each will strive to outdo the other in safely and promptly transporting persons and property, and in the excellence of their accomm >dations and service. But for such rivalry a just and reasonable support is an indispensable prerequisite." In conclusion he thinks that it is particularly desirable that the lessons of the last twenty-five years should be heeded, for unless popular sentiment in the country shall so change as to practically recognize the principle -as it is recognized in other countries-that railway control by the State in the interest of the people involves the duty of the State to protect the just rights of those at whose expense railways are constructed and operated, he fairs that there may be a repetition of the unfortunate history of the past twenty-five years.

NASHVILLE CHATTANOOGA & St. LOUIS -CORRECTION OF MILEAGE.-In our article on Railroad Eurnings last week, in reporting the mileage of the Nashville Chattanoga & S . Louis we gave the total for January 1896 at 1,157 miles, against 902 miles in 1895. The increase was on the supposition that the results for the Paducah Tennessee & Alabama and the Tennessee Midland, which two roads passed under the control of the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis by lease on the 1st of January, 1896, were now included in the monthly totals of earnings. That view, too, appeared to be borne out by the very large gain in earnings which the report for the

month showed-\$30,794-or over 20 per cent. A tel-gram received this week, however, from President J. W. Thomas, informs us that the Paducah Tennessee & Alabama and the Tennessee Midland are operated separately and distinct from the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis, that their earnings are not embraced in those of the latter, and that the basis of mileage therefore is the same for both years-903 miles It follows that the gain in earnings was made without any addition to mileage.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER AT SAN FRANCISCO.

The Collector of Customs at San Francisco has furnished us this week the details of imports and exports of gold and silver through that port for the month of January, and they ar presented below, together with the figures for the prece ling months, thus completing the results for the seven months of the fiscal year 1895-96. The imports of gold were less than in any month since July, the amount received reaching \$83,033, of which \$13,821 was in coin; and of silver there came in \$135,470, of which \$183,129 was bullion. There has been received during the seven months a total of \$634 7 % gold and \$1.136,692 silver, which compares with \$996,819 gold and \$1,221,3000 silver in 1894-95. The shipments of gold during January reached \$29,512 coin and \$100 bullion, and the exports of silver have been \$190,043 coin and \$417,700 bullion. For the seven month; the exports of gold have been \$499,768 against \$613,789 in 1894 95 and \$7,746,494 silver has been sent out, against \$8,121,866 in 1894-95. The exhibit for January and the seven months is a follows:

IMPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER AT SAN FRANCISCO

MONTUS.		GOLD.		BILVER,		
BONTHS,	Coin.	Bullion	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
1895-96.	*		8		*	
July	9,330	90,240	51,730 91,485	7,135 10,704	123,955 76,171	136,090 86,579
Septemb'r.	8,318	88.818	97.1 46	227,877	119,501	847,378
October	15,212	92,464	103,073	75,440	123,699	194,139
November	1,180	111,157	112,337	8,713	84,213	91,928
December.	8,448	83,549	91,997	69,6 1	67,187	136,808
January	13,821	69,212	83,033	2,341	133,129	135,470
Total 7mos	58.554	578.212	634.796	401.937	734.835	1.136.692

EXPORTS OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

MONTHS.		GOLD.		SILVER.			
MONTHS.	Coin.	Butt'n	Totas.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	
1895-96. July	79,321	1,160	80,491	233,875	560,000	\$ 798,878	
August Septemb'r. October	62,944 61,748 112,316	70	62,869 62,203 112,386	248,349 1,209,400 833,309	325,000 813,350 520,800	573,349 2,022,750 1,354,109	
November December. January	56,497 94,413 29,512	3,100	59,797 92,415 29,612	756,495 438,525 190,043	735,548 423,1 0 447,700	1,495,043 864,625 637,743	
Total 7mos	494,858	4,915	499,768	3,914,996	3,831,498	7,746,494	

Monetarn Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, SATURDAY, Feb. 8, 1896

Political uneasiness is gradually subsiding and the hope is growing stronger that all pending questions will be amicably settled. Mr. Cecil Rhodes arrived in Englant this week, and on Thursday had an interview with the Secretary of State for the Colonies; but up to the present he has refused to make any public statement. The trial of the Transvaal political prisoners has begun, and President Kruger has published a deaft of a proposed municipality for Johannesburg. The draft, however, is not favorably receiv d here. Next week Parliament will meet, and it is expected that the British case regarding Venezuela will at once be made public, and that likewise at the earliest opportunity a statement will be mide as to the intentions of the Government respecting an inquiry into the occurrences in South Africa.

On the Continent the event that has most occapied attention is the decision of P. inc. Fardinand of Bulgaria to have his infant son christened in the Greek Octaolox faith. It is reported that the Czur has agreed to stand sponsor, and the Bulgarian Prima Minister has visited Constantiapple for the purpose, it is believed of negotiating with the Saltan for the recognition of Prince Feedinand as lawful rater of the Principality. Tae brilliant success of the United States loan is welcomed here, though it is feared that the freesary will not be sufficiently strongthened to meet all its obligations until the new Administration comes into office.

The rates of interest and discount are stightly higher, because the collection of the revenue is now going on at a very rapid rate. Large sums will be transferred from the open market to the Bank of England for the next four or five weeks and therefore it is not improbable that rates may advance somewhat further. Oa the other hand the naval and military preparations of the Government are on an excentional scale and it is not unlikely, in consequence, that the payments out of the Exchequer may be on a larger scale and At all events, the hardening of the earlier than usual. market is entirely temporary. Gold continues to come in from abroad in great amounts and the supply of loanable capital is enormously large.

The silver market is very quiet and is likely to continue so. But the India Council, is selling its drafts very well. offered as usual on Wednesday, 50 lakks and sold the whole amount at somewhat over 1s. 2d. per rupes, the applications being for nearly ten times the amount offered.

Trade is steadily improving, as is evident from the railway traffic returns and the market reports and circulars, and there is a very confident feeling that the improvement will be much more rapid in the early future if the political horizon clears. The railway dividends continue to be better even than had been expected. The three greatest of the compunies announced their dividends this week. The London & North-Western distributes 71/2 per cent against 63/4 twelve months ago, the Great West rn pays 7 per cent against 6 per cent, and the Midland 614 against 534 per cent. There has been a marked advance in the stocks of the three companies; but the British railway market for the last day or two, taken as a whole, is not quite so strong as it was, partly because dur ing the past month or so there has been a great rise and partly because the fortnightly settlement begins on Monday. There has been a further advance in consols (which are now over 108) and in other first-class securities, and there is a fair investment in industrial securities and in Argentine and Chilian stocks.

The great success of the new Government loan in the United States and the confident feeling in New York have led to some speculation in the American market on the part of professional operators; and generally the feeling of the Sock Exchange is more favorable than it has been for many r onths past. But the general public is still holding aloof. No doubt if the Venezuelan question is settled quickly and if if e rise is maintained in New York, the general public will fter a while come in. But the trials through which we hav assed for some months have made investors very cautious. As a rule they are confining their purchases to the securities of countries which are either within the British Empire or dependent upon it in some way or other.

More business has been done this week in the South African market, and once more Continental operators are buying upon a considerable scale. There has been no sensational rise, but quotations in almost every instance are decidedly higher than they were last week. Assuming that nothing untoward occurs and that President Kruger follows a policy as moderate as he has hitherto adopted, there is no doubt that business will increase in that department very considerably. The investor proper has not sold his shares. The fall that has take place since the beginning of Ostober has been caused almost entirely by the break-down of the wild specalation of last summer and by the operations of capitalists who were more or less connected with the national union movement. The investor proper, both here and upon the Continent, has shown his faith in the gold industry by clinging to his s'ocks.

ing to his stocks.

Business likewise in the Western Australian market is better and prices are somewhat higher. There is scarcely anything doing in International securities. The impression is very general that the reported consent of the Czar to stand sponsor for Prince Boris means the renewal of Russian influence in Bulgaria, and consequently the maintenance of peace in Southeastern Europe. Russia is not prepared for a great war, and the general feeling is that if Russia controls Bulgaria she will prevent the threatened outprink in Macadonia in the spring. Still the fear that there may be an outbreak is deterring operators in the International department. The imports in January have been as follows:

me import	s in January	nave been as	ionows:	
IMPORTS.	1896. 8 38,473,856	1895. £ 36,743,481	Difference. & +1.730,375	Per (1.
		have been as	follows:	

Difference. 21,127,168 +2,902,932 18,224,236

The re-exports of foreign and colonial produce in January show the following contrast:

1895. 1896. Difference, RE-EXPORTS. 4,825,707 3,887,258 +938,149 Per Ct. +24'14 The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &c., ompared with the last three years:

	1806 Feb. 5.	1998 Feb. 6.	Feb. 7.	1903. Feb. 8.
Circulation	25,449,925	25,119,895	24,464,810	25,041,000
Public deposits	11,795,393	6,659,007	7,279,773	6, 53,069
Other deposits	51,013,281	33,914,778	27.334,178	29,053,006
dovernment securities	14,469,328	12,178,189	9,030,458	11,227,252
Other securities	26,551,772	17,560,953	23,418,-51	21, 60,649
iteserve of notes and coin	89,946,764	29,481,915	20,433,629	17,914,978
Coin & builton, both departm'ts	48,525,089	36,8 11,800	28,447,469	20,508,978
Prop. reserve to liabilities p. c.	6336	701/4	58 11-16	80
Bank rateper cent,	2	2	214	216
Consols, 2% per cent	108 4d.	104 7 16d.	90 1-16d.	FRIGA.
dilver	80 13-164,	27 7-18d.*	29%1.	38%44.
Clearing-House returns	178,079,000	180,654,000	125,845,000	119,984,000
* Vohruory 7.				11 12

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the Thied Kingdom during the first twenty two weeks of the season, compared with previous seasons:

I	MPORTS.		124 2 4
1895-96.	1894-93.	1893-94	1892-93.
mports of wheat.cwt.28,837,160		26,363,544	28,625,377
Barley 12,303,130		15,142,414	
Oats 6,183,040		5,914,746	6.076,364
Peas 1, 173,240		1,250,790	1,135.739
Seans 1.759,700		2,23:,482	1,921,848
(udian corn 18,571,030		12,756,313	13,073,913
flour 9,005,930	8,657,690	8,336,798	9,681,204
Supplies available for cons	sumption (e	xclusive of	stocks on
September 1):	-		V 1
1895-96.	1894-95.	1893-91	1892-93.
Wheat imported.owt.29,857,160	23,615,366	26.363,544	28,625,377
Imports of flour 9.0 5,850	8,657,693	8,336,799	9,691,204
sales of home-grown. 6,752,381	9,497,316	10,932,242	11,993,775
Total	46,770,872	45.6 2.594	50,300,356
1895-96,	1894-95.	1893-94.	1892-93.
Aver, price wheat week. 26s 31.	201. 91.	26s. 14.	
Average price, season, 24s, 10d.	19a. 91.	26a. 9d.	26s. 4d 27s. 7d

English Pinancial Markets-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London re reported by cable as follows for the week ending Feb. 21:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	PH.
Silver, per ozd.	307a	30%	507g	3018	31	31
Consols, new, 24 p. ets.	1081316	10-1516	109	1095a	109:516	1091118
For account	10878	10815 #	109116	1095	110	1093
Fr'ch centes (in Paris)fr.	102.95	102.40	02724	02 90	102.90	1.2.85
Atch. Top. & S. Fe		163a	1718	1670	1719	174
lanadian Pacific		584	595g	59	5938	5934
Chesapeake & Ohio	18	18	18	14	18	1818
Chie. Milw. & St. Paul	7 430	78	795	795g	8019	804
Illinois Central	984	98	98	974	99	98
Lake Shore	149	1494	14919	149	14910	150
Louisville & Nashville	5139	51	524	5219	.53%	5438
Mexican Central 4s	72	7134	74	72	724	7249
fo Kan. & Tex. com	1318	134	1314	13%	133	134
M. Y. Central & Hudson	100%	100 4	1001g	1004	100	101
S. Y. Lake Erie & West.	16%	1658	1718	17	1748	1738
2d consols.	7519	75 4	73 4	73 4	7519	7500
N. Y. Ont. & Western	1578	1558	1558	15%	15%	1634
Norfolk & West'n, pref.	734	708	73	8 -	818	914
Northern Pacific, pref	1538	154	15%	15%	16	16%
Pennsylvania	543	54%	5478	55	5518	55
Phil. & Read., per share	634	658	7	6%	7	7
Southern Ry., com	1038	10%	104	104	10%	10%
do pref'd	324	3249	3249	32	32%	334
Union Parific	678	63	7 .	7	7 78	814
Wabash, pref	19	19	1918	194	19	194

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK, -The following are the imports at New York for the week ending for dry goods February 13 and for the week ending for general mercha February 14; also totals since the beginning of the first v

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.					
For Week.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise.	\$2,822,302 7,861,082	\$2,345,705 4,990,474	\$2,074,652 4,218,371	\$3,356,088' 4,405,980	
Total	\$10,683,384	\$7,336,179	\$6,293,023	\$7,762,068	
Dry Goods Jen'l mer'dise.	\$22,531,375 55,963,290	\$11,706,953 83,544,774	\$20,416,130 36,514,583	\$19.523,168 40,743,096	
fotal 6 weeks	\$78,491,685	\$45.251,627	\$ 56,931,013	\$60,266264	

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to forsign ports for the week ending February 18 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS	FROM	NEW	TORK	FOR	THE	WEEK.

in the	1893.	1894.	1895	1896.
For the week Prev. reported.	\$4,772,244 35,138,786			\$4,433,817 41,883,365
Cotal 6 weeks	\$39,911,030	#42,821,904	841,343,967	\$46,322,182

Per Ol. the following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending February 15 and

duce January 1, 1898, and for the corresponding periods in 1896 and 1894:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT MEW YORK

1	Exports.		Img	Imports.	
eoia.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	
Great Britain. France. Gormany west Indies. Mexico. Bouth America. All other countries.	10,000 509,000	\$9,650,816 821,250 2,870 57,699 1,341,600	139,095	1,459,080 152,265 2,059,354 20,554 204,089	
Total 1896 Total 1895 Total 1894	\$518,000 63,206 1,333,900	\$11,872,735 24,674,963 3,728,263	217.589	7-8,457	
Ailman	Rape	orta.	Imp	orts.	

Ailver	Вар	orts.	Imports.	
enter	Week.	Since Jan. 1,	Week.	Bince Jan. 1.
Great Britain France	\$892,900	\$5,742,394 168,000 750		\$70
West Indies	16,327	101,824	2,257 6,361	27,479 135,956
All other countries	68,658	485	47,323 120	10,622
Total 1896 Total 1895 Total 1894	\$977,885 550,643 872,083	\$6,097,881 4,042,427 5,997,941	\$56,064 8,201 75,593	197,573

Bonds Held By National Banks.—The following interesting statement, furnished by the Comptroller of the Currency.

shows the amount of each class of bonds held against national bank circulation and to secure public moneys in national bank depositaries on January 31.

	U. S. Bonds Held Jun. 31, 1896, to Secur-			
Gaserapison of Bunds.	Public Deposits in Banks.	Baok Circulation.	Total Hau	
Ourrency 6s, Pac. RR	\$1,125.000	\$10,7:2,000	\$11,917,000	
8 per oc 2te, 1894	532,000	14,475,350	15,007,350	
4 per ote , funded 1907	11,893,000	150,033,450	161,926,450	
4 per centa, 1895	775,000	14,849,500	15,624,500	
2 per cts. funded 1891	1,083,000	22,505,000	23,588,000	
Total,	\$15,409,000	\$212,655,3: 0	\$228,063,300	

COINAGE BY UNITED STATES MINTS.—The following Statement, kindly furnished us by the Director of the Mint. show the coinage at the Mints of the United States during the month of January, 1896.

AT A STATE OF THE	January.		
Denomination	Pieces.	Value.	
Double eagles	633,775	12,675,500	
Half eagles.	44,800	224,000	
Three dollars	5,840	14,600	
Total gold	694,415	12,914,100	
Blandard dollars. Half dollars. Quarter dollars. Dumes	260,000	65,000	
Total silver	260,000	65,000	
Pive cents	739,700 1,700,003	36,960 17,0 0 0	
Total minor	2.439,200	53,960	
Total coinage	3,383,613	13,033,060	

CHANGES IN LEGAL TENDERS AND NATIONAL BANK NOTES TO FRERVARY 1.—The Comptroller of the Currency has furnished us the following, showing the amounts of national bank notes January 1, together with the amounts outstanding February 1, and the increase or decrease during the month; also the changes in legal tenders held for the redemption of bank notes up to February 1.

National Bank vov.5— Amount outstanding January 1, 1896	\$744,107 934,343	\$213,627,821 220,236
Amount outstanding Peb. 1, 1898*		8213,407,585
Legal Tender Noice— Amount on de-post to redeem national bank noice January 1, 1896. Amount depost d'durin January. Am treiss de und bank noice re-tred in Jan	\$496,310 1,090,033	\$23 ,011,661 593 ,713
Amount on depos't to redeem national bink notes Feb. 1, 1-98		422 417,944

*Circulation of National Gold Sanks, not in duded in above, \$83,982

According to the above the amount of legal tenders on deposit February 1 with the Treasurer of the United States to redeem national bank notes was \$33,417.948. The portion of this deposit made (1) by banks becoming insolvent, (3) by banks going into voluntary liquidation, and (3) by banks reducing or retiring their circulation, was as follows on the first of each of the last five months:

Deposits by-	Oct. 1.	Nov. 1.	Dec. 1.	Jan. 1.	Feb. 1.
Insolvint bks. Liquidg bas Red'o'g under act of 1874*	5,005,31	840,613 4.995,461	4,954,332	4,838.582	4,751,632
	24,165,360				

* Act of June 20, 1874, and July 12, 1882.

City Railroad Securities-Brokers' Quotations.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Atlan. Ave., B'klyn- Con. 5s, g., 1931 . A&O	1305		Columbus & 9th Ave. 5s.	114	1144
Impt. 5 ., g., 1934J&J	\$101	85	D. D. E. B. & Bat'y-Stk. 1st, gold, 5s, 1932.J&D	1134	171
Bleek, St. & Ful. F Stk.	26	30	Sorip	dith	103
1st mort., 7s, 1900.J&J	8108 W		Eighth Avenue-Stock		345
B'way & 7th AveStock.		194	Scrip, 6s, 1914	103	
1st mort., 5s, 1904.J&D			42d & Gr. St. FerStock		322
2d mort., 5s, 1914.J&J	3100	112	42d St. & Man. & St. N. Av.	58	63
B'way 1st, 5s, guar, 1924		115	lat mort. 6a, 1910. M&S	3115	1173
3d 5a,int.as rent'l, 1905			2d mort, income 6s. J&J	67	71
Consol. 5s, 1943J&D	114 4	115	Long Island Traction	21 %	
Brooklyn City-Stock	1715	172 5	Lex.Ave.&Pav.Ferry 5s.	1134	
Consol. 5a, 1941J&J	112		Metropolitan Traction	10 4	105%
Bklyn.Crosst'n5s.1908			Ninth Avenue-Stock	155	
Bki'n.Q'naCo.&Sub.lat		100 4		160	163
Bkiya.C.&N'wt'wn-stk		190	1st mort.,5s,1909.M&	\$107 b	109
5*, 1939	\$110%	111149		103	
Brooklyn Traction	9	10	Sixth Avenue-Stock		200
Preterred.	52			1824	
Central Crosstown-Stk.	190		lat mort., 5s, 1937.J&J	1184	119
1st M., 6s, 1922 M&N	6118		Twenty-Third StSt'k.	300	1222
Cen. Pk. N. & E. RivStk		170	Deb. 5s, 1903		105
Consol. 7s, 1902J&D		116	Union Ry-Stock		105
Christ'p'ra 10th St.—Stk.		155	1st 5s, 1942		1011
lst mort., 1898 A&O	105	l. avezel	Westohost'r, 1st,gu.,5s.	STOR .	TOT

\$ And accrued interest

Gas Securities-Brokers Quotations,

GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask
Brooklyn Gas-Light. Contral. Contral. Contral. Contral. Contral. Contral. Contral Cont	150 160 75 102 100 180 106 230 300 100 101 74 85 85	109 /40 102 78 39 89 4	People's (Brooklyn) People's (Creay City). Motropolitan (Brooklyn) Williamsburg 1st 6s. Pulton Municipal Bonda, 6s. Kgutable Bonds, 6s, 1899 4t. Paul. Bends, 5a. Vandard pref. Western Gas Bonds, 6s.	100 170 230 300 108 200 105 210 105 71 88 108 78 66	215 107 78 994 110 964 68 90

And accrued interest. * Ex rights.

Auction Siles.—Among other securities the following no regularly dealt in at the Board, were recently sold at auction

By Messrs, Adrian H, Muller & Son:

	4	Shares.		
15 Wank	attan	Co. Ba	nk	2055
5 Mech				
10 Atlan	itin de C	harl. a	ir-Line	
H	. Co			102
11 Phæ	dx Nat	. Bank		10619
25 Ohto	& Miss	Br. C	o. com.	634
20 Broo	klyn B.	nk		160
S. Hant				

Banking and Financial.

SAMUEL D. DAVIS & Co.. BANKERS,

NO. 40 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

SAMUEL D. DAVIS.

CHAS. B. VAN NOSTRAND.

Spencer Trask & Co., BANKERS,

27 & 29 PINE STRRET, NEW YO 65 State Street, Albany. INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

GEORGE BARGLAY MOFFAT.

ALEXANDER M. WEITE JE.

MOFFAT & WHITE, BANKERS

30 PINE STREET, NEW YORK. INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	Wh Paye	en ible.			losed. lusive.)
Chie. Burl. & Quincy (quar.)	1	Mar.				Feb. 29 Mar. 3
Cleve, Lorsin & Wheel, pref Del. & Hudson Canal (quar.)	1%	Mar.				Mar. 16
Brooklyn Wharf & W. rehouse	6	Mar.	2	Feb. 22	to	Mar. 1
Buffalo Ry. (quar.)	1	Mar.				Mar. 10
National Lead pref. (quar.) Stillweil-Bierce & Smith-Valle	13	Mar.	16	Feb. 26	to	Mar. 16
ver (mar.)	2	Mar.	1	Feb. 19	to	Feb. 29
West Chicago Street RR. (quar.)	119	Feb.	15	Feb. 6	to	Feb. 16

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, FEB. 21, 1896.-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.—Wall Street has been chiefly interested during the week in investment securities of the better class. This feature is also prominent on the London Stock Exchange, where British consols have reached the highest price yet recorded.

The volume of business in United States bonds is unprece dented and the new fours have advanced over two per cent within the week. Railway bonds have been in demand on a rising market and all classes of these securities are notably higher than they were last week.

In London and the principal Continental cities American securities are in much better favor than they have been of late. This is due largely to the recent vote in the lower House of Congress on the free coinage amendment, to the ready absorption of the new Government loan and to the progress which is being made in harmonizing our diplomatic relations.

Among the influences, in addition to the above, which have contributed to a better feeling in local financial circles are the easy money market notwithstanding the heavy payments on account of the new bonds, the prevailing low rates in the foreign exchange market, and the favorable reports of railway earnings, now so general.

The open market rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 3 to 4 per cent. To-day's rates on call were 3 to 31/4 per cent. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 6 per cent.

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed an increase in bullion of £687,170, and the percentof reserve to liabilities was 63.28 against 63.40 last week; the discount rate remains unchanged at 2 per cent. The Bank of France shows an increase of 11,326,000 francs in gold and 799,000 francs in silver.

To-morrow being Washington's Birthday and a legal holiday, the Clearing-House bank statement was issued to-day. It shows an increase in loans of \$6,052,700; increase in circulation of \$180,000; decrease in deposits of \$3,300,300; decreas in specie of \$6,437,500; decrease in legal tenders of \$2,579,400 and a decrease of \$8,191,825 in surplus reserve. In the following we give the figures for the previous week in our usual form in order to preserve the record.

	1896. Feb. 15.	Differen's from Frev. week.	1895. Feb. 16.	1894 Feb. 17.
Capital	61,122,700	•	61.622.700	59,922,700
Surplus	73.017.100		72.028.200	73.015.200
Loans & disc'n is.	451,743,100	Inc.3,311,300	483,382,000	439,328,300
Circulation		Dec. 239,400	11,841,700	11,975,000
Net deposits	493,032,900	Inc. 261,000	53 ,2 14,700	529,992.300
8; cete. Legal tenders		Inc. 3,844,200		98,587,000
Reserve held		Dec 3,298,300		
Legal reserve	123,258,225	Inc. 65,250	133,058,675	132,495,075
Surplus reserve	36.818.875	Dec. 3 363.550	33 513 425	74.536.825

Foreign Exchange. - Conditions in the foreign exchange market remain practically unchanged. The demand has been limited, especially for this season of the year. Quotations

To-day's actual rates of exchange were as follows: Bankers' sixty days' sterling, 4 86½@4 86½; demand, 4 87½@4 87½; cables, 4 87½@4 88.

Posted rates of leading bankers are as follows:

February 21.	Sixty Days.	Demand.		
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London Prime commercial Documentary commercial	4 85 4 94 86	*******		
Paris bankers' (france)	3915 - 2 44	5 16131 @ 1678 4018 @ 40314		

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the under-mentioned cities to-day: Savannah buying 1-16 discount, selling par; Charleston, buying par, selling premium; New Orleans, bank, \$1 50 premium; commercial 50c. per \$1,000 discount; Chicago, \$1 00 per \$1,000 discount; St. Louis, 50@75c. per \$1,000 premium.

United States Bonds.—Activity in Government bonds has continued and prices have advanced. Sales, at the Board include \$4,348,750 4s coup., 1925, at 116 to 118; \$99,000 4s reg., 1925, at 116 to 11754; \$128,700 4s reg., 1907. at 109½ to 110; \$69,000 5s, coup., at 113½ to 113½, \$66,500 5s reg., at 113½ to 113½, and \$16,000 cur. 6s, 1898, at 105. The following are classing prices:

	(nueres) Periods	Feb. 15.	Feb. 17.	Feb. 18.	Feb. 19.	Feb. 20.	Feb. 21.
	QMoh.		* 95	- 95	* 95		95
	JJan .						109%
	QJan.			*10919		*110	
48, 1925 reg.	Q Feb.	116	1164	*1164	11:30	*1173	1174
4s, 1925 coup.	Q Feb.	1164	1163	1174	1178	1177	118
5s. 1904reg.	4 Feb.	*112	*112	11339	1134	113	41134
5s. 1904 coup.	Q Feb.	*112	4112	-11/3	1134	1134	1135
6s. our'ey.'97reg.			*102	*102	*102	*102	*102
6s, our'cy,'98reg.	T. v f.	*104	*104	*104	*104	*104	105
6s, our'ey.'99 reg.	J. & J.	*106	*106	*106	*106	*106	*10730
4s, (Cher.)1896.reg.			*100	*100	*100	*100	*100
4s. (Cher.)1897.reg.			*100			*100	*100
4s. (Cher.) 1898. reg			*100	*100			100
4s. (Cher.) 1899. reg.			*100	*100			*100

This is the price old at the morning woard, no sale was ma

United States Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows ceipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury.

			1	Balances.	
Date. Receipts.	Receipts.	Payments	Coin.	Coin Verts.	Currency.
			8	8	
Feb. 15	6,096,728		116,177,246	3,161,941	83,793,878 85,486,170
* 18	9.428,357	9,038,41	116,200,269	3,406 519	85,524.734
" 19 " 20	15,243,777 6,457,547	11,555,764	120,233,731	3,304,447	85,286,358
" 21	10,548,506		122,719,721	3,814,665	86,433,397
Total	58,318,529	48,687,237			

Coins.-Following are current quotations in gold for

Sovereigns \$4 88 @\$4 93	Fine silver bars 68 @ - 68%
Napoleona 3 85 @ 3 92	Five francs 90 0 - 95
X X Reichmarks, 4 70 @ 4 80	Mexican dollars 5340 - 55
25 Pesetas 4 76 @ 4 86	Do uncom'etal 3
Span. Doubloogs.15 55 @15 75	Peruvian sois 48 3 - 495
Mex. Doubloons.15 50 @15 75	English silver 480 @ 4 9
Fine gold bars par &4 prem.	U. 8. trade dollars - 55 2 - 75

State and Railroad Bonds.—Sales of State bonds at the Board include \$18,000 Virginia fund. debt 2-3s of 1:91 at \$12,600 Virginia 6s, defd. trust receipts, stamped, at 65,51,000 Tenn. settlement 3s at 86½ to 88½, and \$47,000 Louisiana con. 4s at 99.

The railway bond market has been conspicuous for activity and strength and these conditions have increased as the week advanced.

and strength and these conditions have increased as the week advanced.

Northern Pacific issues have been the principal features, the transactions in them aggregating a very large amount and prices have advanced from about 2 to 5 points. This movement is due to the belief that a plan for reorganizing the Northern Pacific Company is being matured by parties who have been successful in such undertakings in the past and that the plan will be announced in the near future.

The strength of Northern Pacific bonds and an increasing demand for investment securities have caused an advance in all classes of railroad bonds which in many cases has reached from 2 to 5 per cent within the week. This is true of Ore, Short Line, Ore, S. L. & Utah Northern, U. P. Den. & Gulf, Ft. W. & Den. City, St. L. & S. F., Chicago & No. Pac. and Wis. Central bonds. Among other issues which have been notably active and strong are the Atchisons, Mo. Kan. & Texas, Texas & Pacific, Den. & Rio Grande, Kansas Pacific, Ore, Improvement, Chic. & Erie, Wabash, Ches. & Ohio and Southern Ry. bonds.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks,—The market for stocks has felt the influence of improved financial conditions, stocks has felt the influence of improved financial conditions, resulting in part from the large payments of gold into the Treasury and the progress which has been made towards a settlement of international differences. This influence is most conspicuous in railway shares, notably those which are dealt in abroad, and this class of securities has advanced within the week an average of about 2 per cent for the active list. Burlington & Quinoy advanced nearly 2 points on the announcement of the usual quarterly dividend.

The entire granger group and some of the trunk line stocks reflect the favorable traffic reports now so general. On very limited sales the coal stocks have been steady, except Central of N. J., which has advanced over 1 point. Manhattan Elevated has continued subject to a manipulation which is not generally understood, and fluctuated between 103 and 107.

The industrial list has been exceptionally dull and feature-

generally understood, and fluctuated between 10s and 107.

The industrial list has been exceptionally dull and featureless, which may be regarded as evidence that the present
interest in the market is more of an investment than a speculative character. The principal changes have occurred in
American Sugar and Chicago Gas, which have advanced 2
points and 1½ points respectively, U. S. Leather pfd. had
declined 3½ per cent early in the week but has recovered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE -ACTIVE STOCKS for wick ending FEBRUARY 21, and since JAN. 1, 1896.

- Cotton		-			Ph.t.a.	STOCKS	the	Range for	year 1896.	
Feb. 15.	Feb. 17.	Feb. 18	Wednesda Feb. 18	Feb. 20.	Feb. 21.	GIOURS.	Week, Shares.	Lowest.	Highest.	
16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16% 16%	Monday, Feb. 17. 164 164 164 165 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Tuesday Feb. 18 58 1638 1 44 2548 2 59 2538 3 50 5 51 1072 100 4 1534 10 779 12 1174 10 1174	DATE 100	RICES. 7, Thursday, Feb. 20. 319 1619 163 519 26 26 519 26 26 519 37 37 37 51 108 1083 514 15 118 115 519 108 1083 514 15 118 115 519 108 1083 514 160 1033 514 160 1033 514 108 1083 512 12 123 513 104 12 105 514 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 100 1033 515 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	Friday, Feb. 21. 163, 1716, 2649, 2	Columbus Hocking Val. & Tol Do Do Pref. Delaware & Hudson. Delaware Lackawanna & West Denver & Rio Grande Do Pref. Creat Northern, pref. Hilmons Central. Do Pref. Hilmons Central. Do Lake Shore & Mich. Southern. Long Island. Loug Island. Loug Island. Louisv. New Albany & Chic. Manhattan Elevated, consol. Metropositan Traction. Michigan Contral. Do 1st pref. Monories St. Louis. Do 1st pref. Mosouri Kansas & Texas. Do 1st pref. Mobile & Chic. New York Central & Hudson. New York Contral & Hudson. New York Ontario & Western. New York New Haven & Hart. New York Susq. & West., new. Do pref. Norfolk & Western. Do Pref. Norfolk & Western. Do Pref. Polina, & Reading 1st inst. pd. Polina, & Reading	Week, Shares,	124 Jan. 7 194 Jan. 7 32 Feb. 11 52 Jan. 4 45 by Jan. 7 134 Jan. 7 144 Jan. 9 13 Jan. 7 147 Jan. 7 148 Jan. 7 149 Jan. 10 15 Jan. 7 17 18 Jan. 7 119 Jan. 8 119 Jan. 7	Highest. 174 Feb. 14 263 Feb. 2 78 Feb. 15 1514 Feb. 11 514 Feb. 11 1514 Feb. 11 1514 Feb. 11 1514 Feb. 11 1515 Feb. 11 1515 Feb. 11 1515 Feb. 11 1516 Feb. 11 1516 Feb. 11 1516 Feb. 11 1516 Feb. 11 1517 Feb. 12 122 Feb. 15 122 Feb. 15 124 Feb. 11 1614 Jan. 31 14 Feb. 21 1295 Feb. 11 1614 Jan. 31 1014 Feb. 21 1114 Feb. 21 1151 Feb. 21 1155 Feb. 20 29 Feb. 20 20 Feb. 30 1157 Jan. 31 314 Feb. 11 378 Feb. 10 1578 Jan. 31 1578 Feb. 30 168 Jan. 36 1578 Feb. 77 58 Feb. 10 168 Jan. 37 1578 Feb. 31 184 Feb. 77 58 Feb. 10 188 Jan. 31 184 Feb. 77 58 Feb. 10 188 Jan. 31 184 Feb. 77 58 Feb. 10 188 Jan. 31 184 Feb. 77 58 Feb. 30 188 Jan. 31 184 Feb. 77 58 Feb. 17 275 Feb. 31	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*11 18 *34 4 134 14 188 18 *56 58 *15 20 *17 18 *1512 11619 *58 60 *15 51 *18 113 *25 28 *89 94 *109 11312 *20 203 *10 1014 31 318 *30 37 *65 67 65 66 66 66	100 10 7	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	10 10 *8 9 *3 9 *13 13 13 5 *17 12 18 12 *56 58 *16 18 14 *115 116 12 *15 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	*10 15 8 8 8 34 13 ¹ 9 13 ⁵ 9; 17 18 *56 ¹ 9 58 *17 20 *16 18 ¹ 4; *115 ¹ 9 116 ¹ 9; *58 60 *17 20 *12 ¹ 9 12 ¹ 9; *27 29 *20 90 95 *10 ¹ 4 10 ⁵ 8; *21 38 *30 37 *65 75 *65 75 *58 88 ¹ 9;	Oregon R'y & Navigation Co. Dregon Sh. Line & Utah North. Peoria Decatur & Evansville. Phila. & Reading 1st inst. pd. Pittsburg Cinn. Chic. & St. L. Do pref. Bittsburg & Western, pref. Bittsburg & Western & Ogdenab. St. Louis Southwestern. Do pref. St. Paul & Duluth. Do pref. Suthern Pacific Co. Southern Pacific Co. Southern, voting trust. certif. Do pref., voting trust. certif. Coledo & Ohio Central Do Juion Pacific trust recepts. Juion Pacific Penver & Guif.	914 10,300 300 420 1,510 100 50	10 Feb. 18 7\2\5 Feb. 7 2\3\5 Jan. 7 14\7\8\5 Jan. 7 14\7\8\5 Jan. 7 14\7\8\5 Jan. 8 17 Jan. 15 16 Feb. 8 15 Feb. 7 13\1\0 Jan. 7 3\1\0 Jan. 7 3\1\0 Jan. 23 1\0 Jan. 22 1\0 Jan. 23 1\0 Jan. 23 1\0 Jan. 23 1\0 Jan. 23 1\0 Jan. 7 3\2\0 Jan. 7	8 Feb. 11 15% Feb. 10 15% Jan. 31 18¼ Feb. 7 58 Feb. 10 20% Jan. 31 18½ Feb. 10 118 Jan. 3 60¼ Jan. 3 5¼ Feb. 7 127 Feb. 20 91 Feb. 10	
184 184 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 134 13	744 744 1849 1241 1824 3944 3944 3944 3944 3944 3944 3944 39	7 18 ¹ 9 18 ¹ 12 12 ² 13 ² 9 4 4 38 ³ 9 4 4 4 4 18 ¹ 16 ³ 16 ³ 16 ³ 101 ³ 102 102 102 102 108 69 ³ 158 158 158 ³ 158 158 158 ³ 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158	8 12 12° 9 39° 39° 39° 34 4 18° 18° 68° 68° 68° 114° 116° 5 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10°	2 183 1915 113 1249 40 40 319 4 1814 1814 6 68 68 115 1163 1014 1014 8 803 8179 157 157 18 183 313 32 27 274 2839 6 283 294 283 296	1834 1916 12 1244 387 3878 4 444 *1779 184 A *679 69 1158 1168 A 1014 1014 803 813 A 102 1034 68 683 C 1584 1889 B 314 32 6 69 69 B 1278 2798 M 534 64 M 534 64 M 52 534 64 M 52 294 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	Wisc, Cen. Co., voting tr. ctts. Miscellaneous Stocks. Miscellaneous Stocks. Do pref.	11,060 28,599 965 200 213 280 132,705 1,701 59,789 365 121,105 21,105 11,990 13,820 11,990 13,820 3647 369 16,310	1445 Jan. 6 3445 Jan. 7 275 Jan. 18 16 Jan. 20 6384 Jan. 20 6384 Jan. 20 77 Jan. 71 95 Jan. 61 7434 Jan. 71 1444 Jan. 71 1444 Jan. 71 1444 Jan. 71 1444 Jan. 6 62 Jan. 6	19 ¹ / ₈ Feb. 20 13 ¹ / ₄ Feb. 14 40 ³ / ₈ Feb. 21 4 ¹ / ₄ Feb. 21 19 Jan. 27 69 Feb. 11 16 ³ / ₈ Feb. 20 011 Feb. 20	

ISW (944 IF ICA EXCHANGE PRICES (Count tod) -INACTIVE STOCKS. (tindicates actual sales.) Feb. 21. | Range (sales) in 1896. Feb. 21. | Range (sales) in 1896. INACTIVE STOCKS Indicates unlisted. Bid. | Aak. Rid. Lowest. Lowest Highest Ank. Highest. 175 |104 25 6 146 Jan. 10 % Feb. 29 % t eb. 7 Feb. 131 % Jan. 9 Jan. 24 Jan. 7 Feb. 131 Jan. 1114 110 Jan. 30 10 140 106 16 24 18 55 80 51 115 Jan. 104 15 124 104 91 Jan. 1819 Feb. 19 Feb. 95 Feb. 22¹4 Jan. ¹9 Feb. 21 % Feb. 10 Jan. i 34 4 le Jan. | 334 Feb. 95 Feb. || 4 Feb. 3 1334 1947₈ 3 155 30 27 95 65 41 ¹9 Jan. 155 Jan. 5 ³4 Jan. 95 51 160 7 45 51₉ 40 30 96 6 Jan. 144 Feb. 1478 Feb. 43 Feb. 89 Jan. 13 95 60 25 23⁷8 191 4 50 604 Jan. 35 Feb. 184 Jan. 78 Feb. 2438 119 24 85 Jan. 25 Jan. 8 Jan. 2 Jan. 85 Jan. 25 Jan. 8 Jan. 2 Jan. 271g 91g 4 201g 60 21 7 314 1719 59½ Feb. 53 Jan. 18 Jan. 43 Jan. 8½ Feb. 8 Jan. 25 Jan.

Jan. 51e Feb. 182 Feb. Jan. 464 Feb ! Actual sales.

115 4 Jan.

12 Feb. 2¹e Feb. 166% Feb.

120 Jan.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- STATE BONDS FEBRUARY 21.

SECURITIES.	Biå.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask
Alabama—Class A, 4 to 51908 Class B, 58			Missouri-Fund1894-1895 North Carolina-6s, oldJ&J			Tennessee-6s, old1892-1898 6s, new bonds1892-8-1900		
Class C, 4s	100	101	Funding act			do new series 1914		
Arkansas—6s, fund Hol 1899-1900 do, Non-Holford			Chatham RR				86	88
7s. Arkansas Central RR				10319			*****	
Stamped 4s1914 New conols, 4s1914	99	99%		*****		Virginia funded debt, 2-3s1913 6s, deferred t'at rec'ts, stamped	6178	

New York City Bank Statement for the week ending

114 2

60

70 15 9

			Lo ins.		Le jais.	Deposits
Bank of New York Manhattan Co Merchanics'	\$2,000,0	\$1,965,4	\$12,170,0	\$1,530,0	\$1 540,0	\$11,520,0
Manhattan Co	2,050,0	2,073,5	13,120,0	1,35,0	2 425,0 1.131,7	13,873.0
Merchante'	2,000,0	9 161 6	7 723 0	1,018,1	1.918,0	9,667.8
America.	1,500,0	2,389,4	15,565,1	2,818,5	3,253.4	19,000,2
Phenix	1,000,0	422,0	4,087,0	232,0	869.0	3,841,0
Oity	1,000,0	3,207.7		12,246,2	5,547,8	31,045,4
Tradesmen's	750,0	72,4	1,856,0	189.3	324,0	1.874,6
Chemical	300,0 600,0	7,382,5 164,5	22,497,3 3,877,1	3.381,7 724,5	4,307.8 280.8	32,726,7 4,146.9
Merchants' Exch'ge Gallatin National Butchers'& Drovers'	1,000,0	1,620,5 229,5 330,2 172,3 478,6	6,114,5	614.	1,334.8	5 154 1
Butchers'& Drovers'	300.0	229,5	1,486.1	614. 186,3	164,4	1,449,0 2,470,0 923,0
Mechanics' & Trad's	400,0	330,2	2,610,0	180,0	270.0	2,470.0
Greenwich	200,0	172,3	953,9	180.0 137.2 304.6	199,1	923,0
Leather Manufac'rs	600,0 300,0	105,3	3,245,0 1,398,7	277,5	771.5	3,151,6
State of New York	1,200,0	489,4	3,501.1	233.2	160,2 831,7	2,672,0
American Exchange	5,000,0	2,344.3	24.547.0	828.0	8,301,0	17.916,0
Commerce	5,000,0	3,570,1	20,201,2	1,531.0	5,324.4	17,367,9
Broadway	1,000,0	1,634,6	5,524.9	904,6	200,2	4,533,2
Mercantile	1,000.0	984,0	6,498,6 2,777,9	1,059,0	1,180,5	6,929,6
Republic	422,7 1,500,0	479,2 963,7 988,1		1.606.1	1,354.9	3,282,3 10,746,5
Ohatham	450.0	988.1	5, >02.3	632.1	798.7	5,772.0
People's	200,0	251,8	2,051,6	226,5	342.3	2,635,2
North America	200,0 700,0 1,000,0	251,8 567,8 1,967,6	5,*02,3 2,051,6 5,604,6 11,997,0 2,881,0	632,1 226,5 621,5	342.3 1,055,2 6,237.0	5,772,0 2,683,2 5,897.0 1-,577,7 2,735,0
Hanover	500,0	342,5	11,997,0	3,331,0	449.3	9 795 0
Citisen's	600,0	400,6	2,845,1	433,6	260.1	8,044,5
Nassau	500,0	265,5	2.411.8	139.6	565,1	3,046.1
Market & Fulton	750,0	848,7	2,411,8 3,777.3	382,1 275.6	1,015.0	4.193,2
Shoe & Leather	1,000,0	43,2	2,951,9	275.6	472.9	2,966,2
Oorn Exchange	1,000,0	1,181,0	7,955.4 4,473.5	1,256,4	951.0 459,8	8.865,6 5,167.1
Continental		201,5 413,2 5.627,0	1 845 8	104 7	331,0	1,780,0
Importers& Traders	1.500.0	5.627.0	1,845.8	3.802.0	2 612 0	19.505,0
Park	2,000,0	3.214,8	22,031,3	4,075.6	8.049.8 237.7	28.919,9
MARE BIVOR	1,500,0 2,000,0 250,0	144,5	22,031,3 1,130.7 15,736.8	3,802.0 4,075.6 115.7 2,017.0	237.7	1.069,3
Fourth National	3,400.0	2,105,3	15,736,8	2,017.0	4,616.4	17.509.1
Becond National	2,000,0 300,0	479,4 620,5	8,527,0 5,165,0	613.0	1,561.0	9,058.0
Ninth Natu nal	750.0	384,7	3,557.8	852,0 357,3	474.3	3,700.1
First National	500,0	7 121 0	20,832,9	922.6	3,514 9	18,286,8
Third National	1,000.0	262,1 72,7 571,1 437,9 276,2 1,307,4	6.837,9	2.028,3	653,4	8,275,7
N.Y. Nat. Exchange	300,0	72.7	1,419,4	144,9	296.6	1,415,4 3,053,0
Bowery. New York County	250,0 200,0	497 9	2,936,0	742.2	293,0 174,4	3.460,2
Garman American	750,0	276 2	2,752 2	303.9	371.1	2,600.1
German American Ohase National	500,0	1.307.4	13,620,1	303.9	4.988 7	18.168.2
Fifth Avenue	100,0		2,798,0 2,752,2 13,620,1 6,538.5	1,039,1	1.172.3	7,521,8
German Exchange	200,0	606,0	2,074,4	284.0	651,5	3,306,4 3,770,6
Guited States	200,0 500,0	642.0	2,821,5	558.7 1,029,4	955.1	5.834.4
Lincoln.	300.0	559,5 573,0	6,206.8	750,8	1,134.8	7,040,5
Harneld	200.0	635 8	4.060.8	828.1	473.8	4,866.8
Fifth National	200.0	312.1 787.0 311.0	1,512,3	206,3	391,8	1.711.6
Bank of the Metrop.	300,0	787.0	4.628,6	875.7	891.8	5.875.1
West Side	200,0 500,0	235,6	3,180,0 5,423.0	228,0	412,0 983,0	2,289,0 6,633,0
Seaboard	200,0		5,423,0 1,765,0 9,151,4	885,0 197,0 904,1	220.0	1,502,0
Western National	2,100,0	282.2	9,151.4	904.1	1.806.6	9.456.4
Western National First Nat. Brkiyn	300,0	339,5 283,2 884.7	5,038.0	840.6	539,8 455.5	5,219.0
Lianoita N areninos	3,008	589,4	2.184.7	37.5	455.5	1,919.2
Nat. Union Bank Liberty Nat. Bank	1,200,0	439,9	8,411,7	1,275,0	1,036.5	8,861.6 1,917.0
N Y. Prod. Exch'ge.	500.0	154,5	1,480,8	492,1	366,6	2,687.3

New York City, Boston and Philadelphia Banks:

102

2 Jan.

2 Jan.

6 Jan. 24 % Feb. 45 Feb. 89 Jan. 1(1 Feb.

BANKS.	Capital & Surplus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.+	Oirc'l'n	Clearings:
N. Y.							
Jan. 25	134,139,8	447,489,9	76,160,9	83,952,8	489,740,8	13,810,5	310,040,4
		417.142.7			490.447,2		
H 15	134, 179,0	444.431.8	77,500,9	37,874,0	492,771.9	13,440,8	500 778,3
" 21	134,139,8	457,795.8	83,920,9		489.732.6		
Ros.							
Feb. 1		160.884.0			137,607,0	8,965,0	76.409,8
** 8		159,810,0			135.526.0	8,892,0	
" 15		159,958,0	9,926,0	4,766,0	133,829,0	9,096,0	84,839,9
Phila, '							
Feb. 1		107,290,0	29,6		1 5.837.0	6,402,0	56.015.1
0.,	35,263,0	108,841,0	28,1		102,442.0	6,411.0	67 980,6
" 15	35,263,0	106,777,0	27,2	51,0	101,988,0	6,336,0	58.576,3

* We omit two ciphers in all these Agures. + Including for Boston and Palls delphia the item "due to other banks."

Miscellaneous and Unlisted Bonds:

Miscellaneou Bonds	Miscellaneous Bonds.
Boston Un. uss tr .certs., os.	Manhat. Beach H. & L. g. 48.
Ch. Jun. & S. YdsCol.t.g., 58	Metropol. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5p
Col. C. & I. Devel. gu. 5s	MichPenin. Car lat 5s
Colorado Fuel-Gen. 6s	Mutual Union Teleg 68 g.
Col. & Hock. Coal & I6s, g.	N. V. & N. J Telep. gen. 5s., 109 a
	Northwestern Telegraph-7s.
Consol, Coal conv. 6s 95 b.	People's Gas & C. 1st g. 6s
Det. Gas con. 1st 5s 77 5a.	Co., Chicago 13d g. 6s. 103 b
Edison Elec. Ill. Co1st 5s. 109 a.	lat cons. g. 6s
1st consol., gold, 5s 100 a.	Pleas. Valley Coal -1st g. 6s.
	Sunday Creek Coal let g 6a. 100 b
Equit. GL., N. Y., cons. g. 5s.	U. S. Leather-S, f, deb r., 8s 110 b
Equitable G. & F 1st 6s ' 96 b.	Western Union Teleg -7
Henderson Bridge-las g. 8s. *111 b.	Wheel L. E. & Piera Coal la .5s 69 b.
Illinois Steel deb. 5s	Unlisted Bonds
Non-conv. deb 5s	Am. Spirit Mfg., 1st, when iss
rnt. Cond. & Ins. deb. 6s	Comstock Tungel -Inc 4s 7 h.

NOTE .- "b" indicates price bid; 'a" price asked . Latest price this wee

Bank Stock List-Latest prices this week. (*Not listed.)

	750.0	359.7	3,007.8	357.3	4/17.2	3, 100, 1							
••	500.0					18,286,8	BANES, B	d. [Ask.	BANKS.]	Bid. Ask.	BANKS. F	11d. [A	
	1.000.0												Bec. 4
re	300.0	72.7	1.419.4	144.9	296.6		America 30		Gardeld 4		N. V. Nat. Ex 10	0 1-	
	250,0	571,1	2,936,0				Am. Exch 17		German Am. 1		Ninth 11		20
	200,0	437.9	2,798,0		174.4		Bowery* 27		German Ex. 3		19th Ward 19		****
	750,0				371.1		Broadway 35		Germania	99	N. America 13	50	*****
••	500.0	1.307.4	13,620,1	1,537.7	4,988.7		Butchs'&Dr. 14		Green wich 1		Ori ntal		C5
	100,0				1,172.8		Central 11	120	Hanover 3		Pacific 18	30 **	
	200,0				651.5	3,306,4	Chase 45		Hud. River 1	50	Park	27	73 C
	200,0	642,0			431.1		Chatham 30		Im. & Trad's' 5	35 543	People's 23	18	
••	500,0	559,5	4,491.1		955.1		Chemical 42		Irving 1:		Phenix 10		
	300,0		6,206.8		1,134.8	7,040,5	City 45		Leather Mis' 1	75 182	Prod. %x.* 11		
	200,0	635,8	4,060.8		473.8		Citizens' 13	135	Lincoln 6	70	Republic 14		55
	200,0	312,1	1,512,3		391,8		Columbia	212	Manhattan 20		Seaboard le	100	
p.	300,0	787,0			891.8		Commerce 20		Market& Pul 20		Second 48	0	****
	200,0	311,0		228,0	412,0		Continental . 12		Mechanics' 1	*****	Seventh 11	3 10	an "
	500,0	235,6	5,423,0	889,0	983,0		Corn Exch. 28		M'che' & Tre' 1.		Shood Le'th 9		
	200,0	339,5			220,0		East River. 13	140	Mordantile 1	75 185	Southern 10		10
	2,100,0	283,2			1,806.6		11th Ward 20	0 0000	Merch 13		Stateof N.Y. 10		-
	300,0	884,7	5,038.0		539.8				Merch'te Ex 11		Third 10	2 6	12
	3,008	589,4	2.184.7		455.5		Fifth* 25		Megropolis 41	13 440	Union Sq 19		
	1,200,0	439,9	8.411,7				First 27	0	Mt. Morris 12	10 130	Union 18	5 19	
t	500,0	154,5			459,4		First N., 8. I. 10		Nassau 14				-
9.	1,000,0	295,5	3,140,0	492,1	366,6		14th Street. 17	1071	N. Ams'dam 1	5 240	Un'd S ates 17.	0 11	49
					00 710 6	400 000 0	Fourth 18	1101 2	New York 23		West His 27		
	61,122,7	73.017.1	451,743.1	70,358 4	89.718.7	493,032.9	Gallatin 29	303	N Y. Co'nty. 58	1	Acres 411.0 12.1		****

^{100 44 45%} . No price Friday; latest price this week.

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES.											
Active Stocks.				Prices - u	(-			Sales of the	Range of sa	les in 1896.
¶ Indicates unlisted.	Saturda Feb. 13		fonday, b. 17.	Feb. 18.	Feb. 19.		reday, 20	Feb. 21.	Week, shares.	Lowest,	Highert.
Atch. T. & S. Feb (Boston) . 100		6% 1	64 165	16% 16%	16% 16	9 164	164	16% 17%	3,156	124 Jan. 7	173 Feb. 10
Baltimore & Ohio (Balt.).100 Balt. City Pass'ger " 25			5 37 9 64	*36 374 684				436 3719 *67 68	10	35 Feb. 12 63 Jan. 27	44 9 Jan. 27 70 Jan. 2
Baltimore Traction " 25 Baltimore Trac'n¶(Phil.). 25	1778 1 *18 1	8 1	8 18 7% 18	18 18 17% 17%	*17% 18	177	1778	1779 1778 18 18	1,030	16 Jan. 7 15% Jan. 7	18% Feb. 10 18% Feb. 10
Beston & Albany (Boston), 100		4 21 20	34 214	*213 4 214 *205	2131 2131 205 205	2133 2133	214	*2131g 214 205 205	171	204 Jan. 7 204 Jan. 29	217 Jan. 28
Boston & Maine " 100 C ntral of Mass. " 100	*166 16	7 16	8 170	170 170 11 12	170 171	*171		*171 171 kg	201	162 Jan. 30 114 Jan. 31	171 Feb. 19 12 Feb. 4
Pr ferred " 100 Chie. Bur. & Quin. " 100	******		94 80	793 801	79% 800		814	*55 60 x79% 80%	11,335	72 Jan. 7	814 Feb. 10
Chic, Mil. & St. P. (Phil.).100 Cuo O. &G.vot.t.e. " 50	76% 70	578 7	78 764 959 94	95 95	7719 779	7778	78%	784 784	20,000 2,292	64 Jan. 7 84 Feb. 21	78% Feb. 21
Oit. St. Ry of Ind " 100 Pitchburg pref. (Boston). 100	30 36	95	30	294 294	2978 297	954		291g 297e 951g 96	807 126	25 Jan. 2 89 Jan. 20	30 Jan. 2 97 Feb. 10
Lehigh Valley. (Phila.). 50	37 37	*130	36 36 lg	*135	136 136			36 36 36 137		34% Jan. 7 134 Jan. 24	38 4 Jan. 30
Mexican Cent'l (Boston), 100	1064 106 114 11	14 10		105 b 106 b 111 b 111 b	1054 1054	113	1119	106 106 114 12	1,407	878 Jan. 6	108 Feb. 6 12 Feb. 10
Preferred " 100	******		85			49	49	*49 50 *82 85	42	45 Jan. 9 80 Jan. 23	51 Jan. 28 85 Jan. 28 70 Feb. 14
Borthern Central (Ball.). 50 Borthern Pacific (Phila.)100	370 3	7 ₈ 4	70	69 4 69 4 44 44	44 44		70 44	16919 70 414 41g	2,925	671 Jan. 16 24 Jan. 8 104 Jan. 7	4 % Jan. 20
Old Colony (Bosion) 100	15 15 177 1 177	18 177	1774	15% 15%	1774 1774	17719	17719	16 16% 177 1774	1,640	175 Jan. 6	165 Feb. 21 178 Jan. 16
Pennsylvania (Phila.). 50 Phil. & Reading.! 50	531 53 6916 6 714 71	5 6	14 531g	5338 5358 61316 61316 7118 7118	65 67	61816	53°8 61516 71	5319 53% 6% 678	2,332 6,508	501g Jan. 7 14 Jan. 10	53% Feb. 21 7714 Jan. 30 724 Feb. 21
Upiou Pacific (Boston), 100	*64 7	6	3 678	7 7	71 714 719 714 114 114	74	25.44	7178 7214 *8 814 12 124	5,250 1,672	62 Jan. 8 3 Jan. 23 10 Jan. 8	84 Feb. 4 124 Feb. 21
Union Traction(Phila.). 50 Miscellaneous Stocks.	114 11			11 11					15,102		
Am.Sug'r Refin.¶(Bosion) Preferred	1134 114	100	3 100%	115 1 116 4 100 4 101 4 202 204	100 101 4 204 204	115%	10119	115 ¹ 9 116 101 4 101 ¹ 9 202 203	20,529 630 131	97 Jan. 7 95 Jan. 7 197 Jan. 2	116% Feb. 20 101% Feb. 20 205 Feb. 11
Bost. & Montana. " 25	743 75	3 74	76 438	7458 754 418 418	751 7614 414 414	754	764	754 764 376 44	15,6 -5 13,072	65 Jan. 7	76% Jan. 31 134 Jan. 31
Calumet & Heela " 25	295 300	*295	300	296 300	300 300	300	300	300 305 65 70	30	195 Jan. 3	305 Feb. 3
Consolidated Gas " 100	594 59 324 32	14 59 19 33		31 4 324	59% 59% 31% 32	60 31 4	60 314s	5914 6018 28 31	1,099	55 9 Jan. 20 24 Jan. 7	604 Feb. 21 334 Jan. 31
Preferred ¶ " 100	33 33	19 34	84	33 34 60 4 60 4	33 33 61 61	*60	61	'30 31 61 61	466	25 Jan. 7 594 Jan. 2	34 Jan. 31 63 Jan. 31
Erie Telephone. (Boston). 100 General Electric. "100 Preferred "100	30% 31 60 60	b 30	3178	31 31% 60% 60%	31 31% 60% 65	314	313	*31 31%	1,968	221 Jan. 6 50 Jan. 8	323e Feb. 11 65 Feb. 19
Lamson StoreSer. " 50 Lehi'h Coal&Nav. (Phila.) 50	19 19 *45 46	18	184	18 4 18 9 45 45 45 9	1819 1819 45 45	*184	20	184 184	225 604	18 Jan. 7 42 Jan. 10	19% Feb. 4
N. E. Telephone (Boston). 100 Pa. Heat, L. & Pow (Phila.)	89 4 89 117 12	4	90	*89 90 10% 10%	90 90 103a 104	104	90	*89 90	11,608	8712 Jan. 23 9 Jan. 7	90 Feb. 10 14 Jan. 1
Unit'd Gas Imp.¶ " 50 Weisbach Light \ " 5	70 70 654 65	69	% 69 %	******	69% 69% 65 65		65	65 65	638 459	664 Jan. 20	814 Jan. 2 67 Feb. 17
West End Land (Boston)	*21e 21	2	218	*2 24 no sale was	*218 214 made.	1 Trust	recei]	*21g 21, pts, \$21g pd,	400	1% Jan. 25	21s Feb. 14
	Bid.	Ask.	1	In cather at		Bic.	Ask	11	Bond		Bid Ass
Prices of February 21.			Boston	United Gas, 2			52	People's Tr	ac. trust	certs. 4s. 1943	924 934
Atlanta & Charlotte (Ball.). Beston & Providence (Boston).	100 2654	100	Burl, &	Mo. River Ex	e npt 6s, Ja	J 1116	1164	Perkiomen,	1st ser.,	58.1918, Q-J	1014
Camden & Atlantic pf. (Phila.). Catawissa	50 38	210	Plain Chie, B	4s. url.& Nor. 1s ort. 6s. uture 6s. url.& Quiney (1910, J& t5,1926, A&	J 96 O 97	98	Phila & Bea	t., 4 g d. new 4	1920, A&O i g., 1958, J&J g, 1958, Feb 1 g, 1958, Feb. 1 g, 1958, Feb. 1 1933, A&O	7878 791e
lat preferred	50 494	50	2d me Deber	ort. 6s ture 6s	1918, J& 1896, J&	D 103	104	2d pref. in	ncome, 5	g, 1958, Feb 1 g, 1958, Feb. 1	204 203
	100 140	142	Chie. Bu	url.& Quincy of Division 4s	1922, F& 1919, A&	A 98 93	99	2d, 5s	come, 5	g, 1958, Feb. 1 1933, A&O 1911, J&D	
Consol. Tract of N.J. (Phila.).	100 240 100 20	245	Chic. & V	Division 4s. W.Mich. gen. of Vermont, River, 1st, 5 ns. & Nor'n M.	5s, 1921, J& 5s.1913, J&	J 95 J 60	684				127
Plint & Pere Marq (Boston).	100 13	1319	Det. La	ns. & Nor'n M.	7s.1927, A&	0 87 J 60	65	Con. M., 5	g.,stamp	g., 1897, A&O ed,1922, M&N ., 1941, Q.—F. 4s.1917, A&O ,1900, F&A	99 1043
Hestonville Passeng. (Phila.).	100 38 50 484	4912	Free,El	1st mort 6 g k. & M. V., 1st, mped, 1st, 6s	6s.1933,, end	11164 11274		Phil. Wilm.	& Balt.,	48.1917, A&O	104
Freferred ¶	50 60 50 514	30	K.C.C.d	mped, 1st, 0st, Spring.,1st,	g.,1925,A&	674		Rochester B	ailway,	oon. 5s1930 5 g.1935, J&D	1301- 103
Ran. C'y Ft.S. & Mem. (Boston).	100 15	521g 17 60	K.C. Me	t Spring., 1st, 2 8. & M. con. 6 m. & Bir., 1st, Jo. & C. B., & Ft. S., 1st,	28,1927, M&	8 63	65 123	Union Term	inai lat	DB FORA	97
Preferred	50 683	65					95 107	Atlanta & Cl	elt, lst.	78, 1907, Ja.) 58, 1990, M&N	98 100
Resquehoning Val "	50 55 100 64		Mar H	-6 g	1936, A&C	85	87 107	Balt. C. Pass	n, 1st 5s.	1911, M&N	115
Borth Pennsylvania. "Oregon Short Line (Boston).	50		Mexican lat con	Central, 4 s nsol.incomes, sol.incomes	2 g. non-oun	234	704	No. Balt.	mpt. 6s.	1901, M&S	105 106
Pennsylvania & N. W. (Phila.).	50 30	214	N. Y. &	N.Eng., 1st.	3s, non-cum	11184	1119	Raltimore &	Ohio 4 a	z., 1935, A&O	10219
	100 13	71	Ogden.	L.C., Con.es	1905, J&. 1920,A&C	§106	11219 107	Bal. & Ohio S.	nd, 2d, 4 W.,1st,4	1945, F&A 5 g.1926, J&J 4 g.1990, J&J 6 g.1916, J&D	74
Preferred	100 10 ¹ 9	33	Ru tlane	aol. incomes. N.Eng., 1st. 7 ort. 6s		107	16	Series B.,	g	6g. 1916, J&D 1916, J&D 1930, M& 1932, M&N 1932, M&N 1932, J&D 5a. 1910, J&J 6a. 1917, J&J a 1922, J&J 1900, J&J 1904, J&J 1926, J&J 1926, J&J 1926, J&J 1926, J&J 1926, J&J	50
West End(Boston). Preferred	50 68 50 89	90	2d, 5a	nds, Phila	delphia	\$100	1014	Cent. Ohio, 4	19 g	1916, Ja D	50 41 45 106 1101 1121 1121
West Jersey	00 00	60	Atlantic	City 1st 5s,	0s, 1896, Ja. z., 1919, M&l	104		City & Sub.,	1st 5s	1922, J&D	111 1111
Western N. Y. & Penn "	50 20	25 31 ₉	Buffalo	Ry. con. 1st, 6	58193	109		Col. & Green	v., lat 5	6a.1917, J&J	11019 111
Preferred "	100 4			Ry. con. 1st, sa, M., 7s tla. & Gulf, p			844	Georgia Pac.	, 1st 5-6	1900 J&J	85 5 864 1124 1134 109 1094
MISCELLANEOUS.	100 112	117	Columb.	St. Ry. of Ind St. Ry., 1st,	con. 5s. 193	834		68		1904, J&J	1104 1134
Allouez Min'g, asst pd(Boston). Atlantic Mining	25 184	19 919	Consol.	St. Ry., 1st, O. Crosstown Fract. of N. J. of Br'k, 1st, 7 t Am. 1stM., 5 Wilm., 1st, 6 ille M. & F., Re'd Ton, Cor	, 1st,5s.1938	821 ₉ 1224		Piedm & Cor	n. 1st. 5	1925, A&O g.1911, F&A 7s.1898, J&J	
Boston Land "	50 94 10 4 10 15	419	Easton d	Wilm. let 6	8.1920, MAN	1104		Pitts. & Conn	ells. 1st	78.1898, J&J 1994, J&J	103 lg 104 92 lg 93 lg
Contennial Mining " Fort Wayne Elect. ¶ " Franklin Mining "	25 1 25 14	2 141 ₉	Hestony	ille M. & F., Br'd Top, Cor	con. 5s1924	107		Virginia Mid 2d Series.	, 1st 6s.	1994, J&J 1996, M&8 1911 M&8 1915, M&8 1921, M&8	116 117
Frenchm'n's Bay L'd.	00 68	70	Lohigh 1	Nav. 4198	1914, Q-J	111		3d Series,	3-4-58	191 , M&8	*****
Carearge Mining	00 68 25 13 25 264	134	Genera Lehigh V	l mort. 4198,	g.1924,Q-I	10338	9919	5th Series, West Va C.	5a P. lat. 6	1926, M&F	1044 1054 107 108 112 1124
Pullman Palace Car. (Phila)	00 160	161	Lehigh V	alley, 1st 6s.	1898, J&D	1064 1345 125		West'L N.C. (Wilm. Col. &	Aug., 6	1910, J&D	112 1124
Preferred Busion).	25 124	125	Consul Newark	Brd Top, Con Nav. 4 28 gold al mort. 4 28, al Coal 1st 58 valley, 1st 68 6 Passenger, conn. 1st. 7a.	1923, J&D	125 1031 ₉		Baltimore W	SELLANE	1916, M&N	
	00 1	114 114 31	North Pe	nn. 1et, 7s 7s vania gen .6s.	1896, Man	1021g 1211g 1311g	123	Funding 5s Exchange	3198	1916, M&N 1980, J&J	73 74
Pref. cumulative.	50 30 50 523a	31 531	Pennsylv Consol.	ania gen . 6s, 6s, e	r 1910, Val	131 ½ 120		Funded del	te) 3s, ne ot, 2-3s	w. 1982, J&J	6178 614
Bonds-Boston. At. Top. &B. F. 100-yr. 4g., 1989, J.	€J *78%	79	Consol.	58, F Tr. 419 g	1919, Van	118		Consol. Gas,	68s	008. 1916, M&N 1916, M&N 1930, J&J w.1932, J&J 1991, J&D 1910, J&D 1910, J&D	114
Bonds—Boston. Al. Top. 48. F. 100-yr. 4 g., 1989, Jo 24 2 - 4s, g., Class A 1989, Ad- eston United Gas 1st 5s	\$78	80	Con. 5a	6s, c 5s, r Tr. 4 ¹ s g Y. Canal, 7s.	1906,J&D	123		Sanitable G	as, fia	1010 140	
									1000		

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES (Continued) -ACTIVE BONDS FEBRUARY 21 AND FOR YEAR 1896.

MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.	Int'st Period	Price Feb. 21.	Lowest.	Eighest.	MISCELLANEOUS BON		Int'st Period	Price Feb. 21.	Range (sal	Highest,
2 1000	Q-F	109 lgb.		1111 ₉ Jan.	M. K. & Tex.—2d, 4s, g. Mo. Pac.—1st, con., 6g. 3d, 7s. Pac. of Mo.—1st, ex., 4g 2d ext. 5s. St. L. & Ir. Mt. 1st ext., 5s 2d, 7g. Cairo Ark. & Fexas, 7g Gen. R'y & land gr., 5g Mobile & Onio—New 6g. General mortgage, 4s. Nash. Ch. & St. L.—1st, 7s. Coasol., 5g.	.1990	F&A	6219	5312 Jan.	6219 Feb
mer. Cotton Oil, deb., 8g. 1900 nn Arbor.—1st, 4s, g 1995 t. Top.&S.F.—100.yr., 4g. 1989 3-4s, Cl. "A" 1st install.pd. 89	J&J	71 b.	169 12 Jan.	7178 Feb.	Mo. Pac.—1st, con., 6g	.1920 $.1906$	M&N	95 109 19a.	94 lg Feb. 108 Jan.	97 Jan 112 Jan
3-49, Cl. "A" 1st in stall. pd. '89	A & O	274	19% Jan. 72% Jan.	1274 Feb.	Pac. of Mo1st, ex., 4g	.1938	F&A	100 b.	101 Feb.	10219 Jan
		1034	42 lo Jan	8018 Feb. 4934 Feb.	St. L. & Ir. Mt. 1st ext., 5s	.1935	F&A	*108 a. 10018	100 Feb.	102 lo Jan
Adjustment 4s, when issued. Col. Midland—Cons., 4g. 1940	F&A	127588.	120 Jan.	49% Feb. 126 Feb.	2d, 7g	.1897	M&N	1021gb.	100 Jan.	10219 Feb. 101 Jan
tl. & Pac.—Guar. 481937	A & O	100 b.	414 Feb. 97% Feb.	414 Feb. 102 Jan.	Gen. R'y & land gr. 5g	1931	A&O	80 8a.	10019 Feb. 79 Jan.	804 Feb
Union Elevated6g1937	M&N	100 b.	96 Feb. 97 Feb.	10019 Jan 10019 Feb.	Mobile & Ohio-New 6g	1927	J&D	118 lgb.	117 Jan.	118 g Feb.
Col. Midland—Colas, 48, 1842 kt. & Pac.—Guar. 48 1937 trooklyn Elev. 1st, 6g 1944 Union Elevated.—6g 1937 klyn Whrt & W. H1st, 5s, 2, 45 lanada Southern.—1st, 5s, 1908	J&J	10819	106 Jan.	10938 Feb.	Nash. Ch. & St.L.—1st, 7s.	1913	J&J	127 b.	624 Jan. 127 Feb.	68 % Feb. 12719 Jan.
Anada Southern.—1st, 5s, 1903 2d, 5s	Macs	107 a. 62 b	104 Jan.	105 Jan.	Consol., 5g. Nat'l Starch Mfg.—1st 6s. N. Y. Central—Debtext.4s	19 8	A & O	101 b.	100 Jan. 92 Jan.	12719 Jan. 10178 Feb. 95 Jan.
entral of N. J.—Cons.,78,1899	Q-J	1094	109 lg Feb.	110 Feb.	N. Y. Central-Debtext.4s	1905	M&N	10214b.	1001a Jan.	103 Feb.
entral of N. J.—Cons.,78,1899 Consol., 78	JaJ	119	115 g Feb. 1123 Jan.	116 Feb. 11912 Feb.	1st, coupon, 7s Deben, 5s, coup., 1884 N. Y. & Harlem, 7s, reg R.W. & Ogd., consols, 5s. West Shore guar 4s.	1903	MAS	119 ab.	118 Jan. 1064 Jan.	120 Jan. 108 Feb.
Leh.& W. B.,con., s,as'd. 1900	Q-M	106 b.	104% Feb.	106 Feb.	N. Y. & Harlem, 7s, reg.	1900	M&N	113 b.		
" mortgage5s. 1912 Am. Dock & Imp., 5s 1921 entral Pacific Gold, 6s. 1898 hes. & Ohlo.—Ser. A, 6g 1908 Mortgage, 6g 1911 1stconsol., 5g 1939 Gangral4-los g 1939	J&J	1135gb.	11119 Jan.	1131g Feb.	K. W. & Ogd., consols, 5s. West Shore, guar., 4s. N. Y. Chic. & St. L.—4 g. N. Y. Lack. & W.—1st, 6s. Construction, 5s. N. Y. L. & W.—1st, con., 7g. 2 consol. 63.	2361	J&J	1194	116 Jan. 104 Jan.	1194 Feb. 1064 Feb. 1044 Feb.
entral Pacific Gold, 6s. 1898	J&J	102 lgb.	9912 Jan.	1031 ₉ Feb.	N. Y. Chie. & St. L4 g	19 47	A&O	10119	102 Jan.	104 lg Feb.
Mortgage, 6 g1911	A & O '	116 b.			Construction, 5s	1923	F&A	112 b.	129 Jan.	133½ Feb.
1steonsol., 5 g	MAS	78 gb.	104 le Jan. 68 la Jan.	1094 Feb. 78 Feb.	N.Y.L.E.&W.—1st,con.,7g.	1920	MAES	140 a.	135 Jan. 1664 Jan.	139 Feb.
R. & A. Div., 1st con., 4g. 1939	J& J	96 a.	91 4 Jan.	96 Feb.	Long Dock, cousel., 6 g.	1935	A & O	T30.50		†75 Feb.
1stconsol., 5 g. 1939 General4 2s, g. 1992 R. & A. Div., 1stcon., 4g. 1939 "2 d. con., 4g. 1989 Eliz. Lex. & Big. San., 5g. 1902 hic. Burl. & Q.—Con. 7s. 1963 Debenture, 5s. 1913 Convertible 5s. 1903	MAS	83 b. 10138b.	82 Feb. 98 Jan.	83 Feb. 101 Feb.	2 consol., 6g Long Dock, cousol., 6 g. N.Y. N. H. & H.—Cou. deb. N.Y. Ont. & W.—Ref. 4s, g.	1992	MAS	137 92 b.	135 Jan. 894 Jan.	137 Feb. 934 Feb.
hic. Burl. & QCon. 7s. 1903	J&J	11734	1154 Jan.	1173 Feb.	Consol., 1st, 5s, g	1939	L& D	109 h.	107 Jan.	109 Jan.
Debenture, 58	M&S	99 lgb.	99 Feb. 100 Jan.	101 Feb. 104 Feb.	Milland of N. J., 6s. g.	$\frac{1937}{1910}$	1 4 0	973b.		100 Jan. 115% Jan.
Denver Division 4s19/2	F&A	95 a.	95 Jan.	95 Jan.	Norf. & W100-year, 5s,g.	1990	A J	631gb.	60 Jan.	67 Feb.
Han. & St. Jos.—Cons. 6s. 1911	M & 8	117 b.	87 ¹ 2 Jan. 116 Jan.	914 Feb. 1184 Jan.	N.Y. Olit. & W.—Reft. 48, g. Consol., 1st, 58, g. N.Y. Sus. & W. 1stref., 58, g. M.Y. Sus. & W. 1stref., 58, g. Molland of N. J., 68 g. Nor. & W.—100-year, 58, g. No. Pacific—1st, coup. 6g. General, 2d, coup., 6 g. General, 3d, coup., 6 g. Cansol. mortcage, 5 g.	1933	4 60	109 b.	1134 Jan. 100 Jan.	117 Feb. 112 Feb.
hic. & E. Ill.—1st, s. f. 6s. 1907	J & D	114 b.	112 Jan. 123 Jan.	114 Jan. 123 Jan.	General, 3d, coup., 6 g	1937	& D	78	64 Jan.	78 Feb.
General consol., 1st 5s. 1937	M&N	101	99 Feb.	123 Jan. 101 Jan.	Col. trust gold notes, 6s.	1898	M & N	87	31 lg Jan. 76 lg Jan.	4318 Feb. 8719 Feb.
Debenture, 5s	Oct.	2710	10534 Jan. 20 Jan.	111 Feb. 28 Jan.	General, 3d. coup., 6 g. Consol. mortgage, 5 g. Col. trust gold notes, 6s. Coli. & N. Pao., 1st, 5 g. Seat. L. S. & E., 1st., gud. No. Pao. & Mont.—6g. No. Pao. & Mont.—6g. No. Paolife Ter. Co—6g. Ohio & Miss.—Con.s. f., 7s. General mortgage, 4 g. Oregon Impr. Co.—1st 6g. Consol., 7 g.	$\frac{1940}{1931}$	A & O	4419	37 Jan. 40 Jan.	†45 lg Feb. †45 lg Feb.
nloago & Erie.—18*, 0g. 1982; Income, 5s	I & J	92	so Jan.	92 Feb.	No. Pac. & Mont6g	1938	M & S	344	26 Jan.	†34% Feb.
ile. Mil.& St. P.—Con.78.1905	J & J	127 b. 1 115 a. 1	115 Jan.	127 ¹ 2 Feb. 115 Jan.	Ohio & Miss.—Con.s.f., 7s	1898 J	& J	103 lgb.	loo Jan.	1041 ₉ Feb. 104 Feb.
1st, So. Minn. Div., 6s 1910	I & J	115 b.	112 san.	1153 Feb.	Ohio Southern-1st, 6 g	1921 J	& D	93 a.	87% Jan.	934 Feb.
1st, Ch. & Pac. W. Div. 5s 1921 Chie & Mo. Riv. Div. 5s 1926	J&J	107 b. 1	1033 Jan.	112 ¹ 2 Feb. 107 ³ 4 Feb.	Oregon Impr. Co.—1st 6g	$\frac{1921}{1910}$	& D	132 b. 84 b.	82 le Feb.	91% Jan
Wise. & Minn., Div., 5g 1921	J & J	111 b.	LOG 12 Jan.	111 Feb.	Consol., 5 g	1939	401	274	25 la Feb.	36 Jan.
Gen. M., 4g., series A1989	J&J	95 1	93 Jan.	112 Jan. 95 F.b.	Consol., 5 g	1925 J	& D	96	OO Ton	36 Jan. 110 Feb. 198 Feb. 111 Feb.
Wisc. & Minh., Div., 5g., 1321 Terminal, 5g.,	J& D	116 ¹ 9b. 1 130 b. 1	1512 Jan.	11619 Feb.	Penn. Co112g, coup	1921	& J	111 b.	084 Jan.	111 Feb.
Coupon, gold, 781902	1 & D *	118 b.	118 Feb.	141 Jan. 118 Feb.	Oregon Impr. Co.—1st 6g. Cousol., 5 g. Ore. R.& Nav. Co.—1st, 6g. Consol., 5 g. Penn. Co.—1'9g, coup. Peo. Dec. & Evansv.—6 g. Evans. Division, 6 g. 2d mortage, 5 g.	1920	I de B	100 b. 1	01 2 Feb.	1011 ₉ Feb.
hic. & N. W.—Consol., 78. 1915 Coupon, gold, 78. 1902, Sinking fund, 68. 1929, Sinking fund, 58. 1929, Sinking fund, 58. 1933, 25-year debenture, 58. 1933, 25-year debenture, 58. 1934, Extension, 48. 1926, hic. R.I. & Pac.—68, coup. 1917, Extension and col., 58. 1934, 30-year debenture, 54. 1932, hic. St. P. M. & O.—68. 1930, leveland & Canton.—58. 1917, C. C. & I.—Consol. 78. 1914, General consol., 68. 1934,	A & O	113 b. 1 110 b. 1	112 Jan. 108 Jan.	112 Jan. 1104 Feb.	Evans Division, 6 g 2d mortage, 5 g 4 g 4 g 4 g 4 g 4 g 4 g 4 g 4 g 1 st pf. inc., 5 g., 1 st inst p 2 d pf. inc., 5 g., 1 st inst p p 1 titsburg & Western—1 g. Rio Gr. Western—1 st 4 g 5 t. Jo. & Gr. Island—6 g 5 t. L. & San Fr.—6 g. Cl. B. 6 g., Class C. General mortgage, 6 g	1926	AJ		28 Jan. 71 2 Jan.	31 Feb. 179 Jan.
Sinking fund, debeu., 5s. 1933	M & N	110%b.	107 9 Jan.	III Feb.	1st pf. inc., 5 g, 1st inst p	d.'58		34	184 Jan. 54 Jan.	13619 Jan.
25-year debeuture, 5s1909	F&A	107 a. 1	lus Jan.	106 ¹ 9 Feb. 101 Jan.	2d pf.ine, 5 g., 1st inst pe	d. 58	******	2034 114 b.	5% Jan.	2238 Jan.
hie. R.I. & Pac6s, coup. 1917	l & J	125 b.			Pittsburg & Western-1 g.	1917 J	& J	76	74 Jan.	77 Jan.
Extension and col., 5s1931	M& S	103 b. 1 96 ¹ 2	92 Jan.	1034 Feb. 97 Feb.	St. Jo. & Gr. Island—6 g	1939 J 1925 M	C& N	771 ₉	70 Jan. 40 Feb.	77's Feb.
hic. St. P. M. & O681930	& D	126 b. 1	TO Ton	126 Feb.	St. L. & San Fr.—6g, Cl. B.	1906	I & N		11% Jan.	114 Feb.
C. C. & I.—Consol. 7g1914	I & D	128 b. 1	79 Jan. 19 Jan.	90 Jan. 12719 Feb.	General mortgage, 6 g	1906 A	& J	115 106%b.	12 Jan. 01 2 Jan.	115 Feb. 10678 Feb.
General consol., 6g1934 C.C.&St.L.—Peo.&E.,4s 1940 Income 4s	& J	122 gb 80	79 Feb.	80 Jan.	Cons. guar. 4s, g	1990 A	& O	75	70 Jan.	
Income, 4s1990	April.	181gb.	20 Jan.	23 Jan.	2d, 4s, g., income	1989 J	& J	31	244 Jan.	32 Feb.
ol. Coal & Iron—6g1900]	A & S	99 a.		100 Jan. 114 Jan.	St. P. M. & M.—Dak. Ex., 6 g.	1910 A	& N	120 b. 1	194 Jan. 17 Jan.	120 Feb. 121 Feb.
ol. H. Val. & TolCon., 5g. 1931	4 & 8	8919b.	83 Jan.	90 Feb.	" reduced to 41	g g J	& J	103 b.	17 Jan. 01% Jan.	103 Feb.
env. & Rio Gr.—1st. 7s.g. 1900	AAN	91 a. 113 ¹ 2b. 1	80 Jan. 10 ¹ 8 Jan.	88 Jan. 113 Feb.	San Ant. & A. P.—1st. 4g. g	1937 J	& J	59 a.	87 Jan. 51 2 Jan.	88 Jan. 59 Feb.
C.C.&St. L.—Peo. & E., 4s 1940 Incomé. 4s 1940 J. Coal & Iron.—6g. 1940 J. Coal & Iron.—6g. 1993 J. & Sth. Ave. gu. 5s. g. 1993 J. & Sth. Ave. gu. 5s. g. 1993 J. & Sth. Tol.—Com., 5g 1931 J. St. Sh. G. St. 1936 J. W. & Denv. City.—6g. 1937 J. W. & Denv. City.—6g. 1937 J. W. & Denv. City.—6g. 1921 J. H. & San. An. M. & P. D. 184, 5g J. Electric, deb. 5s. g. 1922 J. Linois Central.—4s. g. 1921 L. & Great Nor.—1st. 6s. g. 1931 L. & Great Nor.—1st. 6s. g. 1931 L. & Great Nor.—1st. 6s. g. 1931	& J	90 g 97 b.	83 Jan.	9019 Feb.	o g., Classo C. General mortgage, 6 g Cons. guar. 4s, g. St. L. & So. W.—1st, 4s, g. J. 2d, 4s, g., Income. St. P.M. & M.—Dak. Ex., 6 g. 1st consol., 6 g reduced to 4¹ Montana extension, 4 g. San. Ant. & A. P.—1st. 4g, g. Sav. Fla. & West.—1st. 6g, 5s. So. Car. & Ga.—1st. 5 g So. Pacific, Cal.—6 g 190 1st consol., gold, 5 g. So. Pacific, Cal.—6 g So. Pacific, Val.—6 g So. Houtern.—1st. cons. g. 5s. E. Tenn. reorg lien 4-5s. E. Tenn. reorg lien 4-5s. G. Gon. 5 g. Goorgia Pac. 1st5-6, g.	1934 A	40	03	00 7	
W. & Denv. City.—6g 1921	& Dt	7038	64 Jan.	98 Feb. 703 Feb.	So. Pacific, Ariz6 g 190	9 10 J	& J	94 b.	93 Jan. 94 Feb.	947 Feb. 97 Feb.
H.&San.An-M.&P.D.1st,5g	A & N	924	91 lg Jan. 85 Jan.	93 Jan. 93 Feb.	So. Pacific, Cal.—6 g190	3-12 A	40	111 b. 1	0819 Jan.	111 Feb.
ous. & T. Cent. gen. 4s, g. 1921	0 3	6934	69 Jan.	694 Feb.	So. Pacide, N. M.—6 g	1911 J	& J	100 b. 1	90 4 Feb. 01 9 Jan.	92 ¹ 9 Jan. 105 ³ 4 Feb.
nois Central.—4s, g1953 I	A & A	102 a. 102 b. 1	99 Jan. 1	102 Feb. 1034 Jan.	E. Tenn. reorg lien 4-34	1994 J	A J	9314	87% Jan.	93 4 Feb.
&Great Nor.—1st, 6s,g.1919	A&N I	118 1	10 Jan.	118 Feb.	E T. V. & G1st, 7 g	1900 J	& J	1074b. 1	91 Jan. 07 Jan. 05 Jan.	109 g Feb.
d, 4-5s	& D	75 ¹ 9b. 94	70 Jan. 90½ Jan.	75 Feb. 9148 Feb.	Georgia Pac. 1st 5-6+ g	1956 A	& J	10828 1	05 Jan. 10 Jan.	109 Feb.
ngs Co. Eiev.—1st, 5g. 1925 J	& J *	80 a.	70 Jan.	o A alibert.	Georgia Pac. 1st 5-64, g., Knoxv. & Ohio 1st 64,g Rich. & Danv. con. 6s, g	1925 J	& J	114 b. i	13 Feb.	114 Jan
elede Gas.—1st, 5s, g1919 ke Erie & West.—5g1937 J	& J	95 15 b. 1	93 Jan. 13 Jan.	96 Jan.	West. No. Carlst con. 6s. g.	1914 J	& J	1173 i		118 Jan. 113 Jan.
shoreCon,ep., 1st, 7s., 1900 J	& J	13 b. 1	12 Jan. 18 Jan.	114 Jan. 115 Jan. 1194 Jan.	West No. Carlstoon.6s, g Tenn. C. I. & Ry—Ten. D. Is Birmingham Div., 6 g1 Texas & Pacific—1st, 5 g2	t, 6g A	40	93 a.	an Jan.	92 Feb
blede Gas.—1st, 5s, g 1919 shore.—Con, op., 1st, 7s, 1900 J onsol. coup., 2d, 7s 1903 J c. Av. & Pay. F. gu. 5s, g. 1993 J onsol. coup., 2d, 7s 1913 J	I & S	133	11 Jan.	1134 Jan.	Texas & Pacific—1st, 5 g	2000 J	& D	97 h	89 Jan. 81 Jan.	91 Jan 88 Feb 233 Feb
ng Island.— 1st con., 5g.1931 eneral mortgage, 4g 1938 J iis. & Nash.—Cons. 7s 1898 J	& D *1	95 b	174 Jan. 943 Feb.	120 Feb. 98 Jan. 10719 Jan.	2d, income, 5 g	1935 I	larch &	235 ₈	18 Jan. 0519 Jan.	234 Feb
is. & Nash.—Cons. 7s 1898	40 1	1064b. 1	053 Jan.	10719 Jan.	Tol. St. L. & Kan. C6 g	1910 J	& D	74191.	71 Jan.	10878 Feb 77 Feb
O. & Mobile 1st. 69 1930 J	AV. all	100	18 Jan. 97 Jan.	119 Jan. 100 Feb.	Ext. sinking fund. 8.	1893 J	1 & S	97	0219 Jan. 3	1054 Jan 97 Feb
eneral, 6g	& D	114 b. 1	14 Jan.						ou ren.	54 Feb
nified, 4g	& J 1	113 b. 1	7119 Jan. 1178 Jan.	80 Feb.	Gold 6s, col. trust notes 1 Kan. PacDen. Div., 6g.	1899 A	I & N	109	93 lg Jan. 06 Jau.	97 Jan 109 Feb
onsol., 6g1916	401	10234	99 2 Jan.	1023 Feb.	1st consol , 6 g	1919 M	I& N	77 i	70 Jan.	77 Feb.
Onsol.,, 6g	& O	98	50 ¹ 4 Jan. 97 Feb.	1023 Feb. 57 Jan. 981 Jan.	Or.S.L.&UthN.—Con. 5g.	1922 F	& A	69	100 Jan. 51 Jan.	11112Feb
tro. Elevated.—185, 6g.1908 J	& J 1			118 Jan. 10719 Feb.	U.P.Den & Gulf,con.,5 g.	1939 J	& D	3919	31 12 Jan.	40 Feb.
d, os	L&N I	18 b. 1	17 Jan.	107 g Feb.	U. S. Cord.—1st col., 6 g Virginia Mid.—Gen. M. 5a	1924 J 1936 N	L& N	†341gb. 100 b.	30 Jan.	36% Feb.
Consol., 5s	I&N I	10814	001- 7	1001.	Ist consol, 6g	1939 1	I & N	10619	Ools In I	1064 Feb.
Exten. & Imp., 5g 1921 N	& A *1	11 b. 1	11 Feb.	130 ¹ 2 Jan. 113 Jan. 101 ¹ 2 Feb.	2d mortgage, 5 g West N. Y. & Pa.—1st, 5 g. Gen. 2-3-4s, gold. West. Un. Tel.—Col. tr. 5s. Wisc. Cent. Co. 1st 5 g	1939 F 1937 J	& J	107	05 Jan.	77 Jan.
			Oct- Yes	OLI- Web	Clan 0 0 4			40 %	44	49 Feb. 107 Feb. 146 Feb.
Exten. & Imp., 5g 1929 F un. & St. L. — 1st con. 5s.g. 1934 N b. K. & E. — 1st 5s.g., gu. 1942 A K. & Texas.— 1st. 4×, g. 1990 J	L&N I	9319	96 lg Jan. 3 86 Jan.	93 % Feb. 864 Feb.	West IIn Tel	1943	20	107	44 Jan.	107 F CO.

NOTE.—"b" indicates price bid; "a" price asked; the range is made up from actual sales only. * Latest price this week. † Trust receipts.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES—(Continued) —INACTIVE BONDS—FEBRUARY 21.

| Railroad Bonds. | Bid. | Ask. | SECURITIES. | Bid. | Ask. | Bid. | Ask. | SECURITIES. | Securities

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- INACTIVE BONDS -(Continued) - FEBRUARY 91.

SECURITIES.	Bia.	Ask.	SECURITIES.		Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
C.Ohio-Col. & Cin.M.1st,44s.1938			F.&.P.M1st. con. gold, 5s	1939	90		Norfolk & South'n-1st, 5s.g. 1941	*105	110
Cent. RR. & Bank Col. g.5s. 1937 Cent. of N. J Conv. deb., 6s. 1908	96	*****	rt. Huron Div.—1st, 5s Fla. Cen & Pen.—1st g. 5s1	1939	*105		Norfolk & West.—General, 6s. 1931	114	
Cent Pacific-Gold bonds, 6r.1896	101		1st con. g., 5s	1943	*83	£9	Imp. & Ext., 6s	112	*****
(ant Pacific—Gold bonds, 6-1896 Gold bonds, 6s. 1897 San Joaquin Br., 6s. 1990 Mort, gold 5s. 1939	1014	******	Gal. Har. & San Ant.—1st, 6s.	1910	.00		Equipment, 5s1908	75	
Mort. gold 5s	*92		Gal. Har. & San Ant.—1st, 6s. 2d mort., 7s	1905 1929	*****	*****	Md. & Wash. Div.—1st.g.5s.1941	454 631 ₉	
Cal. & O. Div., ext., g. 5s1918	*104 *103	*****	Grand Rap. & Ind.—Gen. 5s G. B. W. & St. P.—1st, con. 5s.	1924	****		Boasoke&So.—Ist, gu. 5s, g. 1922 Scioto Val. & N. E.—Ist. 4s, 1990	834	
Land grant, 5s, g 1900 Cal. & O. Div., ext., g. 5s 1918 West. Pacific—Bonds, 6s 1899 No. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s. 1907	91		2d inc. 4s.	1906	1224		Ohio & Miss-Consol. 7s1898	10319	*****
00-year 05	1044	105	2d inc. 4s Housatonic—Cons. gold 5s N. Haven & Derby, Cons.5s	1918	1148		Rosaoke & So 1st, gu. os, g. 1922 Soloto Val. & N. E 1st, 4s. 1990 Ohio & Miss Consol. 7s. 1898 2d consol. 7s. 1911 Spring. Div 1st 7s. 1905	******	******
Warm Spr. Val., 1st, g. 5s1940	*****		Hous, & T. U.—Waco & N. 78	1903	125	110	Ohio River RR.—1et, 5s1932	*****	103
Ches. O. & So. West.—1st 6s, g. 1911	*****		Cons. g. 6s (int. gtd)	912	105 85		Omaha & St. Louis.—1st. 4s. 1937	50	*****
Craig Valley-1st, g., 5s1940 Warm Spr. Val., 1st, g. 5s1940 Ches. O. & Bo. West.—1st 6s, g. 1911 3d, 6s	115		Cons. g. 6s (int. gtd)	897	107		Oregon & Califor1st, 5s, g. 1927 Oreg. Ry & NayCol tr. g. 5s 1919	82	*****
Louis, & Mo. River-1st, 7s.1900	107		1st. gold, 31gs	951		101	Penn-P.C.C.&St.L.Cn.g.4 as A 1940	110	111 1104
9t. L. Jacks, & Chic2d, 7s.1898	102	*****	Gold 4s	950			P.C.&S.L1st,c.,7s	******	110-6
Chie. Burl. & Nor.—1st. 5s 1926	1043	*****	Middle Div.—Reg., 581	921	1044	105	2d, 781912	*****	*****
Debenture 6s	102	1054	INL CODEOL: / B	12 Sec. 1	104 4	107	Ch.St.L.&P.—1st,con.5s,g1932	117	******
Iowa Div.—Sink. fund, 5s1919 Sinking fund, 4s 1919	106 ¹ 9	100	Gold, 5s, coupon	951 951	1194	121	8pring.Div.—1et 7s	*105	*****
Plain, 48		107%	Ced. Falls & Minn.—1st, 7s1	907			St. L. V. & T. H.—1st, 6s., 7s. 1897		1024
ole. & Indiana Coal-1st 5s. 1936		0.5	rects, ex bonds. Ind. Ills. & Iowa.—1st, g, 4s. 1	020	26	28	2d, 7s		*****
sd, 73-10s, P. D1898	124	126	1st, ext., g. 5s.	943	84		Peo. &E,-Ind. B. &W1st, pf. 7s. 1900	*****	******
1st, I. & M., 7s	124	126 ¹ 9	Int. & G. N'n.—3d, 4s, g I Kings CoF.El.,1st,5,g.,gu.A.1	921	*****	80	Peoria & Pek. Union—1st, 6s. 1921	iii	*****
1st, I. & D., 7s	124	126	Lake Erie & West.—2d g., 5s.1: North'n Ohio—1st. gn g. 5s.1:	941	1024	103	2d mortg., 4 2s	******	69
1st, I. & D. Extension, 7s1908	1074	133	L. S. & M.Sou.—B. & E.—New 7s. Det M. & T.—lat 7s.	98'.	107		2d mortg., 4-2s		******
1et, H.& D., 7e	1244		Lake Shore-Div. bonds, 7s.1	899	109		Pitts. Painsv. & F.—1st, 5s1916		*****
Thicago & Iowa Div.—5s1905 tile. & Indiana Cosi—1st 5s. 1936 thi. Mil. & 8t. P.—1st, 8s, P. D. 1898 sd, 7 3-10s, P. D. 1898 sd, 7 3-10s, P. D. 1898 st, 7s, \$ g., R. D. 1902 lst, I. & H., 7s 1899 lst, C. & M., 7s 1899 lst, C. & M., 7s 1908 lst, I. & D. Extension, 7s 1908 lst, I. & C. & Dav., 5s 1919 lst, H. & D., 7s 1910 lst, H. & D., 5s 1910 Ohicago & Pacific Div., 6s 1910 Mineral Point Div. 5s 1910 Q. & L. Sup. Div., 5s 1910	11519		Mahon'g Coal RR.—1st, 5s.1	934	115		Pitts. Snen. & L. E.—1st, g., 7s. 1840 1st consol. 5s		70
Q. & L. Sup. Div., 5s1921	1074	108	Lehigh V., N. Y.—1st gu.g.4 28.1 Lehigh V.Term.—1st gu. 5s,g.1	940		1044	Pitta. Y'gat'n&A.—1st, 5s,con.1927		*****
O. & L. Sup. Div., 5s	1124		Lehigh V'y Coal—1st 5s,gu.g.19 Litchf. Car.& West.—1st 6s, g.19	933			Rio Grande So.—1st, g., 5s 1940 St. Jos. & Gr Is.—2d inc1925		70
Dakota & Gt. South., 5s1916		1074	Little Rock & M.—1st, 5s, g 1s	987			Kan. C. & Omaha—1st, 5s1927 St. L. A. & T. H.—Term. 5s1914		*****
Chic. & Norw30-year deb.5s. 2921	1094	109%	Ferry, 1st, g., 44s	922		95%	Belley, & So. Ill.—1st, 8s 1896 Relley, & Car.—1st, 6s 1923	*****	*****
Des M. & Minn.—1st, 781907	1124		N. Y. & R'way B1st, g. 5s. 1	927		424	Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s 1923 Chi.St.L.&Pad.—1st,gd.g.5s.1917 St. Louis So.—1st, gd. g. 4s.1931 do 2d incowe,5s.1931	*****	
Peninsula—1st, conv., 7s1898		****	N.Y.&Man.Beach.—1st, 7s, 18	197	100 .		do 2d income,5s.1931		******
Win. & St. P.—2d, 7s1997	105	30	Reta, ex bounds. Ind. Ills. & lowa.—1sf, g, 4s. 1 Ist, ext., g, 5s	11			St. L. & S. F.—2d 6s, g., ol. A. 1906	1144	****
		*****	1st, 5s	911			do 2d income, 5s. 1931 dar, & Shawt—lst g. 4s 1932 St. L. & S. F.—2d & s. g., ol. A. 1906 General 5s	954 934	*****
Forthern Ill.—1st, 5s 1910	9 414 In		Louis Evans & St. L.—Con.5s. 19	939	1001		Kan. City & 8 1st, 6s, g1916 Ft. S. & V. B. Bg1st, 6s1910	*****	*****
MINUM, ADIV., ABO, OB.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	104	27	E. H. & Nash.—1st 6s, g19	19	1	16	Kansas Midland—1st, 4s, g.1937		*****
(h.R.I.&P-D.M.&F.D.1st 4s.1905		43	Pensacoia Division, 6s19 St. Louis Division, 1st, 6s19	21	121				*****
Extension, 4s1905		843	2d, 3s	00 *1			2d mortgage 5s	103	440
		28	50 year 5s, g.,	37	*98		2d mort., 6s	1109 .	*****
Ohio, & W. Ind.—1st. s. f., 6s. 1919		31	50 year 5s, g	31			2d mort., 6s	1	19
General mortgage, 6s1932	174	184	Collat. trust, 5s, g	45			Post Minn lat div lat 5a 1909	1	.01
3d, gold, a 30	1 2480	0519	1st, g., 44ss	37 .		89 8	WilmardSiouxF.—1st, g,5s.1935		
Clev. Ak. & ColEq. & 2d 6s.1930 .			Kentucky Central-4s, g. 19 ou &Jeff. Bdge CoGu.g, 4s. 19	43 .		734	outhern-Ala. Cent., 1st 6s.1918		
8t.Lou.Div1stcol.ts't4s,g.1990	9319		ou.N.Alb.&Ch.—Gen.m.g.5s.19 femphis & Charl.—6s, gold19 1st con. Tenn lien, 7s19	24		703	Income, 6s		****
White W. Vai. Div.—1st, g. 4s. 1940	****		fexican Cent. Consol.—4s, g.19	111			E. "eun, V. & Ga.—Divis. 5a 1930 *	110	014
Oln. I. St. L. & C.—1st.g.,48,1936			lexican Cent. Consol.—48, g. 19 1st, cons. income 3s, g 19 1ex. International—1st, 4s, g. 19 1ex. International—1st, g., 6s. 19 2d, income, 6s, "A" 19 2d, income, 6s, "B" 19 1ichigan Central—6s 19 Coupon, 5s 19	42 .			Rich.& Dan.—Eq. s. f. g. 5s. 1909 Deben. 5s, stamped 1927 Vir'a Mid.—Serial ser.A, 6s. 1906 *	100 1	01
U30801, 08 1920 .		b	lexican National—1st, g., 6s. 19: 2d. income. 6s. "A"	27			Series B, 681911	05	
	06 1	10 N	2d, income, 6s, "B"19	17	714	8	Series D, 4-5s	100 11	05
Cin.&Sprist,C.C.C.&I.7s.1901	1.				0.4		Series F, 5s	74	78
Cleve & Mah. V.—Gold. 5s1938 1	17 1	21"	Mortgage 4s	39					***
Syra. Bing. & N. Y.—1st, 7s.1906 1		31	Inn.& St. L.—1st, g. 7s	1 180	00	64	1st, 4 ss	01 4	
	39	5	Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s195	21		T	exas & New Orleans—181,78.1905 1	07 10	9
7s of 1871	40 14	19 9 1	Mo. K. &T. of Tex. 1st. gn.5s. g. 194	2	80 8	4	Sabine Division, 1st, 6s1912 '1 Consol. 5s, g1943	94	****
D.&H.CanPa.Div.,coup.7s.1917 1			Kansas City & P., 1st, 4s, g 198 Dal. & Waco—1st, 5s, gu 194 issouri Pacific—Trust 5s 191	10	00	T T	hird Avenue (N.Y).—let 5e, 1937	11	9
	101-	M	issouri Pacific —Trust 5s191	7	8	2 T.	Babine Division, 1st, 68	794 8	30
Rens. & Sar. 1st, coup., 7s.1921 1	43		1st coll., 5s, g	5	10	5 0	lster & Del.—1st, con.,6.,5s. 1925 *1 nion Pacific—1st, 6s1896 1	01	
Metropol. Ry.—1st,gu. g.6s.1911			St. L. & Cairo—4s, guar193 organ's La. & T.—1st, 6s192	1	30		1at Ca 1897 1	034 10	
Dot.M. & ML. g. 34s,ser.A.1911	19 2	8 M	1st, 7s	8 1	25		Collateral Trust, 6s	95	
48, gold	70	N N	an. Chat. & St. L.—2d, 6s190 O. & No. L.—Pr. l., g., 6s191	5 10				10	5 3
Eric—lst, extended, 7s1897	24 10	6 N	Y. Central.—Deb. g. 4s190 N. J. Juno—Guar. 1st. 4s198	6 *10	10		D. Br. U P -F. c., 781895		74
2d, extended, 5s	419		O. &. No. b.—Pr. l., g., 6s. 191 Y. Central.—Deb. g. 4s190 N. J. Junc—Guar. 1st, 4s198 Beech Creek—1st, gold, 4s193 Osw. & Rome—2d, 5s, g., gu. 191	6 10	14 4		Atch. J. Co. & W1st. 6s 1905		0
4th, extended, 5s	2 10		Utica & Bl. Riv.—4s, g., gu.192	3 *10			I. P. Lill. & Col.—18t. K., 38, 13101		410
lst, con., g., f'd, 7s		N.	Osw. & Rolle-La, 58, 5, 56, 191 Utica & Bl. Riv.—4s, g., gu. 192 N. Y. & Put.—1st, g., 4a, gu. 199 Y. N. H. & H.—1st, res. 4s. 190	3 .10	2 100	5 11 1	Itah & North 185, 78 1905		***
W. V. L. E. & W Fad.con. 5a 1969	1	N	Y. Suag. & West.—2d. 44as 193	7 11		1	Ttoh Southern-Gen. 78 . 1901	34	
Jefferson-1st, gt., g, 58 1909 -10	131	- 3	9en. mort., 5s	0 7	4 75	5	Exten., 18t, 78		
Ooal & RR.—6s	0	No	rthern Pac.—Divid'd scrip ext.	6	3 75	Wa	bean-Debenture, Ser. A 1931	2	7
1st, con. g, 4s, prior bonds 1996 9	9,	7	pokane & Pal.—1st, 6s193 st.Paul & N. P.—Gen., 6s192 Ielena&RedM'n—1st,g., 6s.193	7	9 21 ₉ 122	i	heath—Debenture, Ser. A. 1931 bebenture, Series B		9 🗫
1at come #ie 1991 *10	639		Ielens&RedM'n-1st,g., 6s. 193	7 1	0			4	
#t. Vernon 1st 6s	0 :::		JulutnæManitoba—181,g.681936 Jul.&Man Dak.Div.—18168.1937	7 8	2	We	et. Va. C. & PittsLet, 6s. 191 10	13	
1st, general, g., 5s			œur d'Alene—1st, 6s, gold. 1916 Gen. 1st, g., 6s	21		Wh	Extension of timbe 8., op		2 4
Fint & P. Marg Mort., 6s 1920 1:	5 118	3 11 (ent. Washington-1st,g6s.1938	3'		Wi	A. Cent. income 58 193:		-

^{*} No price Friday; these are the latest quotations made this week. For Misseilar sous and Unlisted Souds, —Ree 3d page precedure.

Investment Kailroad Intelligence.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The following table shows the gross earnings of United States railroads (and also a few Mexican and Canadian roads) for the latest period reported. The statement includes every STEAM road from which regular weekly or monthly returns on the obtained. The first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for the calendar year from January 1 to and including such latest week or month.

The returns of the street varilways are not included in this

The returns of the street railways are not included in this table, but are brought together separately on a subsequent page.

ROADS.		Gross Eas	1	-	Latest Date.
	Week or Mo	1895-6.	1894-5.	1895-6.	1894-5.
-	 	8 200	8	\$ 000	8
Adirondack	. December. 2d wk Feb.	20,768	18,05 24,30	201,22	1 181,19
Ala. Midland	. December.	51,249	56.25	1 557,76	1 184,19 7 568,13 3 2,176,70
Allegheny Val.	December.	213,4+6	186,13	2,569.08 126,57	9 114,47
Ark. Midiand	December	14,121	14,219	111.97 3 29,172,72	1 102,75
St. L. & San F	4th wk Dec	788,100 148,701	709,083 160,94	5 29,172,72	4 28,724,496 2 6,071,436
Atlantication	4th wk Dec	92,329	46,83	1 3,745,139	1 3.200.00
Agg. total Atlanta & Char	14th wk Dec	1,029,133 202,071	956,86	1138.923.80(3 32 001 504
Atunta & W. P.	December.	59,035	43.268		
Atlan, & Danv.	120 WK FeD.	9.077	5,55		53,389
Augusta Sout'n. Austin & N'west	November.	5,24 s 20,306	3,549 22,498	222,559	3,542
Balt. Ches. & Att.	December.	37,470	43,550		
B.&O. East Line: Western Line:	January January	1,355,877 443,068	1,229,219 4-9,216	1,385,877	1,229,219
Total	Janu cry	1,828,945	1,698,435 107,751	1,928,943	1,698,435 730,896
Bal.&O. Sou'w Bangor&Aroost.	2d wk Feb. December.	112.681 45,423	107,751 28,502	720,632	730.896
Bath & Ham'nds	December.	3,373 2,078	2,602 1,034		33,877
Bir. & Atlantic	January	2,078	1,034	2.078	1.094
Brooklyn Elev Brunsw's & West	2d wk Feb. December.	33,447 49,261	†52,241 49,148	221,096 532,008	#320,023 53 i 180
Buff.Roch.&Pitt	12d wk Feb.	49,261 42,435 257,339	45.433	1 - 335.628	329,074
Buffalo & Susq Bur. C. Rap. & N.	Fr'mJuly 1 2d wk Feb.	78,486	179,854 66,090	546,908	408,775
Camden & Ati	November.	50.070	43,622	919,129	85 ,115
Camden & Ati Canadian Pacific Cape F.& Yad. V.	2d wk Feb.	307,00	224.00	2,136,000	1,626,036
Jar. Midiano	December.	307,00 12,902 4,744	9,329 3,834	51,071	57,209
Cent, of Georgia	December.	020,443	498,987		
Central of N.J	November. November.	1,279,684 1,133,790	1,051,590 1,149,338	12,045,474	11,208,532 12,106,051
Charlest'n&Sav.	December.	45,501	51,570	522,926	615,926
Theraw.& Dari	Septembr. 2d wk Feb.	178.854	155.447	80,744 1,296,840	1.091.794
Thes.O. & So. W	January	178,854 197,101	155,447 17 6 ,931	197,101	1,091,799 176,931
AU, Dur. & MU.	December.	2 724 718	135,491	2,003,907 31,652,364	1,828,309
Chic. Bur. & Q. Chic. & East. lli	2d wk Feb.	68,770	2,460,356 65,779	493,492 1,350,395	31,514,878 467,349
Dhicago & Erie Dhic. Gt. West'n Daic. Mil. & St. P. Chic. & N'thw'n	July 2d wk Feb.	197,082 2,724,718 68,770 187,149	65,779 158,533	1,350,395	467,349 1,234,124
Daie.Mil.& St. P.			59,947 423,797	525,237 3,400,776	364,479 2,739,161
Thic. Peo. & St. L	December.	549,311 2,614,786 21,615	423,797 2,046,845 16,866	31,503,399 124,638	29,059,547 106,163
hie. B'k I. & P.	2d wk Feb. January	1.182.8851		1.182.585	1.124.894
hie. B'k I. & P. hie. St. P. M. & O hie. & W. Mich	ресещвег.	659,124	534,038	1,182,585 7,508,764 134,619	7,297,619
in.Ga. & Ports	ist wk Feb January	27,705	534,038 25,192 4,477	134,619 4,476	1,124,894 7,297,619 130,885 4,477
in.& Kent. Sou.	November.	659,124 27,705 4,476 973	834		******
in Jack & Mac. in. N.O. & T. P	2d wk Feb. November.	14,001	9,314	79,097	70,503
N. Orl. & N. E. Ala. & Vicksb	3d wk Jan.	343,000 29,000	319,000 26,000	80,000	67,000
Vioka Sh & P	3d wk Jan.	12 0001	10.000	33,000	26,000
	3d wk Jan. January	7,000 21,568 3.269	18.5 6	23,000 21,568	27,000 18,506
larion River	November.	3.269	11,000 18,5 6 2,686	*******	
lev. Can. & So.	August	9,051	73,096 10,517	592,006 54.208	567,346
lev. Can. & So Cin.Ch. & St. 1 Peo. & East'n.	lst wk Feb lst wk Feb	211,617 151,057	230,169	1,314,33	60 667 1,283,783 1,586,066
Lor & Wheel	December. 2d wk Feb.	151,057	140,609 19,127	1,314,33 · 1,971,159 132,070	1,586,086
Lor.& Wheel.	January January 24 wk Feb.	19,570 151,630 202,633 13,677	114 926	101,630	120,032 114,926
ol. H. V. & Toi.	January	202,633	204,603 16,101	202,633 85,439	
JIUBA OF LAKE	anuary	900	1.000	298.9.91	100,474
rystal	December.	1.087	1,008 78,733 121,900	9,813 863,701 792,900	10,891
env. & Rio Gr	d wk Feb.	82,509 126,100	121,900	792,900	811,653 768,300
es M. & Kan. C	st wk Fee	2 (36364)		12.1941	7 657
CULTURE NO. 11	anuary *t wk Feb	37,079 16,153 26,877	22,523 17,09 14,204	37,079	22,523 93,558 232,640
ot. & Mackinae I	December.	26,877	14,204	86,110 363,212	232,640
	st wk Feb	100.998	58.84.21	2,100,613	1,000,029 [
glo.Jol.&East J	annary	37,326 103,966 518,728 2	78,232	170,142 106,966	153,621 78,232
76	ecember. 2	518,728 2	,234,361		63,802
reka Springs. Nans. & Ind pins 2	d wk Feb.	3,941 4,552	5,468	57,928 35.2 ·2	63,802 34,167
aus. or reien.	St WK Feb	1.625	$\frac{1.631}{16.741}$	8,378 132,277	8,720
chburg.	d wk Feb. December.	20,985 646,561	16,741	7 496 405	109,942 6,980,243
ut & P. Marq 1	st wk Feb	55,627	38,324	28 4,927	213.965
W. & Rio Gr 2	d wk Feb.	55,627 101,762 7,246	579,425 38,324 143,767 6,573	1,086,702 52,727	1,335,879 52,375
an. a Att. U. J	CONTRACTOR Y	903	623	1989 (1	023
	d wk Feb.	32,779	20,523	227,367	151,750
. Car'la & No D	th wk Jan ecember.	15,444 103,673	9,103 70,732 70,736		36,411 712,160
0. 50. & Fla. J	auuary	86.146	70,736	770,706 86,146	70,736
n. R.& Ft. W	st wk Feb	45,010	32,×12 7,534	1 12.662	162,409 39,641
raverse City. 1.	st wk Feb	6,815 973	702	38,989 5,309	3.418 /
Tot. all lines 1	st wk Feb	2 865	1,639	13,361	9,408
and Trunk W	k Feb. 15	55,463 277,159 57,185	42.747 263,573	250,431 2,060,758	214,916 1.932,905
bic. & Gr. Tr W	k Feb. 8	57.185 15.003	38,350 13,374	354,126 94,441	1,932,905 256,862 88,131

=	1	1 Tet		Gross E	a-	ninas	-	Tor 1	-	Latest Dec
	ROADS.		-	,	_	7	-		-	Latest Date.
		Week or	Mo		3.	1894-	5.	1895-6	ia .	1894-5.
	Great North's			8		8		8		8 sail
	Great North's St.P. M. & I East of Minr	d. January		852,4 105,4	15	689,9 86,1	11	852,4	15	689,91
-	Montana Cet	t. January		1541	$_{98}$	105.8	50	105,4 154,5	98	105,85
	Hoos. Tun. & W. Te	n. January n. January		1,112,4	B I	881,9 3,3 16,8	38 83	1,112,4	$\frac{81}{70}$	
0	Hous, E. &W. Te	S Sd wk O	et.	3,6 19,0 10,7	12	16,8	00	3,6 451,2 10,7	13	3,383 333,896 9,256 1,609,156
8	Illinois Centra	i. January		1,805.4 10,3	32	1,609,1	56	1,800,4	32	1,609,15
1	Ind. Dec.&Wes	a. dth wk D	ec	66,90	041	14.1 65,5	$\frac{46}{92}$	475.1 769.9	$\frac{88}{72}$	
16		B 2d wk Feb	b.	60,80	03	57.1 45.4	12	393,4	48	715,118 437,826
70			b.	38,6	14	29,2 4,1	47	206.8 236,5	91	232,683 176,383
to	Jack. T. & K. V		ar.	28,68	371	94.3	04	387,4	68	4,111 808,500
i	Jamest'n & L. Kanawha& Mic	E. Septemb	r.	8.3	35	4.3	621			23.745
e			eh	77.0	:01	6,2 72,4	22	56.25 417.60	06	42,343 389,687
	K.C. Mom.& Bi Kan. C. N. W. Kan. C. & Boa	r. 1st wk F. January.		23,72 23,88	31	19.49 17,5	75	23.8	31	389,687 107,318 17,575
	I K. C. PIETS, 48 Ur	1350 WK K NO	b.	12,27	13	8,9	17	69.33	13	41.4
_	Kan.C. Sub. Be Keokuk & Wes	lt lat wk F	Bb	4.51	6	3.4	95	23,50	57	57,936 18,220
4	L. Erle All. 68 S	o. January.		6,38	7	6,34 7,76 57,86	61	41,88 6,34 415,77	17	33.580 7,761
5	L. Erle & West Lehigh & Hud	January.	b.	56,87 30.07	0	37.91	5.31	30.07	7	385,318 37,963
136	Lex'gton & Eas Long Island	t. Decembe	r.	15.40 49,75 7,73	7	13 9	18	207,33	14	*******
6	Los. Ang. Term	. January.		7,73	6	35,81 16.00	19	207,33 316,03 7,73 168,2	36	305,177 16,009
0	Louis Ev. AST. I	2d wk Fe 2d wk Fe	b.	26,41 391.10 50,21 35,39	0	21.97	72	168,2 2 434 19	9	16,009 146.648 2,235,337
6	Louis, N.A.&UI	1. 24 wk Fe	D.	50,21	1	39,83	52	327,81	7	298,386
67	Macon & Bir.a.	. January.		0,00	WI.	30,14 6,4:	12	6.00	00	
79	Manistique Memphis&Chas	January.	di	11,19 24,66	5	16,19	0	11,19 147,08 1,197,99	7	$\begin{array}{c} 6,422 \\ 10,270 \\ 105,374 \end{array}$
2	Mexican Cent.	. 2d wk Fe	b.	174,34 231,61	3	173,00	66			1,111,957
1	Mex. National Mex. Northern.	2d wk Fe	2.	89,50 54,10	Ü	187,42 84,78	13	578,96 621,77 301,72	4	1,959,839 495,978
96	Mex. Northern.	Novembe Wk Feb.	r.	62,00	0	51,87 71,32	9	621,77 301,72	8	584,403 320,904
3	Mexican So Minneap.& St. L	tth wk Ja 2d wk Fel	D	13,20: 35,08	4	12,02 26,16	3	40,42	2	38,175
67	M.St.P.&S.St.M	. 1st wk Fe	bi	62,47	2	48,49 177,43	1	212,14 305,11	3	168,514 202,638
7	Mo. Kan. & Tex Mo. Pac. & Iron M	2d wk Fet	>.	361,000	5	330,00	15.7	1,441,49. 2,506,00	0	202,638 1,291,027 2,326,000
3	Central Br'ch Total	2d wk Fei 2d wk Fei).	375,00		10,00	0	78,00 2,584,00	O.	99,000
í	Mobile & Birm.	1st wk Fe	b	4,943	3	345,00 5,31	6	31.01	1	2,385,000 29,978
	Mobile & Ohio. Mont.&Mex.Gif			299,85:	-	270,69		299,85: 1,211,44	1	270,699 1,099,378
5	Nash.Ch. & St. L. Nevada Central	January	:	3,3 18	1	382,80	4	463,599 27,419	31	382,804
,	N. Jersey & N. Y	December		27,492	4	21,21	9	350,543	3	22,860 331,401
)	New Orl. & So'n N. Y. C. & H. R.	January 2d wk Feb	3	7,896 3,477,966	3 3	12,66	9	89,020 3,477,960	6	102,465 3,150,709
2	N. Y. Ont. & W.	2d wk Feb December	14	47,855 195,697	>	35,34 193,57	3	3,477,966 858,373 2,264,018	3	360,347 1,962,984
	N. Y. Susq.& W Norfolk & West. Northe'rn (Ga.).	2d wk Feb December		199,596	31	129,290 6,110 517,78	8	1,200,33	1	1,071,054
	North'n Centra	December		6,678 559,184		517,78	1	1,200,331 $54,361$ $6,506,028$	-	61,476 6,031,261 1,476,847
	North'n Pacific Oconee & West	2d wk Feb December		282,104 2,689	1	224,950 1,948	0	1,737,804 29,016		
	Ohio River	24 wk Feb		18,479 18,041	1	11,69,	3	101,783	3	71,412
	Ohio Southern	January	4	23,156	3	22,04	1	72.410)	71,412 13,794 66.120
	Oregon Imp. Co. Pacific Mail	December December		240.328 375,651		277,19 325,269	9	$\frac{3,221,633}{4,366,633}$	41	3,751,255
	Pennsylvania PeoriaDec.&Ev	December 2d wk Feb		,639,604	5	325,266 ,153.789 16,757	6	4,366,633 4,627,177 103,636	, o	0,704,283
1	Petersburg Phila. & Erie	December.		47,481		39,921		546,227		517.811
1	Phila. & Read'g	December December December December December December	1	.833,257	1.	551,928	2	1,581,904	2	0.144.191
I	Coal & Ir. Co Total both Cos	December.	2	049.615	1.	588,255 140,185	24	1,705,902 1 290,806	2	1,545,808
I	Ph. Read. & N. E. Pitts. C. C. & St. L			62,598		61,95		768,963 1,226,545		
I	Pitts, Mar. & Ch	January	-	,226,545 3.453 10,703	1,	3.202		3 453		1,107,807 3,202
I	Pitt.Shen.&L.E Pittsb. & West	2d wk Feb. 2d wk Feb.		10,703 24 201		8,421 20,953		75.177 157.491		44,865 138,900
I	Pittsb. & West Pitts. Cl. & Tor Pitts. Pa. & F.	2d Wk Feb.		24 201 12,332 3,142		13,191 3,462		78,966 21,547		81 663
I	Total system.	2d wk Feb.		39.675		37,607		258,004		81 663 16,791 237,354 1,224,127
1	Quincy O.& K.C	December. January		92,190 $23. 21$		99,899		23 621		1,224,127 19,278
ı	Rich. Fr'ksb.&P. Rich. & Petersb.	December. December.		56,858 $28,032$		19,278 59.131 24.874		728,442 340,991		698,676
1	dio Gr. South'n Rio Gr. West'n.	2d wk Feb.		7,650 35,200		6,203		51,648		329,882 42,982
I	Sag. Tuscola&H	January		9,008		32,600 8,6 0		222,800 9,008 77,219		200,550 8,670
ı	Sag. Val. & St. L.	November. Ist wk Feb		6,661 22,310		7.104 22,010	1	77.219 12 9,090		$\begin{array}{r} 8,670 \\ 78,936 \\ 128,680 \end{array}$
I	St. L. A. & T. H. St. L. Ken'et&So. St. L. Southw'rn.	lst wk Feb January 2d wk Feb.		4.189 94.100		3.205		4.189 642.600		3 205
	St. Paul & Dul'th .	January		96,697 177,759		90,900 82.70		96.697		645,500 82,708
ı		December. January	1	177,759 46,301	2	250,630	1	,971,848 46,301	1	39,661
п	Sav. Fia. & West. Sucr. Shrev. & So	December.	1	46,301 291,563 5 455	3	39,66 397,781 6,184	3	372.832 34 985	3	41 144
ı	Sil. Sps. O. & G	December.		10,598		8,949		172,849 6.300		150,280
1	o. Haven& East	January January.		6,30a 1,025		1,604		6.300 1,025		1,604 847
1	So. Pacific Co	November.	4	174.541	4	36.494	4	369,880		,850,353
			1	112.00± 708,758		94 6811	-	996 653		897.824
	N.Y.T. & Mex.	November.		17.991	1	31,448 29,49		374.365 215,672	5	,353,281 239,827
	Tex. & N. Ori	Vovember.	1.3	41,639	- 1		14	497 881		
	Pacific system i	December	2,6	364,924 30) 000	2,4	25 521	32.	022.001 507.326 529.327	31	267 779
	Affiliated lines I	December.	. 6	077,924 3 66,834	7	36,13	o,	39 1,000	- 0	.309.690
	Grand total. I	Vovember	1,5	66,834 44,7-8 27,165	1,7	13,190	52,	441,-89 (581,985	50.	918.157
	So.Pac.of Ariz N So.Pac.of N.M	tovember	- 2	16,060	2	03.52	2,	073,453	1,	353,576 914,285 848,164
	Northern Ry., N	lovember	- 1	$03.874 \\ 91.381$	1	83,29¢ 90,587	L.	994,:90 840,192	1.	996,542
20.00	Southern Rv 2 Spok. Fls & Nor. J	anuary	3	25,778	2	82,050 18,-3,	2,	288.592	2,	12: ,660 18,632
ě	stateu ist. R. I. I	December		73,212		75.146	1,	179,378	1,	071,6-6
30.00	Stony Cl. & CMt I Summit Branch. I	ecember.		1,481 91,274		1,542 83,73	1,	42,571 151,131 768 509	ı	44 5 3 5 977 693
1	Lyk. Val. Coal I Tot'l both Co's I	December.	1	77,907 69 181		70.386 $54,124$	1.	765 509) 914.640		874.610 952 308

JMI

HOADS	Latest	Gross Bar	nings.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date.
BOADS	Wesk or Mo	1895-6.	1894-5.	1895-6.	1894 5.
Texas & Pacific.	2d wk Feb.	116,780	100,777	837.033	874,824
Tax. S. Vald N. W	January	3,454			4 451
Pol. 4 Objo Cant.	2d wk Feb.	30,893			
fol. P. & West.	lat wk Feb				
Iol. St. L. & K.C	2d wk Feb.	29,472	25,138		
Ulater & Del	December.	28.777			
Union Pacific-			,		
Up. Pac. RR.	December.	1,142,431	1.110 615	14.336,291	14.817.807
Or.B.L. & U. N	December.	471,077	382 823		
St. Jos. & Gd. Is	December.	49.153	58.195		
Kan. C. & Om	December.	10,943	7 797	75,415	1,20.9
Tot. St. J. & G. I	1st wk Feb	11.996	10,604	67,268	65.298
Cent. Br	2d wk Feb.	11,000	10.0.0	78,000	59,000
Ach.Col.&P.	December.		21 865		
Ach.J.C.& W	December.	27, 03	21 869	276,703	353 828
Gr'd total."				22,350 464	23.171.791
U. Pac. D. & G	December.	261,162	247.844	3.091.4-6	2,847,057
	December.	101,762	143.767	1.0=6.7 2	1,335,879
Wabash	2d wk Feb.	213,367	195,054	1,391,818	1,250,347
	November.	2 ,458	42,039	246.682	254,033
West Jersey	November.	111,550	105.574	1,559,675	1,474.0 8
	January	96,305	70.121	96,305	70,121
	November.	31 189	2839	349,916	342 325
Western of Ala.	December.	63.578	48,176	554,059	533,604
	December.	98.737	92.354	1.298,187	1,248,453
	ist wk Feb	50.200	54,000	270,900	271,217
	2d wk Feb.	15,683	23,980	142,591	13 554
	2d wk Feb.	73,818	59 733	416,689	367,030
Frightav. & Ten	January	9 089	5 908	9.0-9	5.905

* Figures given do not include Oregon Ry. & Nav., Un. Pac. Denver & Gulf, Denver Leadville & Gunnison, Montana Urion and Leavenworth Topeka & South western. a These figures include results on leased line. I Includes carnings from ferries, etc., and given separatory. I Mexican currency. c Includes only half of lines in which linical Pacific has a half interest. } Last year's earnings were swelled by the strike on the surface roads.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks,—The latest weekly earnings in the foregoing are separately summed up as follows:
For the second week of F-bruary our preliminary statement covers 54 roads, and shows 17-93 per cent gain in the aggregate over the same week last year.

1896.	1895.	Increase.	Decrease.
8			
		*******	886

11 . 441			****
93 44	107,731		18,794
	45.434	*******	2,998
	66,030	12.396	2,000
	224.000	83,000	********
178.854	155,347	23.5071	*******
68,770	65,779	2,991	*******
		27,86	******
		125,514	******

19,570	18,127	1,443	
		4 000	2,424
		4,200	1 000
	16 741	4 941	1,296
			**** ***
32,779	20.523		
277,159	263.573		*****
00,803	57.112		

12,2 6	8,921	3,355	*******
56.870	57,866		996
26,410	21,972		******
391, 00			*******

	173,700	7 707	
	96 164		*******

		1.000	*******
	124,296		
13.597	16,757		3,160
	8.421	2.2-2	

7,550			
		2,600	
		3,40	******
		16,003	0.100
		4 994	2,266

		10,313	8,297
73,818	59,733	14,085	
5,197,390	4,407,147	831,36	41,117
		790.24	
	\$.42: 22.034 9.07 11/.65/.33.44 42.43/.75/.45/.65/.75/.45/.65/.75/.45/.65/.75/.45/.65/.75/.45/.75/.45/.75/.45/.75/.45/.75/.45/.75/.45/.75/.45/.75/.45/.75/.75/.75/.75/.75/.75/.75/.75/.75/.7	** \$ 423.423	** 23,423 24,309 22,030 14,219 7,811 9,077 15,154 4,930 33,447 42,435 45,434 42,435 73,484 66,030 12,396 66,030 178,854 155,347 23,567 87,751 3,991 178,854 155,347 23,567 87,751 3,991 14,004 83,44 4,660 19,570 18,127 1,443 19,570 18,127 1,443 1,570 18,127 1,443 1,570 18,127 1,443 1,281 1

† Earnings for last year were largely increased on account of trolley strike.

For the first week of February our final statement covers 80 roads, and shows 12 97 per cent gain in the aggregate.

1st week of February.	1896	1895.	Increase.	Deeres se.
	8		*	*
Prev'ly reported (64 r'ds)	5,538,057	4,924,112	686, 63	72,720
Chicago & Grand Trung.	57, 85	35,360	18, 25	
Cin. Jackson & Mackinaw	13,243	10, 359	2,884	*******
Cleve. Canton & South'n.	9,051	10.517	**** . 1	1,466
Des Moines & Kan. City.	2,099	1,378	721	
Det. Gr. Hav. & Milw	15,003	13,374	1,629	
Duluth So. Shore & Atl	37,326	35,071	2,255	
Fint & Pere Marquetts.	55,6:7	34,324	17.303	*******
Georgia	40.304	22,729	17,575	
Kan. Ottv Ft. S. & Mem.	77.060	72.424	4.638	

1st week of February.	1886	1895	Increase.	Decrease.
Kan. City Mem. & Birm. Keokuk & Western Memphis & Charleston. St. Louis Alton & T. H. Sherman Shreve. & So. Foledo Peoria & West'n West. N. Y. & Pennsylv	23,724 6,387 24,663 22,310 5,453 19,477 5.1,200	19,494 6,341 16,197 22,410 6,184 17,74 : 54,000	8 4,230 46 8,468 30,	729
Total (80 roads) Net increase (12-97 p. c.)	5,997,173	5,308,614	767.274 683,559	78,715

Net Earnings Couthly to Latest Dates.—The table following shows the net earnings of STEAM railroads reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained as given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of January 18, 1896. The next will appear in the issue of February 29, 1896.

		surnings.—	-Not K	arnings,
n	1595-6,	1894-5.	1895-6.	1894-5,
Augusta SouthernJan	5,24	3,54	2 1,616	781
Baltimore & Ohio— Lines E. O. R.bJan. July 1 to Jan. 31				234,088
Lines W. O. R. b Jan. July 1 to Jan. 31	443,068		54,450	103,785
Tot both systems b. Jan.	1,824,915	1,699,435	408,226	387,853
July 1 to Jan. 31 Edison El. Il.Co., N.Y.Jan.	218,193	205,843		
Erie Dec.		2,234,361	116,855	101,318
Georgia.aJan. July 1 to Jan. 31	154,284 935,748	104,498 842,882	*54.065 *327,596	501,852 *38,154 *294,059
Ga. South. & Fla. b. Jan. July 1 to Jan. 31	86,146 530,020	70,736 527,786	46,954 247,477	19,348 152,302
Lake Erie & West. b. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	310,720	30 1,190	149,333	151,221 1,479,551
Memphis & Chas'n. Dec. Jau. 1 to Dec. 31 July 1 to Dec. 31	148.491 1,246,937 732,458	134,724 1,286,710 647,790	53,691 211,222 213,261	44,246 220,713
Mobile & Ohio aJan.	299,852 2,193,490	270,699 1,942,200	118,314 910,753	17,590 102,357 765,663
Nash. Ch. & St. L.b Jan. July 1 to Jan. 31	463,598 3,099,329	38 !,804 2,755,173	1,458,305	151,211 1,150,232
Ohio River.b Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	80,704 897,271	55,347 712,431	32,491	20,357 276,963
Pitte. C. C. & St. LJan.	1,226,545	1,107,807	293,385	258,670
Spokane Falls & Nor. jan.	25,778	18,632	16,441	7,050
Union Pac. Ry., b. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 311	1,142,431 4,336,291	1,110,645 14,817,807	367.757 5,498,969	291,8-2 4,632,176
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	471,077 5,394,198	382,423 5,009,467	238,3.0	69.069 1,372,975
St. Jos. & Gd. Isl. b. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	49,153	58,195 782,657	110,720	13,978 190,613
Kan. C. & Om. b Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	10,943 75,415	7,797	2,262 def.28,370	395 def.24,767
Cent. BranchbDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	45,856	22,134 376,160	18,770 110,726	1,614
Atch. C. & Pac b. Dec.	27,703	21,865	1,703	def.1,150
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	276,703		det.49,077	9,294
Grand TotalbDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 312	2,350,464 2		8,3,4,607	6,442,505
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	261,162 3,091,436	247,844 2,847,057	104,901 778,208	63,623 601,115

a Met carnings here given are after deducting taxes.

b Nathannings here given are before deducting taxes.

b Nathannings here given are before deducting taxes.

Tucluding other income, the net for January, 1896, was \$94,495,
against \$63,865.

\$100: 400 in expenses for 1995 is one-twelfth of the entire taxes for the year.

Interest Charges and Surplus.—The following roads, in addition to their gross and net earnings given in the foregoing, also report charges for interest, &c., with the surplus or deficit above or below those charges.

above or below those o		ntale. 4c.	-Bat. of Ne	Barns -
Roads. L. Erie & West'n Dec.	1895-6. 59,501	1894-5. 8 59,091	1895-6. 89,883	1894-5. 92.130
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	701,786	135,734	50,319	796, :68 25,477
Nashv. Chat & St. L. Jan. July 1 to Jan. 31	876, 12	839,083	361,793	261,169
Pitts. C. C. & St. L Jan.	236,883	257,547	6,502	1,123

STREET RAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES.

The following table shows the gross earnings for the latest period of all STREET railways from which we are able to obtain weekly or monthly returns. The arrangement of the table is the same as that for the steam roads—that is, the first two columns of figures give the gross earnings for the latest week or month, and the last two columns the earnings for

STREET RAILWAYS AND TRACTION COMPANIES.

GROSS	Latest Gr	oss Euri	nings.	Jan. 1 to L	alest Date
EARNINGS.	Week or Mo	1895-6.	1594-5	1895-6.	1804-5.
Amsterdam St. Ry Bath St. Ry. (N. Y.) Bingham to a St. Ry Bridgeport Traction. Brooston Cou. St. Ry Brooklyb Heights "Kivn Queen & Sinh	January January 4th WkJan January January	\$ 3,564 22,270 1,122 9,767 4,465 19,657 34,789 49,710	8,052 4,348 17,153 166,601	3,534 132,535 1,442 9,767 21,799 19,657 334,789 49,710	\$ 3,257 115,772 1,110 8,053 18,793 17,153 166,601

GROSS	Latest Ec	rnings !	Reported.	Jan. 1 to	Latest Date
EARNINGS.	Weekor M	1895-6	. 1894-5	1895-6.	1894-5.
and the second		8			8
Brooklyn Traction-	December	76.88	80.539	829,02	942.765
Brooklyn B. & W. E.	December	5 96	7 80,531 5 4,963 2 93,578	146,07 1,028,69 1,714.16	120,886
	Day ember	. 87,98	2 93,578	1,028,699	120,888
Buffalo Ry	December		9 132.879	1,714.16	1,536.2-4
Buffalo By Central Trac.(Pittab.) Chester Traction	January	12.40	13.98	4.0.24	1 ,981
Chester Traction	January	12,49		12,49	11,393
Chie Newport & Cov.	January	65,87 46,700	39,435	65,871 46,700	83,354
City Elec. (Rome, Ga.)	January	1.448	5	1.441	4
Chester Tradition. Ohio. & So. Side R T. Ohio. Newport & Cov City Elec. (Rome, Ga.) Cleveland City Ry Jeveland Electric Columbus RR (Ga.)	January	81,90	72,64	81,902	72,616
Meveland Electric	January	125,408	103,89	125,408	1 3,9 6
Columbus RR (Ga.)	December. 2d wk Feb	11 019	41 10 11 12 1	41,271	27,000
Columbus & R. (Ga.) Columbus & R. (O., Coney Island & B'lyn. Consol Trac. (N. J.) Dauver Con. Framw.	January.	21,4 245,53 54,540			26,829
Consol True. (N. J.)	January Septemb'r.	245,53	201,8±5 55,696 3,795	21,4~8 1,869,633 54,540	1,566.42
	January Septemb'r.	54.540	55,696	54,540	55,696
Dechy Street Ry	Septemb'r.	1,014	3,790		*******
Detroit Ry	December.	18.093	17.669	213,249	209,105
Duluth St. By. Electric Trac. Phila Eric Elec. Motor Co	Septemb'r.	247,02	17,662 163,282	210,228	205,105
Erie Elec. Motor Co	January	10.833	9.602	10.835	9,602
Gaive ton City Ry.	January	1, 95		1,195 216,271	
Galveston City Ry.	December.	15,784	17,411	216,271	199,133
Hestonville M. & F	December.	49,829	90 400	*	
Arch Street	December.	10.765	2.172	******	******
Total.	December.	80 094	29,492 2,172 31,664	511,193	303,894
	December.	670		10,983	
Houston City St. Ry	December.	17,776	18,489	*******	*******
Interstate Con-of of	fannann	7 760		7701	
North Attleboro Lake St. Elev. (Chic.)	January	7,762 52,855	44.679	7,762 52,853 119,588	44 679
whigh Traction	December.	10.546	10.067	119,588	44,679 97,202
Lehigh Traction Lock Haven Traction	December.	1,520			
Loralu St. Ry	November.	1,520 6,032 (158724		74,46 = 966,698 26,725 105,2 : 7 187,854 4,381,587	555:
	Septemb'r.	1158724	105, 25	966,698	875,604
Lynn & Boston	lat we sah	25,725	17.750	10.725	23,540 101,765
detrop (Kansas City)	January 1st wk Feb 2 wks Feb.	08.3 2	23,540 17,759 50,334 483,706	187.854	170,158
Metropo it-u (N. Y.).	septemb'r.	1371,113	483,706	4,381,587	110,100
Metrop. (Wash., D. C.)	12daysSep	7,440 4,383	4,175 3,623	*****	
Mostgomery St. Ry	Decomber.	4,383	3,623	50,645	35,216
Nashville st. Rv	January December.	95,057 27,740 5,818	73,910 26,1/6	95,057	73,910
Newburg Elegtric	November.	5.818	3,594		********
Yow England St					
Winchester Ave	December	15,406	14,861	232,214	207,339
Plym'th & Kingston Total	December. Wk.Feb. 1	2,082 3,675	1,874 3,445	29,815	29,851
New Haven & Coutrev.	Wk.Feb. 1 January	4,620	2,485	4 620	2445
lew Haven St. Ry	January	14,649	12,623	4,620 14,649	2,485 12,623
New Haven St. Ry New London St. Ry New Orienna Traction	November. January	2,718	9 804		
few Orienus Traction	January	103,329	91,044	105,329	91,044
V. & Hariem	December.			105,329 1,015,076	1,106,017
forthampton st. Ry.	January	6,612	4,335	6.612	4,335
Ogdenaburg St. Rv.			4,000		
Ogiensburg St. Ry. Paterson R/ People's Trac. (Phila.)	anuary		19,271	23,336	19,271
People's Trac. (Phila.)	anusry Septemb'r.	194,103	187,331	23,336 1,533,538 36,752 93,557	885,847
Portsmouth St Ry	December.	2,595		36,752	*******
Beading Fraction J	December.	6,458 12,251 2,625	10.555	12,251	10,555
Rosnoke Street	anuary	2.625	2.431	2.625	2.431
Bochester Ky J	anuary	68,952	2,431 62,999 5,825	68.9 2	2,431 62,993
chaylkill Fraction J	anuary	68,952 7,831	5,825	7,831	5,825
chuyikili Val. frac. II	December.	4,120 25,485 37,555 6,491	3,165	2,625 68,9 > 2 7,831 49,934	5,825 39,782 19,505
eration Fraction J	anuary	20,485	19,505	40,400	19,505
econd Ave. (Pittsb.) i	anuary	6 491	6,606	6,491	6,606
teinwa Ry J	auuary	20,438	15.464	20,438	15,461
treator Railway N	ovember.	1,129	1,162 17,135		**** ***
gracuse Consol [December.	13,617	17,135	*******	
Tracuse E'st-sideRy	ecember.	2,984	12,017	243,699	152,651
pre Hunte Ki'o Re J	nuary	12 819	7 909	12 419	7 900
	54111114 PV.	12,819	7,909 185,580	12,519 194,752 992,802	7,9 09 185,580 957,576 152,031 12,207
pronto Ry	ecember. anuary	88,189	76,343	992,802	957,576
win City Rap. Tran. J	anuary	88,189 158,913	76,343 152,031	154,913 14,585 127,617 131,579	152,031
mon (N. Bedford) J	anuary	14,585 9,8 2 131,578	12,207	14,585	12,207
nited Tat (P.ov.)	auuary	31 570	18 910	141,617	116,819
tion Belt Line.		191,078	10,819		1431.1414.
	ecember. anuary	3,228	2.533		2,533
aterbury Traction. D	ecember.	3,228 22,759 35,000	2,533 16,56 345,000 336	3,225 247,730 ,456,000	-,000
est Eud (Boston) O	ctover 6	35,000	345,000 6	,456,000	,741,000
est Shore (Cona.) O	ctober	344	336		
est Shore (Conu.) O likesb. & Wy. Vafley Ja limington Street So	eptemb'r.			38,859	23,446
orcenter Cousol D	ecember.	3,092	2,900 31,712	441,603	367,226
Conson D		- Change			301,000

† Earnings increased largely/on account of G. A. R. encampment in Louisville.

Street Railway Net Earnings.—The following table gives the returns of STREET railway gross and net earnings received this week. In reporting these net earnings for the street rail ways, we adopt the same plan as that for the steam roads—that is, we print each week all the returns received that week, but once a month (on the third or the fourth Saturday) we bring together all the roads furnishing returns. The latest full statement will be found in the CHRONICLE of January 18, 1896. The next will appear in the issue of Saturday, February 29, 1896.

	Curre Con		Mat Dan	
	1895-6.	1894-5.	Net Earl 1895-6.	1894-5
Roads.		8	8	
Amsterdam St. Ry Jan.	3,564	3,257	428	16
Bath Street Ry Jan.	1,422	1,110	91	def.91
Bingham on St. Ry Jan.	9,767	8,032	3,168	1,293
Brockton Con. St. Ry Jan.	19,657	17,153	6,120	6,655
Oct 1 to Dec. 31	141,956	153,918	53,935	54,308
Chester (Pa.) TractJan.	12,437	11,393	6,644	5,765
Cinn. Newp. & Cov . Jan.	46,730	39,435	12,118	8,171
Oity Elec. (Rome, Ga.). Jan.	1,448		225	
Deaver Con. TramwJan.	54,540	55,696	20,319	19,801
Inter-State Consol. Street				
Ry. (No. Attleb) Jan.	7,762		449	
Lake St Elev. (Chic.) Jan.	52,855	44,679	22,142	16,490

	grang E	arnings.	-Net Bar	ninus
Roads.	18: 5-6 28,725	1894-5. 8 23,540	1895-6. 8 6,756	1894-5. 8 3,624
Metrop'n St Rv., K C.Jan. June 1 to Jan. 31	129,502 1,218,430	120,124	45,976 519,603	35,939 449,569
Northampton St. Ry. Jan.	6,612	4,335	1,668	def.86
Oct. 1 to Dec. 31 Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	212,723 861,092	197,633 746,955	86,931 344,768	85,231 313,060
Sloux City Tract'n Jan.	6,491	6,606	1,104	478
Terre Haute Electric. Dec. July 1 to Dec. 31		8,354 60,336	3,663 34,652	
Third Ave. RR (N.Y.) Jan.	198,752	185,580	60,000	47,000
Iwin City Rapid Ir. Jan.	153,913	152,031	83,711	76,954
Union St. Ry. (New York)	_			,
Oct. 1 to Dec. 31 Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	111,996 456,037	107,489 471,211	29,787 175,603	45,731 219,479
Wilkesb. & Wy. ValJan.	38,958	28,446	20,423	11,091

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Annual Reports,—The following is an index to all annual reports of steam railroads, street railways and miscellaneous companies which have been published in the CHRONICLE since the last editions of the Investors' and Street Railway Sup-

PLEMENTS.

This index does not include reports in to-day's CHRONICLE.

RAILROADS AND MISCEL, CO'S.	Volume 62- Page
Volume 62 . Page.	Oregon Railway & Navigation Co. 220
American District Telegraph 230	Philade phia & Erie 316
American Soda Fountain 275	Philadelphia Wilmington & Balt. 229
American Straw Board 317	St. Louis Vandalia & C. H 273
	South Carolina & Georgia 274
	Southern N. E. Telephone 318
Canadian Pacific 315	Street's Western Stable Car Line. 275
Central Vermont 315	Trenton Potteries 317
Choctaw Oklahoma & Gulf 183	STREET RAILWAYS.
Cincinnati Hamilton & Dayton 182	Volumes 61 and 6 Page
Colorado Midiand	Baltimore Traction
Columbus Hock. Val & Toledo 182	Brooklyn Elevated SI
Consolidation Coal of Md 317	Chicago City
Delaware & Hudson Canal 228	Chicago & South Side Rap. Tran 430
Delaware Lackawanna & Western 228	Columbus (hio Street Ry 229
Diamond Match 317	Lake Street Elevated (Chicago) 230
Edison Elect. Illum., Brooklyn 184, 22)	National Hy. (St. Louis)
Edison Elec. Illum. of New York 181	New Orleans Traction 230
Erie l'elegraph & Telephone 275	North Chicago street 183
Huntingdon & Broad Top 316	North Shore Traction1010
Illinois Steel 316	Northwestern Elevated (Chicago).231
Mexican Central 315	West Chica to Street 183
National Linseed Otl 275	West End (Boston) 904

Note.—Full-face figures under Streef Railways refer to Vol. 62. Uhicago & Alton Railroad.

(Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895.)

The remarks of Mr. B'ackstone, the President, are given in full on subsequent pages of this issue of the CHRONICLE.

The statistics of traffic, earnings and income, and the balance sheet, have been compiled for the CHRONICLE as follows:

OP	ERATIONS AN	D FISCAL RI	SULTS.	
	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892
Miles operated	813	843	843	
Passengers carried.	2, 169, 169	1,979,933	2,181,747	2,223,572
Passenger mileage 1	10,447,175	98,61.,298	157,984,435	132,036,917
Rate p. pass. p. mile.	1.932 ots.	2 073 cts.	1.836 ots.	1:780 ets.
Freight (tous) mov'd	3,241,279	2,774,233	3,128,533	3,516,151
Freight (tons) mil'e.4				
Av. rate p. ton p. m.	0.867 ets.	0'917 cts.	0.894 cts.	0.898 ota.
Earnings-	2,134,155	0.012.010	2,900,820	0 951 049
Passengers	4.289.909	2,043,912	4.2 3.117	2,951,243
Mail, express, &c	3:9,421	366.700	392,702	395,772
atan, express, ac	0.5,444	300,750	352,102	350,772
Tot gross earns.	6,802,485	6,292,236	7,564,639	7,730,610
Mala enance of way.	879.714	699,305	1,113,367	1,221,574
Maintenance of cars	364,015	26 ,449	396,970	427,733
Motive power	1,191,057	1,137,398	1,436,304	1,366,217
Transportation exp.	1,545,177	1,531,536	1,709,248	1.792,275
Tot. (iuc. taxes.)	3,982,933	3,628,685	4,655,839	4,807,7:9
Net earnings	2,819,492	2,663.548	2,910,730	2,922,811
P.c. fop.ex.to earn.	59.55	57.66	61.53	62.19
	INCOME	ACCOUNT.		
Receipts-	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892.
Net earnings	2,819,192	2,663,548	2,910,750	2,922.811
Other receipts	241,525	273,019	305,336	272,866
Prem.on b'ds&stock.		344,779	131	305,917
Total	3,061,017	3,281.346	3,216,217	3,501,594
Rentals paid	422,772	632,997	853,892	674,053
Additional property.	18,765	26,218	217,833	2 18,441
luterest on debt	579,518	527,504	632,037	804,108
Dividends	1,775,448	1,723,424	1,582,386	1,407,560
Miscel aneous	24,506	164,227	57,342	169,986
Tot. disb'rsem'ts	2,824,109	3,084,360	3,143,490	3,294,548
Balance, surplus	*236,003	196,986	72,727	207,346

* In addition \$203,705 was paid for old claims to Wiggins Ferry Co.

BALANCE SHE	ET DECEMBE	R 31.	
4	1895.	1894.	1893.
Assels - Road and equipment	34 154 977	34.153,927	32.178.927
Bonds and socks owned	4.247.835	4,235,143	3,391,636
Lands ow ed		70,000	70,000
Materials and supplies	. 238,488	282,125	339,018
Sinking faud		253,476	34.740
Due from agents, individuals, &c	275,167	331 130	354,149
Uash,	. 40 ,637	321,420	1,020,273
K .o. C. St. L & Ch. RK. con'n	9,447	9,818	17,200
Itigois Trust & Sav. B'k, trustee.	. 1,500	1,5.0	1,500
U. S. Trust Co. to redeem bon is	. 358,706	******	*******
Makal annaka	90 775 198	90 654 650	99 059 818

	1895,	1894.	1893.
Liabilities-	8	8	*
Common stock	18,751 100	18,751,637	16,301,062
Preferred stock	3,479,862	3,479,500	3,474,500
Joliet & Chleago stock, guar	1,500,0 0	1,500, 00	1,500,001
Mississip i Bridge Co. a ock guar,	300,000	300,000	300,000
Lou. & Mo R. RR stock, guar	829,000	329,000	*******
Bonded debt (see SUPPLEMENT)	9,073,450	9.110,850	10,43 -,850
Bond* canceled	2,555,903	2,518,903	2,333, .00
Vouchers, ac cunts pavable, &c	460,684	371,971	541,556
Due other companies, &c	109,453	81,332	119,156
Rentals accened	55,670	90,225	106,540
Income account	3,156,545	3,123,340	2,92 -, 351
Miscellaneous	3,058	1,500	1,500
Total liabilities	39,775,126	39,658,659	38,052,616

Central Railroad Company of New Jersey.

(Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895)

(Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1835)

The report is m-rely a four-page circular, from which the remarks of President I. R. Maxwell infull are as follows:

"The gross earnings for the year aggregated \$18,578,024, as against \$12,659,941 for the year 1894, an increase of \$908.082, which, together with a decrease of \$143,252 in the cost of operating as compared with the preceding year, has resulted in an increase in the net earnings of \$1,051,334 over the year 1894. The operating expenses, as heretofore, cover all expenditures for repairs, charges for reduction in value of equipment and other property, and include expenditures for renewals of bridges, buildings and wharves, substitution of heavier rails, and other construction. There was expended during the year for construction chargeable to capital account, \$272.594, of which \$194,908 represents the outlay for changing of grade, lowering streets and elevating tracks through Elizabeth, now practically completed, the total cost of which up to December 31st aggregated \$502,888. The net result of the business of the year, including income from investments, after providing for the payment of five per cent in dividerds on the capital stock, was a credit to profit and loss account of \$703 433, as against a debit to the same account in 1894 of \$442 703, a gain of \$1,346,140."

Results for three y-ars and general balance sheet have been:

Results for three years and	general ba	lance sheet	have been
SUMMARY OF EAR	NINGS AND	EXPENSES.	
(Including New York	Long Bra 1895.	nch Division 1894.	1893.
Gross earnings	13,568,024 8,295,055	12,659,941 8,438,305	9,117,0 S
Net earnings	5,272,969 1,201,576	4,221,636 1,141,397	5,830,904 (868,617 (154,91
Total not income	6,474,545	5,363,033	6,874,439
Interest on bonded and oth, debt, Rentals Dividends(5	2,955,166 1,991,091 5)1,124,850	2,873,589 1,5\7,856 (7)1,574,790	2,839,279 1,896,370 (7)1,574,148
Total payments	8,771,107	6,005,735	6,309,792
Balance	703,438	def.642,702	sur.564,647
BALANCE SHEE	T DECEMBE	R 31.	
Assels—		1895.	1894.
RR, and appurtenances, incl. purc	hased lines.	32,702,440	31,941,143
Other property and real estate			3.71848
Cost of equipment, less charged of			7,731,512
Stocks of other companies owned			7,731,512
Bonds of other companies owned.		15,302,8 9	14,832,309
Cash on band		913,836	886,514
Due from agents, companies, &c			1,985,094
Bills receivable, &c		4,545,405	4, 4 ,717
Materials and supplies	*********		364,521
Total		82,099,097	80,369,044
Capital stock		22,497,010	22,497,000
Funded debt (see INV+STORS' SUPP		50,000,000	48,356,000
Real es ate bonds and mortgages .			30 ,100
remporary loans			800,000
Current cash liabilities for wages,	supplies,&c.	1,167,256	1,005,924
interest and rentals due		1,104,218	1,033,351
Accrued charges, &c , meluding ta			1,67 ,416
Contingent fund.		46 4 29	485,791
Profit and loss		4,915,499	4,282,062

Philadelphia & Reading RR.

(For the year ending Nov. 30, 1895.)

This company's advance report was published in the CHRON-ICLE some weeks ago. The full report is now at band and from it the following balance she t as of Nov. 30, 1895, is ob-

	BALANCE SHEET PHILADSLPHIA Assets	& READING 1895.	RAILROAD 1894.	co. Nov. 30.
	Railroad, wharves & terminals	80,806,386	80.664.386	80,661,386
	Equipment	21,530,000		
	Real estate	7,201,133	7,207,749	
	Invest in Phil. & Read, C. & I Co.		70,372,311	
	Railroad at a canal teases under			
n	reorganization plau	9,341,691	9,341,691	9,341,691
-	Phil de phia subway	300,000		******
	Stocks and bonds o word	27,999,536	27,699,749	23,942,994
	Bonds and stocks of leased lines deposited with Pern. Co. for			
	Insurance, &c., tru-tee	2,466,777	2,466,776	2.4 6,776
	Bonds for use as collateral	20,883, 00	21,083,000	21,393,000
	Cash	1,477,621	788.885	856,769
	Bills receivable	149, -23	156,478	166,999
Þ	Freight at d toll bills	1,082,967	1,088.647	
1	R diread compaties	745.193	629,291	
	Individuals and firms	660,649	594,585	
	Leased and controlled companies.	0,194,-87	5,856.532	
	Ma erials	973,638	923,823	
	Deficit to November 30	4,444,960	4,762,046	3,8 4,641

Total.....256,711,583 253,402,574 256,732,699

Liabilities-	1895.	1891.	1893.
Mortgage debts on property	114 239 841	141,3 9,118	
Mortgage debt on equipment	7,043,138	7,308, 462	
Debt secured by collateral	10,181,000		8 325,838
		10,024,000	10,013,000
Debentur and sorio debt	27,360		27,360
Subway loan (guar.)	300,000		
Ge eral mort low 1883-1959	1,760,000	1,960,000	2,170,000
3d pref income M. loan, '88-1958.	9,223,000	9,221,000	9,223,000
Collateral trust loan, '92-1902	19,000, 00	10,000,000	10,000,000
No tes payable, secured by coll	2 02 3,039	2,259,194	5, 87,948
Rec ivers' certificates	3,508,882	3.5 19.842	1,458,263
Unp id vouchers and pay-rolls	1,331,912	1,343,797	2,410,414
Receivers' voucbers		225,109	-,,-
Connecting rai roads	328,310	3 3,234	5 7.808
Individuals and firms	438,961	531,132	548,141
Tores		71 885	
Interest matured, not paid	8 432 210		108,460
	5,427,319	3,634,363	1,832,443
Restals matured, not paid	144,714	231,632	234,771
Rent & int accrued, but not due.	1,602,948	1,5~2,199	1,521,873
Unadjusted acets . Lehigh V. RR.	815,437	8 5,437	1,037,563
do do F.H. Prince & Co.		464.008	468,008
Common stock	41,400,363	41,227,332	40,141,362
Deferred income bonds (nominal			
par \$25,568,090 30)	7,670,427	7,670,427	7,670,427
Balance	8,696,767	8,781,521	8.768,376
	named to be of the same		

Total......256,711,584 255,402,574 256,732,699 PHILADELPHIA & READING COAL & IRON CO., GENERAL BALANCE SHEET NOVEMBER 30, 1895.

Dr. Capital accounts\$82,766,311	Cr. Capital accounts*\$84,770,908
Cosh on hard. 50, 771 Bills receivable. 24,198 Closi and rent acet's. 3,410,173 Sundry ace'ts. 135,911 Cosl on hard. 1,757,953 Iron ore on hand. 1,563 Stocks & bonds own'd. 55,93 Su piles & materials. 467,572 Profit and loss ace't. 5,870,796	Coal trust gold loan. 4,600,000 Bills nayable
Total\$95,781,184	Total \$95,781,184

*This includes the following: Div. coal land M. bonds, 1872-1397, \$-.721,0.0; 1872-1402, \$150,000; 1873-1888, \$264,000; 1874-1884, \$201,0.0; 1874-1893, \$10,0.0; 1874-1893, \$160,0.0; 1884-1893, \$160,0.0; 1884-1894, \$357-000; 1882-1897, \$20,000; \$92-1902, \$296,000; 1884-1894, \$357-000; 1892-1897, \$20,000; \$92-1902, \$296,000; 1893-1903, \$24.500; tokal. \$11.718, \$60; bonds and mortgages on rel estate, \$433, 10; mortgages to P. & R. R. Co., July 18, 1874, and Dec. 2*th. 1876, \$33,737,*65; loan account P. & RR. Co., 18*8, \$24,*79,336; debenture bo.ds, 1872-1892, 2,000; capital stock, \$2,000,000.

P. & R. COAL & IRON CO. GROSS REC	EIPTS AND EXPEN	SES, TONNAGE, ETC.
Receipts— Coal sales, anthracite Coal sales, bituminous. Coal rents. Inues, land and furnace rents. Interest and dividends. Other receipts.	18°5. \$23,300,~88 35°,617 153,104 116,399 74,695 76,095	1894. \$21,467,558 \$12,105 121,477 120,529 84,927 130,268
Total	\$24,080,798 24,780,608	\$22,236,863 21,965,311
Profit or loss in operating Interest account	Loss \$699,809 1,176,182	Profit \$268,553 1,294,154
Deficit	\$1,975,991	\$1,025,601

Purchased.
Sold
On hand November 30.
 Working time
 1890.
 1891.
 1892.
 1893.
 1894.
 1895.

 Days.
 2028
 213-3
 200-4
 196-1
 180-4
 189-4

 Aver. daily production in tons.
 33,440
 35,463
 35,744
 37,123
 41,108
 41,499
 Aver. days for six years, 197.1; aver. daily production, 37,396 tons, -V. 62, p. 321.

Lake Erie & Western Railroad.

(Report for the year ending December 31, 1895.)

In advance of the pamphlet report the following statement

is iscued for 1000.			
1895. \$\frac{\pi}{8}\$	1894. \$ 3,345,404 1,865,852	1893. 8 3,512,421 2,048,744	1892. \$ 3,558.442 1,938,083
Net earnings	1,479,552 (55.77) 455,333 185.797 41,852 592,900		1,620,359 (54.46) 434,667 200,033 592,000
Total charges and div.1,293,785 Balance surplus. 309,294 Betterments (1)	1,274,932 204,570 143,593	1,242,470 221,407 207,016	1,226,700 393 659 119,219

Binghamton Railroad Company.

(Report for the year ending Jan. 31, 1896.)

This company, of Bioghamton, N. Y, reports as fol-

lows:	1896.	1995.	1804.	1893.
Gross rece'p's Operating expenses	\$12-,972	\$1:1,969 69,531	\$99,358 57,011	\$57, 73 39,955
Net earnings	32,166	\$52,388 (57%) 27,125 3,027	\$42, 47 (57. %) 22,765 1,559	\$23.018 (39%) 12,000 2,237
Surplus for year	\$20,169	\$22,236	\$15,023	\$13,731

Northern Central Railway.

(Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895.)

On subsequent pages will be found the report of Presiden Roberts in full. Below we compare the results for 1895 with those of several years previous:

OI	ERATIONS AN	ED FISCAL R	ESULTS.	
	1895. 377	1894.	1893. 377	1892. 377
Road operated	311			3//
Pass. carried, No	4,112,526	4,129,905	4,631,969	5,062,444
Pass. carried 1 mile.	51,951,2 -5	51,692,311	61,629,942	64,744,288
Rate p. pass. p. mile.	2'182 cts.	2 181 eta.	9114 eta.	2°034 ets.
Ere't (tons) carried.	13,605,493	12,008,949	13,296, 212	18,191,780
Fre't (tons) one mite.	375,681,749	748,328,510	857 194,188	
Rate p. tou p. mile	0.561 c s.	0.602 ets.	6.605 ets.	0.592 e a
Eara,ngs-	8	*	*	*
Pass-ngers	1,133,454	1,127,656	1,302,879	1,317,487
Freight	4,910,585		5,188,637	5,500,799
Mail, exp. & miscell.	461,989	414,141	390,290	373,004
Gross earnings	6,506,028	6,031,260	6,881,806	7,191,200
Expenses-	.,,			
Transportation	2,637,097	3,524,463	3,988,594	4,256,587
Maint. of equip	9+6,1855			
Maint, of way	873,317	622,677	686,854	770,560
General	121,920	86,976	87,769	85,214
Total oper.exp	4,598,519	4,234,116	4,763,116	5,112,3 €0
	1,907,509	1,797,114	2,118,650	2.07: .930
Net earnings			a,110,000	2,010,030
	INCOME	ACCOUNT.		
Beceipts-	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892.
Net arnings	1,907.509	1.797,144	2,118,650	2,078,930
Other receipts	457,391	386,335	496,979	333,8-6
Total income	2,364,900	2,183,479	2,615,629	2,412,816
Rent, l'a'd lines,&c.*	455,996	435,756	500.253	4+2,140
Interest on debtt	852,588	850,921	854,561	869,698
Divide ds	526,267	526,267	601,446	601414
Rate of d vidend	(7)	(7)	(8)	(8)
Miscellaneous	378,191	210.840	94,174	129, 41
Miscellancous	370,101	210,510		120,141
Tot. disbursem'ts.	2,213,042	2,073,784	2,055,434	2,042,623
Balance, surplus	151,858	109,695	560,195	370,193

* Includes rent of roads and interest on their equipment.

BALANCE	SHEET	DECEMBER	31.

Assets—	1895.	1894.	1893.
Cost of road, equipment, &c 20	0.632,120	20,622,923	20,477,923
Bonds and stocks owned	2,772,011	2,854,701	3,5/9,228
Materials and supplies	34 .834	317,119	405.222
Due from agents, con'g roads, &c.	635,956	303,976	1,116,3 8
	716,768	1,507,652	896,098
Depreciation fund	334.846	306,821	277,314
	9,752	9,752	9,752
Miscellaneous	9,732	8,732	9,752
Total assets		26,422,944	26,272,395
Car ital stock 7	.518,150	7.518.150	7,318,10
Boods (see SUPPLEMENT)14	.013,000	14,165,000	14,150,000
Mostgages and ground rents	319,830	319,830	31 - 829
Interest and rentals accrued	3 2.530	385,597	882.641
Vonchers and pay-rolls	527.572	525,297	42 4.393
Dividends	300,724	300,724	3 0,794
Depreciation fund	344.574	326,199	308.659
Other dabinos	342,512	1,147,393	1,23 - 68 4
Orofit and loss	744,395	1.734.753	1,628,277
Profit and loss 1	,744,393	1,104,100	3,020,611
Total liabilities25.	493.286	26,422,944	28.272.395

-V. 60, p. 350, 626,

- V. 62, p. 184,

Edison Electric Illuminating Company of New York.

(Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895.)

On another page the remarks of the President, Mr. Spencer Trask, from the report for the year will be found in full, together with the income account and balance sheet in detail. At the annual meeting on the 11th inst. the board of directors was elected as follows: A. A. H. Boissevain, R. R. Bowker, C. H. Coster, Charles E. Crowell, R. Fulton Cutting, Thomas A. Edison, W. E. G. yn, Arthur Curtiss James, D. O. Mills, Geo. Foster Peabody, Wm. A. Read, F. S. Shithers, Spencer Trask. The only change in the board was the substitution of the name of Mr. R. Fulton Cutting for Mr. Geo. F. Gregory, deceased.

Balance Sheet .--The income account for the late fiscal year will be found in detail on a subsequent page. A compara-tive statement of the balance sheets on Dec. 31 of each of the last three years has been compiled for the CHRONICLE as follows:

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31.

COMPENSED BALANCE	SHEET DE	CRMDER OF.	
Dr.	1895.	1894.	1893.
License under Edison patents	3,159,000	3,020,000	3,020,0 0
Real est . construction, invest. &c.	9,912,650	9,317,464	8,520,383
Ed. Light & P. Inst. Co.	1,216,400		
Customers' ace'ts and bills rec'le	130,361	180,533	156,296
Sundry accounts and supplies	106,442	116,598	70,133
Cash on hand	585,989	1177,970	189,751
Total	5,110,842	12,812,564	11,956,563
Cr.			
Capital stock	7,938,000	7,938,000	7,939,000
Dividends	119,055	119,050	119,046
First mortgage bonds	4.312.000	4,312,000	3,562,000
First consul, mortgage bonds	2,118,000		*******
Bills and accounts payable	80,294	68,806	157,329
Reserve fund	290,521	208,058	6:, 69
Sundry accounts	109,089	40,114	8,3 9
Accrued interest	71,867	71,867	59,367
Prefit and loss	72,017	54,669	42,793
Total	5.110.842	12,812,564	11,956,563

Wilkesbarre & Wyoming Valley Traction

(Report for the year ending December 31, 1895.)

In connection with the statement of earnings for the late fiscal year and the balance sheet of December 31, 1895, which are given below, the CHRONICLE has been favored with the following interesting report regarding the history and formation of the company. tion of the company:

tion of the company:

Companies Owned and Leased —There were originally four companies in Wilkesparre. These companies controlled the franchises covering entrance to and occupancy of the public square, and also the exclusive right of way on the bridges connecting with the large population on the west side of the river. The Traction Company secured control of these roads and leased them for 999 years at rental of 6 per cent on capital stock, and the Traction Company no wows as follows.

Stock Of which issued, purchased, original companies—
Wilkesbarre & Kingston Pass. Rr. (horse) \$10,000 \$99,700 \$12,000 \$12,

Wilkemarre & West Side St. Ry. (electric). 100,000 92,450 35,000

The Pittsion Sirect Car Co. was afterwards purchased, and entire capital stock (\$200,000) is owned by the Traction Co.

The following companies, on each of whose stock the amount required by the laws of Pennsylvania was paid in, were also secured, the Traction Company owning the entire capital stock and furnishing the funds to build and equip such mileage as was built under their franchises, and the same are now part of the general system, they being leased to the Traction Co. at a rental of \$1 per year for 999 years:

Since acquired, leased for 999 years at \$1 per annum—

Since acquired, leased for 999 years at \$1 per annum—
Nanticoke Street Railway. orlytoal capital. \$6,007
Plymouth Street Railway. 12,000
West Pitston & Wyoming Street Railway "30,000
Pitiston Moosic & Pleasant Valley Street Ry. "42,000

Present Mileage. - The mileage is as follows:

Miles

Wilkesburre & Kingston—On Main Street and Public square in the city of Wilkesburre and through Boroughs of Dovianceton and Kingston to D. L. & W. depot.

Wilkesburre & Suburban—On public square Main. Canal and other streets in the city and to Borough of Parsons and through Plains township.

Controlle Passenger—On Washington, Hazie and other streets in Wilkesburre to Boroughs of Ashies and Sigar Yotch.

Wilkesburre to Boroughs of Ashies and Sigar Yotch.

Wilkesburre & Wess Side—From Wilkesburre City through Kingston to Wyoming and Luzerne on North and Edwardsville on South. 10.00 5.67

South

West Pittston & Wyoming—From connection with West Side road,
Wyoming, through Exeter and West Pittston Borom b...

Pymonth Street Rativesy—From end of West Side tracks in Edwardsville to and through Plymonth Boromb and across Piymouth Bridge to connection with Nantucoke Street Railway 2.25

mouth strings to connection with Nanticoke Street Railway tracks
Nanticoke Street Railway—From Nanticoke to and through southerly part of Wilkesbarre to connection with Wilkesbarre & Kingston tracks
Pultston Street Uar Co.—From end of Suburban tracks in Planas
Township through Jenkins T waship and Pittston City to
Marc; Township
Pitston Moosic & Pleusani Valley—From end of Pittston Street
car tracks to Duryea.

1.95

New Line—There is now in construction through the easterly part of Wilkesbarre city the Wilkesbarre & East Side Railway mileage now in operation 2 miles and in process of construction 3 miles additional, including a steel vi duct 1,500 feet long. The capital stock of the East Side C mpany is \$150,000, and bonded debt \$150,000, all of which is owned by the Traction Company and held by the Anthracite Bank, with other securities, as collateral on the collateral trust mortgage bonds of \$325,000.

other securities, as confateral on the confateral trust more age bonds of \$325,000. R. construction, Elc.—All of the original roads were reluilt from beginning to end and equipped with rolling stock, so that at present of all the track and property of the original roads not more than 2 miles of track remains. All extensions roads not more than 2 miles of track remains. All excensions under their charters from time to time was done by the Traction Company, and all cost of reconstruction, additional rights of way, two power houses containing 3,350 H. P. equipment, four brick barns, repair shops, including the land; as well as the equipment of rolling stock which now consists of 136 cars (77 closed and 59 open), over one half of which are "double truck" cars and 78 motor equipments, were provided by the Traction Company.

Traction Company.

Earnings and Balance Sheet.—The earnings have been:

Landing and Datance Sheet.	warmen Bo mare o	
Receipts — 1895. Gross earnings	1894. \$100,143 196,524	1893. \$312,199 149,240
Net earnings\$242,341	\$203,319	\$162,950
Interest on bonds \$100,125	\$93,259 29,348	*******
Total charges\$134,214	\$122.607	
Balance, surplus\$108,127	#80,712	. Cinno

The balance sheet of January 1, 1893, is given below. Since January 1, 1893, the funded debt has been increased by the issue of \$153,000 collateral trust mortgage bonds; accounts payable have decreased from \$524,117 to \$182,584.

BALANCE B	SHEET JANUARY 1, 1000.	-
Assets. Property&franch's.construction and equipt \$6,92 Personal property acct. 21 Cash	Labilities.	85,000,000 1,500,000 153,000 182,534 296,622

Total *** \$7,139, it 6

Total \$7,132,156

Lehigh Coal & Navington Company.

(Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895.)

President C. Pardee in his annual report says :

President C. Pardee in his annual report says: General Results—The revenue from all sources for the year 1895 was \$1,693,876; out of this amount there was paid for general expenses, rentals, taxes and interest, \$1,253,948, leaving a surplus of \$438,930. Two dividends, each of 2 per cent, were paid, amounting to \$573,866, leaving a difference of \$134,936, which was charged to profit and loss, as was also the usual sinking fund charge of 10 cents per ton on 959,936 tons of ceal mined, amounting to \$95,998 60.

There was an increase in the earnings of the Lehigh & Susquehanna Railroad of \$400,504 51 for the year 1895 over the year 1894, making an increase in the rental earned of \$133,501.

\$133,501.

The loss on coal mined by the company was \$11,763, and was mainly due to the low prices obtainable for it during the year. The production of the company's property was 1.521.695-14 tons, an increase of only 17,693 tons over that of 1894, owing to a dull market, to the scarcity of cars during the first nine months and to a shortage of water for use at the mines and screen houses during the last three months of the

year.

Collateral Trust Loan.—To fund the floating debt and provide means for necessary improvements, the Board of Managers on June 3, 1895, authorized the issue of \$1,500,000 of 10-year collateral trust gold bonds, interest 4½ percent, payable in gold, March 1 and September 1, secured by the deposit of securities with the Fidelity Insurance Trust & Safe Deposit Company, trustees. [These bonds and their collateral were fully describ-d in the Chronicleof July 27, 1895, page 154.—Ed.]

There were sold \$1,000,000 of these bonds in July and August last to Brown Brothers & Co. and others on favorable terms, and the balance of \$500,000 is held in reserve for the future requirements of the company.

Earnings.—Receipts and disbursements for four years have been as follows:

Receipts-	1895.	1894.	1893.	189 2.
From railroads	,610,074		1,814.837	1,745,474
		loss 16,927	16,937	31,344
	88 11,763		489,847 79,946	343,477
Miscelaneous	97,543	97,045	70,940	104,517
Total receipts	,692,878	1,838,732	2,401,667	2,224,711
Interest account	862,991	826,197	833,600	853,463
Rentals, taxes, &c	390,966	376,627	397,031	377,601
	,253.947	1,202,924	1,230,631	1,230,067
Balance of earnings	438,931	635,909	1,171,036	994,644
Divideods	573,866		860,799	789,065
Rate of dividend	(4 p. c.)	(4 to p. o.)	(6 p. c.)	(519 p. c.)

......def. 134,935 def. 9,691 sr.310,237 sr.205,579 V. 61, p. 154.

National Lead Company.

(Report for the fiscal year ending Dec. 31, 1895.)

(Report for the fiscal year ending Dec. 31, 1895.)

Vice-President L. A. Cole alludes to the death on February 8, 1896, of President William P. Thompson, and also says:
General Results.—The year 1895 was one of clow awakening from the two years of depression which preceded it. The enforced economies of the two former years had, however, left the country bare of lead products, and this condition, coupled with inviting prices and strenuous efforts to sell, resulted in the distribution of a greater aggregate tonnage of our goods than in any year since the organization of the company, but at the lowest margin of profit per ton. Under all the circumstances it is gratifying to be able to report an increase in the net carnings of \$69,003 over the previous year. The net earnings are shown after charging to expensiacounts over \$116,000 expended in repairs and betterments. Deducting the usual quarterly dividends on preferred and one dividend of one per cent on common stock left \$89,927 to be added to surplus account, which is thereby increased to \$761,099 and actively employed.

The value of stocks on hand has increased and they are the largest in the history of the examplany. All inventories have been taken at cash raises for any marginal and actively employed.

The value of stocks on hand has increased and they are the largest in the history of the employ. All inventories have been taken at cash values for raw material and actual cost for manufactured goods. We cannot expect lower prices for raw material and have a reasonable hope of increased profits on the business of the present year. The first six weeks of this year's business show a large increase over the same time in 1895.

same time in 1895.

Financial.—The general financial condition of the company is fully set forth in the several statements. The working capital is ample for present needs, enabling us to pay cash for all we buy without borrowing. The accounts payable of \$105,164 represent current matters in process of payment. The mortgage of \$12,603, as explained in last report, we cannot pay off during the life of the holder. The policy of the management is to moderaize the factories, with a view to reducing cost and improving the quality of manufactured products. Our relations to the trade are increasingly harmonious. On February 3, 1993, we sustained a great loss in the death of President William P. Thompson. All the high qualities of character which he possessed were prodigally exercised in its behalf, and the company stands an enduring monument to

behalf, and the company stands an enduring monument to

GENERAL BAL	NCE SHEET	DECEMBER 31.	
	1893.	1894.	1893.
Assets-	8	8	
Plant investment	23,613,466	23,629,033	23,694,144
Other investments	435,663	425,704	417,557
Stock on hand	4,901,231	4,465,396	4,203,043
Treasury stock	190,800	191,300	19 ,600
Cash in banks	334,210	6 12,291	1,2 12,003
Notes rec ivable	217,858	220, 193	349,321
Accounts receivable	1,281,839	1,130,583	1,100,402
Total	30,873,967	30,810,078	31,200,472
Linbi ilies-			
Capital stock	30,000,000	30,002,000	30.070.000
Sarpins December 31	761,100	672,172	¥50,355
Mortgages	12,603	12,603	37,603
Accounts payable	105,164	125,302	212,513
Total	30,878,867	30,810,073	31, 200, 472
Assets increased in 1495 Liabilities decreased in 1895			\$141,071 20 138
Assets decreased in 1895			\$461,909 372,231
Surplus increased during 189	5		\$38 9 27

[·] Common, \$15,0)0,000; preferred, \$15,000,000. V. 61, p. 1107.

Quincy Mlning Company.

(Report for the year ending December 31, 1895.)

President Thomas F. Mason says in the report:

"A dividend of \$4.00 per share, or \$200,000, payable February 17, has been declared, which with the dividend of \$4.00 per share paid August 11th last makes a total pail from past year's earnings of \$400,000. The question of declaring an extra dividend, payable with the regular semi-annual dividend in February, was under consideration, but in view of the uncertainty of financial matters and consequent depressed condition of the copper market, it was decided as most judicious to postpone time for payment to May next.

"All the notes given on account of purchase of mineral land in 1893 have been discounted, and the amount of cash payment of \$150,000 which was made, and deducted from the company's earnings of that year, will be returned when next instalment on the stockholders this year, in addition to the earnings of the mine for 1896."

Earnings, Etc.—The company has outstanding capital stock of \$1,250,000 in \$25 shares. It has no bonds outstanding, and its small current liabilities are shown below. Its earnings have been as follows:

earning, have been as follows:

	1895.	1894.	1893.
Mineral producedlbs.	19,732,9 7 0 16,301,741	19,864,734 15,434,014	17,708,035 14,393,477
	\$	8	*
Gross income from above Operating expenses, etc	1,631,446 969,372	1,470,272 880,216	1,511,039
Net profit	692,074 8,415	590,056 2,531	493,399 17,814
Total net income. Dividends. Purchase of mi eral land	700,489 600,000	592,597 400,000	511,213 300,000 150,000
Balance, surplus	100,439	192,587	61,213
Balance of assets Dec. 31	1,007,501	907.011	714,424
Total earnings 184 1395	23,416,875	26,805,128	25,335,156

ADSELS AND MADILITIES,	BACHOSIVE	OF BEAL ESTATE AND MI	ME CHAML.
Assets.		Liabilities.	
Cash N. Y., and copper.	\$896,353	Drafts unpaid	\$6,798
Cash at mine	13,957	Divide id a unpaid	1.815
Accounts receivable	100,974	Acc'nts payable it N. Y.	27,959
Supplies, etc., at mine	114,526	" at mine.	81,943
Total	1,124,915	Total	\$117,115
Balance, net assets			1,007,500
Less dividend payable	February 1	7, 1896, \$1 per share, \$2	.00,000.

St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal.

(Report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895.)

This company, which is controlled by the Terminal Railroad association of St. Louis, reports earnings as follows:

Association of the Moule, reporte	o carmini	to up tomo we	
Receipts— Pas-souger earnings Freight earnings Other earnings from operation Other sources	402,572 111,635	3:0,512	1893, \$14,556 358,353 224 76,791
Total	\$302,475	\$536,657	\$450,454
Expenses— Conducting transportation Motive power Maintenance of cars Maintenance of way. General expenses—taxes.	76,423 14,234 44,462	\$122,799 72,690 10,549 43,188 72,307	\$139,730 76,031 9,452 29,635 55,620
Total	\$127,880 \$274,615	\$326,522 \$210,135	\$310,563 \$139,856
Interest on bonds	206,235	143,565	
Total	\$126,043	\$384,479	
BalanesdefV. 60, p. 1147.	\$151,427	dt.\$174,344	*******

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Reorganizations, Btc.—Latest Data as to Defaults, Reorganization Plans, Payment of Overdue Coupons, Etc.—All facts of this nature spp aring since the publication of the last issues of the Investobs' and Street Railway Supplem NTS may be readily found by means or the following index. This index do a not include matter in to day's CH donicle.

**This index do a not include matter in to day's CH donicle.

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**This index do a not include matter in to day's CH donicle.

Feb. 8. p. 276.	
RAILROADS AND MISCEL. Co's. Volume 62 - Page.	RAILROAD AND MISCEL. Co's (Con.) Volume · 2— Page.
Appleton Edison Rice. (Wis.)sold 276	Ore. Ry. & Nav plan operative 278
Atl. & Pac., Jorest. suit. 184, recor. 231	Ore. Short Line & Utah Nor. reorg 279
Case Fear & Vadkin Val. reorg. 232, 277	Peoria Decatur & Evansv reorg, 186
Central Branch, Un. Paccom 319	Philadelphia & Readingdeposits 188
Chicago & Atch. Bridgecom. 185	Port Edwards Centralia & Nor.s le 279
Chicago Gasconsor, 185	St. Joseph & Grand Island sale 279
Chic. Peoria & St. Louisptan.232, 3:9	Union Pacific coup. 187, reorg. 187
Cin. Jackson & Mackreorg. 2:7	Kansas Pacificplan 234
Cleveland & Canton, July, 1895,	United States Book forect. 187
coup. in def.40, 232	United States Cordage forect. 187, 321
Colum. & Hock. Coat & Ir. coup. 232, 277	STREET RAILWAYS.
Cu aberland & Ohio, Nor. Div. recer. 277	Volumes 61 and 62— Page Burlington Elec. (lowa)d-f, 2 12
Instroit Langing & NO	Burlington Elec. (lowa)d-f. 2 42
Dulut i Transfer def ault 232, 2.7	Chattanooga Electricsals 1154
Duluth & Winnipegs.le. 320	Chi. & So. Side R. T plan 1063, 137
Ft. Worth & Denver City reorg. 233	do Com. 1063, 1106, 1154, 185, 23 4
General Electric	Consol, St. Ry (Portland, 11.), forect, 966
tio regia Midland & Gulf8014 277	Dallas Consol, St., plan 1013, 1166, 185
Kinderhook & Hudson	Ft. Wayne Ind.) Electric reorg. 9th
Louisv. Evansv. & St. L reorg. 180	Houston City st. Ry reorg. 84. 277
Loniay, St. L. & Tex. reorg, deposits 277	Lake St. Elev. (Chicago) fo ect. 233
Mamuhia & Charleston coup. 233	Long Isl. Trac1013, 1065, 1155, 183
Mant Tuscalousa & Mem., sold 278	Milwaukee St. Ry.soid 233; new co. 278
New Orleans & So forect, suit 180	Nashville Traction sale 83, 278
N V. & Greenwood Lake reory. 233	Penn. Trac. (La caster)def. 279
Norfolk Albemarie & Atlantic suie 278	Portland (Ore) Consol. St plan St
Northern Pacific recurs. 233	Queen City Ry. (Dallas, Tex.) sold. 321
Omaha & St. Louissold 234	Seattle Cons. St. Ry reorg. 968, 1-18
	Superior Rap. T recor. 234; def. 279
NoreFull-face figures under ST	REET BAILWAYS refer to Vol. 62.
Allembary Valley Dy Dans	ment of Maturina Ronds _ The

Allegheny Valley Ry.—Payment of Maturing Bonds.—The first mortgage 73-10 bonds due March 1, 1836, will be paid, principal and interest, on presentation at the office of the company in Pitt-burg or at the office of the Trassurer of the Pennsylvania RR. Co. in Philadelphia.—V. 60, p. 1057.

American Biscuit Company.—Annual Meeting.—At the meeting last week the company is said to have reported a satisfactory business for the year, and earnings of 6 per cent or over on its \$10,000,000 of capital stock. The American Biscuit Company is a rival of the New York Biscuit Company, and is the owner of some forty bakeries situated in twelve States. There are said to be outstanding \$545,000 ft per cent American Biscuit Company .- Annual Meeting .- At the pany, and is the owner of some forty bakeries situated in twelves States. There are said to be outstanding \$515,000 6 per cent bonds but no floating deb. The following officers were elected: President, J. L. Loose; First Vice-President, D. F. Bremner; Second Vice-President, L. D. Dozier; Secretary, H. F. Vories; Treasurer, W. W. Shaw.

Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe R.R.—Proceeds of Foreclosure Sile—Special Mister Johnson, who sold this roul in foreclosure, announces that on March 2 he will make payment to holders of the general 4 per cent boads and defaulted coupons their oroper proportion of the proceeds of the for-closure sale, \$59,75),000 being applicable to such payment.—V. 63, p. 318.

Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line Ry.—Earnings and Status—This road is operated by the Southera Railway Company under the terms of the old lease to the Richmond & Dauville, which require the payment of dividends of 5 per cent per annum on the stock as a minimum rental, of 6 per cent per annum when the gross earnings exceed, as is now the case, \$1,500,000. Thus, while not formally assumed by the Southern Railway Company, the lease is held to have been "constructively ratified" by virtue of operation of the A. & C. Ry. under it and in other ways; and all thought of modifying the rental, as suggested at the time of the Richmond Terminal reorganization, has therefore, it is understood, been abandoned. For the nine months ending December 31, 1895, the company reports gross earnings of \$1,378,477. contrasting with \$1,166,163 for the same period in 1894, while for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1894, gross earnings were \$1,549,687, as against \$1,549,313 the year previous. Dividends aggregating 6 per cent yearly have been naid regularly since Sept., 1890, and before that 5 per cent.—V. 60, p. 561.

Baltimore & Ohio RR.—New Directors.—At the meeting

Baltimore & Ohlo RR.—New Directors.—At the meeting of directors at Baltimore on Wednesday George C. Jenkins was unanimously elected a director, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation, owing to ill health, of William F. Burns. Gen. Orland Smith resigned as First Vice-President, and Mr. Oscar G. Murray was elected in his stead. General Smith remains the representative of the Company on the Board of Managers of the Joint Traffi: Association.

New Collateral Trust. The Baltimore Sun says: "The negotiations for the collateral trust mortgage being made through Major Snaw, Chair nan of the Finance Committee, are advancing satisfactorily.—V. 62, p. 318.

Boston & Montana Mining.—Annual Statement — The earnings are stated to be as follows:

 Fiscal Very Company
 Gross State
 Net State State
 Interest Interest State
 Property Balance, bought, surplus, and sink. f.
 Property Balance, bought, surplus, s

From the surplus as above were declared dividends aggregating \$1,050,000 in 1895 and \$300,000 in 1894, leaving a balance respectively of \$1,033,544 and \$183,232. The total bonds outstanding are given as \$1,247,000, against \$1,363,000 Jai. 1, 1895; habilities \$330,026, against \$270,801; total surplus \$1,565,978, against \$532,436.

Brooklyn City & Newtown RR.—Quarterly —Eurain 54 for the quarter and the six months ending Dec. 3 have been; Interest, taxes, etc. \$32,419 31,166 Gross earungs. ..\$141,856 153,918 Net earnings. \$5 (,935 54,308 Other income. \$1,980 3 months Balance,

\$109,440 121,887 \$64,285 61,534 \$49,091 60,394

Quarterly. - Earnings for the

Loens and bills payable Dec. 31, 1895, \$410,000, against \$362,500 in 1894.—V. 62, p. 81.

Brooklyn Wharf & Warehouse—First Dividend on Pre-erred.—A dividend of 6 per cent has been declared for the ear ending Jan. 31st. 1898, the first year of the company's usiness. See advertisement on another page.—V. 60, p. 130.

Ousness. See accertisement on another page.—V. 60, p. 130.

Central RR. & Banking Co. of Georgia—Central of Georgia Ry.—Preference Incomes Ready for Delivery.—The holders of certificates of the Mercantile Trust Co. issued under the reorganization agreement of the Central Railroad & Banking Co. of Georgia are notified that, upon presentation and surrender of their certificates properly endorsed, they will receive in final settlement the preference income bonds of the Central of Georgia Railway Co, as provided in

bonds of the Central of Georgia Railway Co, as provided in the agreement.

President and Directors E'ected.—At Atlanta, Ga., on Feb. 17, Mr. H. M. Comer was elected President of the new company. The new board of directors is composed as follows:

Railoh F. Anderson, Vice-President; General Samuel Thomas, T. F. Ryan, Henry Crawford, B. W. Wrenn, Jr., D. W. Appler, Judge R. T. Dorsey, J. B. S. Thompson and President Comer.—V. 62, p. 232.

Comer.—V. 62, p. 232.
Chicago & Northwestern Ry.—Wisconsin Northern Ry.—Proposed Extension.—Mr. Marvin Hughitt and others identified with the Chicago & Northwestern are the incorporators of the new Wisconsin Northern Ry. Co., which is to build 100 miles of road from Big Surmico, in Brown County, Wis., northwesterly to the boundary line of Wisconsin and Michigan. The capital stock is \$500,000. Albert Keep, Chairman of the Northwestern Railroad, is quoted as saying: "We are merely building 100 miles of track for the purpose of opening to settlement some land which we own in Wisconsin. That is all." The land is said to comprise a tract of 150,700 acres, secured by the Northwestern Road under grants of 1856. The land is valuable for the quality of hardwood timber it produces.

Various improvements in the neighborhood of Borne, Ia., on the line of the Chicago & North Western are also reported under consideration. The raising of the tracks in Chicago will also call for the expenditure of a considerable sum.—V. 63, p. 232, 256,

Chicago & South Side Rapid Trausit.—Reorganization.—
Touching the reorganization of the Chicago & South Side
Rapid Transit. It is stated officially that over four-fifths of
the first mortgage bonds have been deposited with the Northern Trust Company, Chicago. Further deposits will be received up to and including March 14, 1896, upon the payment,
as penalty, of \$25 for each bond deposited.—See advertisement

as penalty, of \$20 for each bond appearance on another page.
It is also announced that over seventy-five per cent of the Extension bonds have been deposited with the Illinois Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago. Further deposits will be received without penalty up to Feb. 29, and after date up to March 14 on payment of \$25 for each bond.—See advertisement on another page —V. 63, p. 283.

Cleveland Electric Ry.—Cleveland City Ry.—Consolidation.—These companies, which control all the street railway business in the city of Cleveland, have agreed to consolidate, but the name of the new company and the terms on which the consolidation will take place have yet to be determined After these matters have been settled the stockholders must ratify the contract. It is understood that the Akron B dford & Cleveland and other suburban electric lines will retain their independent existence, but will be operated under close traffic alliance with the consolidated company, affording them abundant access to the center of the city.—V. 61, p. 749.

Consolidation Coal of Maryland.—New President.—This company, which is largely owned in the interest of the Baltimore & Ohio RR., has elected as President in place of Charles F. Mayer, who resigned, C. K. Lord, Third Vice-President of the B. & O. The following directors were elected: William F. Frick, James S'oan. Jr., John W. Garrett. George C. Jenkins, John Gillof R., William H. Whitridge, Louis Fitzgerald, E. R. Bacon, Eugene Delano and James M. Quigley. The only members re-elected are Messrs. Frick and S'oan.

Cleveland Lorain & Wheeling Ry.—Earnings and Divi-

Cleveland Lorain & Wheeling Ry.—Earnings and Dividend.—This company has declared a dividend of one per cent on the preferred stock, payable March 3, 1896. For the half-year ending Dec. 31, 1895, the following report is made: 6 mos. Gross to Dec. 31. earnings. 1895.....\$847,225 1894......782,251 - V. 62, p 317 Net earnings. \$282,998 271,978 Operating exp-nses. \$604,127 510,273

Delta Electric Ry., Cairo, Itl —Sold in Foreclosure: — Inis property was aurchased at foreclosure sale on February 13 for \$35,000 by Calvin V. Neff, representing the bondholders. — V. 60, p. 480.

Duluth & Iron Range RR .- Minnesota Iron .-Duluih & Iron Range RR.—Minnesota Iron.—New Mortgage.—The Duluth & Iron Range RR. Co., which is owned by the Minnesota Iron Company, has authorized a second moregage for \$5,00,000, of which \$3,500,000 will be issued to take up a like amount of 6 per cent income certificates held by the Iron Company, and the balance will be held for future requirements. The Iron Company calls attention to the fact that in January this year iron was at \$4 a ton, contrasting with \$2.90 in January 1895.

New Iron Lands.—The Minnesota Iron Company is reported to have purchased a forty-acre tract near the Oliver mine on the Mesaba Runge for \$400,000 from the Virginia Iron Company.—V. 61, p. 966, 1012.

pany.—V. 61, p. 966, 1012.

Elmira Cortland & Northern R.S.—Lehigh Valley RR.—
Sale and Guaranty.—The entire capital stock of the Elmira
Cortland & Northern RR., all owned by Austin Coroin, J.
Rogers Maxwell and Henry W. Maxwell, was sold this week
to the Lehigh Valley RR. Co. The sale includes the Canastota
Northern RR., operated ut der lease. The Lehigh Valley, as
part consideration, guarantees by endorsement the principal
and interest of the \$1.250,000 5 per cent bonds issued in 1884
by the Emira Corolland & Northern, and so virtually guarantees the underlying loan of \$750,000 six per cents. It likewise
assumes the agreement of the Elmira company with regard to
the \$300,000 six per cent 20-year bonds issued by the Canastota
company in 1886. The lines turchased form for the Lehigh
Valley an extension 139 miles in length from Elmira, New
York, crossing the Lehigh Valley at Van Etten northeasterly
via Canastota on the New York Central, to Canden on the
Rome Watertown & Ogdensburg. The Lehigh Valley took
possession Feb. 20.

New Coat Lands.—A press dispatch from Ashland, Ps.,
part the table Lehigh Valley Coal Coal to a converted and will

New Coal Lands.—A press dispatch from Ashland, Pa. says that the Lonigh Valley Coal Co. has acquired and will take po-session March 1 of the Logan and Centralia collieries. at Centralia, and the Big Mine Run coffiery, at Ashland, now operated by L A. Riley & Co. The deal includes the lease on the Germantown coal tract.—V. 61, p. 794: V 62, p. 186.

on the Germantown coal tract.—V. 61, p. 794: V 62, p. 186.

Evansville & Richmond RR.—Evansville & Terre Haute
RR.—Foreclosure Suit.—A press dispatch from Chicago suya foreclosure suit has been brought against the Evansville &
Richmond under the morigage of 1891, securing \$1,310,000 of
bonds, the Evansville & Terre Haute, as guarantor, being
named as a party defendant. Holders of \$1,233,400 of the
bonds exchanged their holdinks for Ev. & T. H preferred
stock and this suit is supposed to have been instituted at the
instance of holders of non-assenting bonds.—V. 60, p. 1058, V.
61, p. 746. 61, p. 746.

Georgia & Alabama Ry — Montgomery (Ala) Terminal— Lease and Reduction of Interest.—A committee consisting of B-rnard Cahn, Henry James and Charles W. Slagle gives the following notice to holders of Montgomery Terminal 6 per cent bonds:

The Georgia & Alabama Railway has agreed to lease the property of he Montgomery Terminal Company for five years from July 1, 1845, with a pry-lege of renewal for five years multi-the maturity of the onds of the Terminal Company. It railway is to have the aption of urchasing the property for the face value of the bonds during the ontinuance of the lease; the restal to be paid amounts to five per cent nother the desired of the lease; the restal to be paid amounts to five per cent nother to do and the interest on the bonds during the lease is to be educed to 5 per cent.

In order that this arrangement may be consummated, holders must deposit their bonds with the Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company of Baltimore.—V. 63, p. 233.

posit Company of Baltimore.—V. 63, p. 233.

Green Bay Winona & St. Paul RR.—Sale Postponed.—The forclocure sale of this road, and also of the allied property the Green Bay Stevens Point & Northern RR., has been postponed until March 3, 1896.—V. 62, p. 138

Houston East & West Texas RR.—Death of President.—The death is announced of Colonel E. S. Jemison, President and one of the largest owners of this road —V. 61, p. 151.

Interoceanie Ry. of Mexico-Reorganization Plan. - A cominteroceanie By, of M-X100—Reorganization Plan.—A committee in London, consisting of Waiter J. Stride (Chairman), L. M. Ames, E. C. ssel, Fr. d-rick J. Gordon, F. Praed, John B. R. vnolds, N. Bowden Smith and John Annan has presented a plan of reorganization. The committee recommends placing the holders of Matamoras debenture stock on a parity with the holders of mortgage debenture stock and leaving un-disturbed the £400,000 of 5 per cent prior lien debentures; They therfore propose the issue of the following new securi-ties to replace the old stocks and for other purp see, the new securities to rank in priority in the order named:

Securities to rank in priority in the order named:

Four Per Cent Debourer. Stock.—"To be come payable at

pur Sept. 15, 145." to be a first charge on the entire

undertaking subject not as a may time at par on six

moth's notice.

Cf which to equace exis ing securities

To be reserved for redemption of the £100,000 prior lien

debeatures, which last are subject to call at par on six

month' notice after March 1, 1897, any balance for general purposes £1,150,000 528,560

only will coagent of two-thirds in value of holders of 4 p. c. debenture stock..... 171,340

450,000

p. c. debenture stock.

Seen per cent A debenture stock, "to become payable Sept.

15. 1950," a see and charge on the undertaking interest to be payable only out of surplus revenue, "after providing for all worslog and prior charges." The principal to be subject to call at 110 st any time on six mouths' notice.

All but £ 450 to replace existing securities.

Seven per cent B. debenture stock, "to become payable at par on Sept. 15, 1980," a charge upon the und staking sim-ilar to the "A" stock, but ranking after the same, the princ pair to be subject to call at 120 at any time on six months notice.

Exchange of Securities—The present £1,565,000 6 per cent decenture stock (of which £165,000 Matamoras), the £12,210 of arrears of interest on Matamoras stock and the £156,500 deferred interest warrants will be exchanged as follows:

-Will receive:
7 p. c. A 7 n. c. B
deb. stock, deb. stock
2 57 230 4 p. c. deb. stock. Old securities as below-Par

Jacksonville Tampa & Key West.—Date of Sale.—The reclosure sale of this property has been set for April 6.—V. 62, p. 40.

Kentucky Midland Ry.—Foreclosure Sale.—The postponed sale of this road is advertised for April 6, 1896, at Frankfort, Ky., the upset price to be \$250,006.—V. 62, p. 233.

Kings County Elevated Ry.—Quarterly.—Earnings quarter and the six months ending Occ. 31 have been: -Earnings for the

3 months Gross earnings. 1-95\$210,573 1894 196,127 6 months. Net earnings. \$80,957 71,641 Other income, \$3,293 4,035 Interest, taxes, etc. \$58,918 86,112 Balance, 6 months. 18 15\$382,722 1894 344,866 \$13°,163 107,647 \$6,555 4,035 \$179,809 177,949 \$11,091 Loans and bills payable Dec. 31, 1895, \$206,200, against \$178,952 in 1894.—V. 63, 276.

Laclede Gas.—Extensions—New Coupon Notes.—This company expects to set at least 15,000 additional metres during the current year, it being the policy of the management to offset the loss of earnings occasioned by the recent reduction of price from \$1.25 to \$1 by increasing the consumption, and to this end new lines of pipe in unsupplied sections will be laid as rapidly as possible. That the cost of these expensions to this control and the cost of these extensions should not have to be taken out of current earnings the stock-holders recently anthorized an issue of \$500,000 five-year gold 5 per cent coupon notes. The notes are redeemable after two vers and absolutely in five years. It is thought that it will 5 per cent coupon notes. The notes are redeemable after two years and absolutely in five years. It is thought that it will not be necessary to issue more than \$350,000; none as yet have

-In the friendly suits instituted between Charter Rights.—In the Friendly suits instituted between the company and the city to obtain a ruling from the highest court as to the extent of the Laclede Company's rights under its very far-reaching State charter, the courts have not yet passed on the main questions. These questions are summar-

1. Whether the Laclede Company's charter is perpetual; whether or not it has alread expired, or whether it will hold good until 1907.

2. Whether or not the city ordinance pessed by the city of St. Louis subsequent to the general of the Laclede Company's charter, and giving the city the right to say in what maoner its streets shall be used by any corporation whatsoever, is a valid ordinance.

3. Whether, if the Laclede Company's charter is in force and effect, and it has the power to use the streets of St. Louis to lay conduits as it pleases, it can use these conduits for the carrying of electricity. The Laclede Company's charter, which was greated in 1457 by the State Legislature, gave the company the right to lay mains, not only for gas, but also to carry any other "material or substance that is used for may be hereafter used for lighting purposes."

This, of course, opened up the whole surject of the use of electricity for dighting purposes, and also as to weether electricity could be properly characterized as a "material or substance."—V. 61, p. 69.

Lehigh & Hudson River Ry.—Quarterly.—Earnings for he quarter and the six months ending Dec. 31 have been:

and describe and a		Trans carried		
3 months end. Dec. 31,	Gross	Net earnings.	Interest,	Balance, sur, or def.
189	\$39,090	\$41,788	\$36,250	Bur. \$5, 136
8 months.		47,744	35,836	sur. 11,908
189	\$194,355	\$79,634	\$70,596	sur. \$9,938
18)4	194,275	64,769	69,614	def. 4,845

Loans and bills payable Dec. 31, 1895, \$498,500, against \$396,489 in 1824.—V. 61, p. 1064.

Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co .- Annual Meeting .- No Re-Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal Co.—Annual Meeting.—No Report.—finis company, which is controlled by the Central R. R. of New Jersey, held its annual meeting on Toursday and elected the following directors: J. Rogers Maxwell (Pres.), George F. Baker, James A. Garland, Coarles Parrish, Joseph S. Harris, Samuel Dickson and C. Pardee. No report was issued last year and none will be made public for the year just closed.—V. 60, p. 655.

just closed.—V. 60, p. 655.
Lincoln Street Ballway.—Consolidated Mortgage Committee.—A committee representing the consolidated mortgage bonds has been named which will, it is understood, end-say to come to some agreement with the committee representing the firsts looking to a reorganization of the company. The consol. committee consists of Mesers, Jos. C. Ely and Edwin A. Smith. of Providence; C. C. Cuyler, of New York, and Wm. Stull, of Lincoln. N-b. About \$500,000 of the bonds out of the total issue of \$860,000 have been deposited with the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, and further deposits will be received.

Little Book & Memphil PR.—Sale Posteoned — The sale of

Little Rock & Memphis RR.—Sale Postponed.—The sal 736,000 this road has been postponed until May 12.—V. 62, p. 186.

Manhattan Bailway (N. Y. City) —Quarterly.—Esrnings for the quarter and the six months ending Dec. 31 have been: 3 months Gross Net end. Dec. 31. earnings. earnings. 1895 \$2,198, 14 \$1,039,912 1894...... 2517,294 1,160,593 6 months. \$4,579,307 Interest, Balance, taxes, etc. \$816,390 \$30 (125 713,481 508,250 Other income. \$65,603 61,138 6 months, 1895......\$4,572,307 \$1,944,976 \$139,940 \$1,413,140 \$371,738 1894......4,563,104 1,955,768 93,638 1,373,709 689,697

Marietta & North Georgia RR.—Atlanta Knoxville & Northern Ry.—Payment of Parchase Money.—The Court originally ordered that in addition to the \$92,500 deposited at Marietta & Northern Ry.—Payment of Purchase Money.—The Court originally ordered that in addition to the \$92,500 deposited at the time of the sale, the Construction Company should pay \$430,600 by March 6, 1898, and that the railroad should not be turned over to the purchaser until \$525,000 was paid. Jurige Newman, however, at Atlanta last Sarurday modified the order so that the purchasers should be required to pay only \$157,500 in cash by March 6, 1898, the balance of the purchase price to be paid in equal instalments in three, six and nine months' time, but possession of the railroad not to be given until \$525,000 has been paid, the total bid being \$956,500. Litigation.—As the result of a dispute regarding a loan of \$92,500 made to the reorganization committee, the Knickerbocker Trust Company this week applied to the Court for an injunction to prevent the transfer of the property to the new company, the Atlanta Knoxville & Northern Ry.—V. 63, p. 85.

Marchileid & Southeastern—Port Edwards Centralia & Northern Reorganized Company.—The Marshfield & Southeastern was incorporated at Milwaukee, Wis. Feb. 14, with \$400,000 capi al stock to acquire the prop rty of the Port Edwards Centralia & Northern, foreclosed. The incorporators and directors are Walter A. Scott, Chicago; thomas B. Scott, St. Paul; H. C. Roes, Chicago; Patrick M. Halloran and A. A. Hoppins, of Marshfield—V. 63, p. 279.

Meriden Waterbury & Connectient RR.—Suit to Recover Interest.—Charles L. Rockwell and A. Chamberlain, of Mariden, have brought suit against D. S. Plume, a director of the New England RR., to recover interest on binds of the Mariden company, of which, it is said, they hold \$400,000. Cimpons of July, 1894, and subsequent dates remain unpaid. The road was leased to the old New York & New England at a rentsl sufficient to pay the interest on \$450,000 of 5 per cent bonds, but apparently the new company has not cared to assume the lease.

bonds, but apparently the new company has not cared to assume the lease.

Nassan Electric RR (Brooklya, N. Y.)—Quarterly.—Eurnings for the quarters ending Sep., 3) and D₂., 31, 1835, have been reported as follows. The road was opened in July, 1895:

1895. Gross	Net	Interest,	Balance,
earnings.	earnings.	taxes, etc.	surplus.
:3 mos to Dec 31 \$52,140	\$22,236	\$20,236	\$1,950
3 mos to Sept. 30 91,617	4),391	13,341	32,063
Totals 6 mos\$173,757	\$67,630	\$33,627	\$31,053

National Linseed Oil.—Resolution to Reduce Capital Stock.

—At the annual meeting of the stockholders on Thursday the old officers were re-elected and the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved. That it is the sense of this meeting that the board of directors should at an early date call a special meeting of the stockholders to vote on a proposition to reduce the capital stock of the company from \$18,00,0,000 to \$9,000,000.—V. 62, p. 275.

New Eagland RR.—Quirterly—Eurnings for the quarteman the six months ending Dec. 31 have been:

	mo carding book	0 L Marc 00	ou .	
3 months Greend. Dec. 31. carn 1895 \$1,65	ings. earning		Interest, taxes, etc. \$350,140	Bulance, surplus. \$153,714
1894 1,56 6 months,	1,756 649,73		ф300,140	
1895 \$3,29	1,728 \$1,035,42			

The charges for the quarter and six months of 1894 are not given here as they represent securities outstanding before reorganization.—V. 62, p. 186,

New York Chicago & St. Louis RR.—Quarterly, —Earnings for the quarter and the 12 months ending Doc. 31 have been: or the quarter and the 10 months choing 200. Or the property of the property o 3 months end. Dec. 31. 1895......

A dividend of 5 per cent on the preferred stock, calling for \$250,000, has been declared payable March 2, 1896.—V. 62, p. 186.

P. Bantin, J. W. Mackay, Stuvvesant Fesh, J. J. Enery, Smith M. Weed, R. L. Elwards, J. W. Muler. H. E. Howland, E. C. O'Brien, A. M. Hoyt, Honry G. Budeigh. H. D. Pietce, M. C. D. Borden and A. B. Hopburn. Mr. Warner Miller is quoted as saying that sufficient money had been paid in to dispose of the floring dept of the old company to take care of the plant at Nicaragua and to pay expenses there for some time. Mr. Miller is hopeful that Congress may be induced to lend its assistance to the enterprise, but if not it is proposed to seek funds abroad.—V. 63, p. 32).

Northern Pacific R R.—Stockholders' Protective Committee. The following Stockholders' Protective Committee was appointed Thurs lay in view of the approaching rangalization: August Belmont, Brayton Ives and George R Sheldon of New York, and Charlemagne Tower, Jr., of Phila—V. 62, p. 330.

York, and Charlemagne Tower, Jr., of Phila—V. 62, p. 830.

Oregon Improvement, — First Mortguje Bondholders' Committee—A commutee, consisting of F. P. Olcott and Gunav E. Kissel, of Nev York, and Mores Williams, of Boston, requests deposits of first mortgage bonds with the Contral Trust Company. The sinking fund premints are in access to a total of \$163,000, which gives holders of one-half the bonds outstanding the right to have the loan declared duand payable. The consols are in default, and are already represented by a committee. See further particulars in advertisement on another page—V. 62, p. 85

Oregon Railway & Navigation—Foreclosure Side.—Legal formalities, it is thought, will occupy some sixty days before a sale of the road can be effected.—V. 63, p. 330.

Oregon Short Line & Utah Northern RR.—Reorgan-ization Plan.—The reorganization plan has been finally com-pleted. The new securities are to be first mortgage 5 per cent bonds, first and second incomes and common stock. The cent bonds, first and second incomes and common stock. The old sixes are left undisturbed: the consols and the Utah Southern bonds will be given 50 per cent in new firsts, 50 per cent in first incomes and 100 per cent in stock; the collateral trust bonds receive par in second incomes; the stock is assessed \$12 a share, receiving first mortgage bonds for the assessment paid and 50 per cent in new stock. The plan provides for the payment of the assessment on the Oregon Ruilway & Navigation stock held by the Collateral Trust Committee. Complete details of the plan will be published in the CH to NICLE as soon as received.—V. 63, p. 279.

Paters in Street Ry.—Annual Statement.—For the year ending Dec 31 earnings are reported as follows:

Gross earns, Nel earns Charges, Bal., surp. \$298,638 \$124.079 \$97,263 \$23,307 For 1894 gross earnings were \$243,931, for 1893 \$333,023 and

Paoria Dacatar & Evansville Ry.—Payman' of Coupans.—Notice is given that the coupans due Sept. 1, 1895, on the Evansville Division first mortgage bonds will be paid at the office of the Central Trust Company in New York City on and after Feb. 28.—V. 63, p. 186.

On and after rep. 28.—V. 62, p. 100.

Philadelphia Reading & New Eagland RR.—Reorganization Circular.—As stated recently in the CHRONICLE a committee consisting of R. J. C. Walker, John Saiter and John S. Wilson is urging the bondholders to deposit their securities with the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity & Trunt Company of Pailadelphia. The committee's official circular says in substance. substance:

substance:

The proposed plan for the reorganization of the Philadelphia & Reading Co., it connection with other cond loss adve so to your interests, has so reduced the value of your securities in the open mirker as to cause great anxiety for the fature. The present quotations are from 35 to 40 for first mortgage 4s, and 4s and 5s, and nothing bid for income As or Bs, although nominally quoted at 10 for the former and 5 for the latter. Believing that these prices are much be low their real value, that a large amount, if offered as a unit, ould be disposed of at higher figures, and that unless some plan is adouted by which the influence of one or more strong interests are accurated, your bonds will continue to decline, we and other large holders have agreed to deposit our bonds with the Girard Life I surance. Annuity & Trust Co. of this city, under an agreement giving control to the undersigned for four months, and respectfully slicit the deposit of yours on the same conditions. As we will act without congeniation and as fitig tion is not convemplated, the cost will be very moderate and will be collected from the purchaser, if possible, in case a sale is made. [Signed by the committee.]

The committee's address is John S. Wilson, R som 269,

The committee's address is John S. Wilson, Room 260, Bullitt Building, Philadelohia. Mr. Walker is one of the firm of Powers & Weightman, manufacturing chemists, Philadelphia, and Mr. Sailer is of the banking firm of Sailer

& Stevenson, of the same city.

Quarterly.—Earnings for the quarter and the six months
ending Dec 31 have been.

3 months	Gross	Net	Interest,	Balance,
end. Onc. 31.	earnings.	earnings.	lares etc.	surplus.
1895	\$205.663	\$47,623	\$34.829	\$12.794
1-94 6 months.	193,613	54,089	35,204	18,885
1995		\$108,646	\$69,658	\$38,998
1894		108,616	70,343	38,273

P. 180.

New York & Greenwood Lake Ry.—Eric RR.—Reorganzation Plan Effective.—The plan mentioned in the Chronicus
of Feb. 1 by which the Eric is to lease the New York & Genwood Lake for 999 years, has been declared effective.—V. 62,
p. 233, 318.

Nicara; an Company—Directors.—At the first meeting of
this empany the successor of the Nicaragus Canal Construction Company at 54 Broad Street, on Thursday, the foldowng board of directors was elected: Warner Miller, John

and they must be disposed of before a final decree can be entered.—V. 62, p. 821.

Rochester (Street) Railway.—Quarterly.—Earnings for the quarter and the six nonths ending Dec. 31 have been reported

as follows: 3 months end- ing Dec. 31— 1895	Gross earnings. \$212,723	Nei sarnings. \$36,831	Other income.	Interest, laxes etc. \$73,663	Balance, surplus. \$16,429
1894 6 months—	197,633	85,231	2,405	70,508	17,128
1895 1894	452,521	190,114 177,632	5,038 10,328	147,173	47,979

Loans and bills payable December 31, 1995, \$96,000, against \$378,198 in 1894.—V. 61, p. 926.

\$278,193 in 1894.—V. 61, p. 926.

*an Francisco & San Josquin Valley Ry.—Construction.

—This company reports under date of Feb. 10 that it has completed 25 miles of road, Stockron to the Stanislaus River grading has progressed 10 miles beyond the Stanislaus. The Stanislaus River Bridge is to be fl. ished in about 10 days. The company will then proceed to lay track to the Tuolumne; the bridge at that point will be finished about the lat of April. In the meantine grading will progress, after which they expect to push the work of tracklaying, reaching Fresno by July.

The executive officers are: Mr. Claus Spreckles, Presiden; Mr. Robert Watt, 1st Vice-President; Capt. A. H. Payson, 2d Vice-President; Alexander Mackie, Secretary; Bank of Californis, Treasurer: W. B. Storey, Jr., Engineer.—V. 61, p. 1156.

South Jersey RR.-Receivers' Certificates.-An issue of \$100,000 receivers' certificates has been authorized to pay for an extension to Ocean City, N. J., a distance of 12 miles, and for other purposes.

St. Joseph & Grand Island RR .- Reorganization Plan The reorganization committee exocet shorty to have plan ready a for submission to the security holders. The sale of th road, it is thought, will take place in April —V. 62, p. 321.

St. Louis & San Francisco Ry.—Reorganization.—The important interests had another meeting on Friday, and some progress, it is understood, is being made in the direction of a reorganization on an independent basis.—V. 62, p. 187.

reorganization on an independenc basis.—V. 62, p. 187.

Spikane F4118 & Northern Ry.—Annual Statement.—
Interest Scaled.—The Wall Street Journal publishes the following facts for the year ending Dec. 31, 1895: Gross, \$374,-294; net, \$212.426; fixed charges, \$168.720; balance, surplus, \$43,706. The bonds for \$2,818.000 have been scaled to best 4 per cent interest till July 1, 1896, 5 per cent to July 1, 1897, then 6 per cent as formerly. They carry scrip to represent the interest scaled, this scrip being pyable in ca-h July, 1897, or in second mortgage bonds. A branch of 14 miles is soon to be built to Mining. A traffic agreement has recently been made with the Great Northern Railway.

Toledo St. Lenis & Kansas City RR.—Reorganization.—

Toledo St. Louis & Kan-as City RR.—Reorganization.—
Reorganization plans are held in abeyance pending a decision in the stockholders' suit, which was argued in December at Toledo.—V. 61, p. 1066.

Toledo.—V. 61, p. 1066.

Union Pacific Denver & Gulf Ry.—Denver Texas & Gulf RR.—Denver Texas & Fort Warth RR.—Reorganization.—Mr. M. L. Scudder of the Bondholders' Committee representing the D-aver Texas & Gulf and Denver Texas & Fort Worth bonds, has returned from a trip over the road and reports it to be in very fair condition. His committee has about a majority of the D. T. & G. bonds deposited under the agreement with the New York Security & Trust Co Further deposits of these bonds and of the D. T. & F. W. bonds are invited that the committee may be strongly supported in their efforts to obtain best possible terms in any reorganization plan that will be proposed.—V. 61, p. 1156.

Union Railway (N. V. City)—Ouarterly.—Earnings for the

Union Railway (N. Y. City) —Quarterly.—Earnings for the

quarter and the nix in	onene cua	mg Day.	or nate	een.
3 months Gross	Net	Other income.	Interest,	Bulance,
end. Dec. 31. earnings.	earnings,		taxes, etc.	sur, or def
1895	\$2 *,757		\$31,962	def. \$2,0 is
1894 107,489 6 months.	45,731	250	30,597	sur. 15,384
189 · \$247,371	\$90,592	\$917	\$64,389	sur. \$27,126
1894 243,527	114,897	500	68,271	sur. 47,126

Loans payable Dec. 31, 1895, \$120,000, against \$135,000 in 1894.—V. 61, p. 872.

1894.— V. 61, p. 872.

West Jersey RR — West Jersey & Atlantic RR.—Camde & Atlantic RR.—West Jersey & Sea Shore RR.—Consolidation.—The Philadelphia Leager on Wednesday said:

The arrangements for the consolidation and merger of these roads and their branch fines me progressing, and it is expected they will be completed at an early day. The consolidated aspitem will be known as the West Jersey & Se. Shore Kaliroad. It is proposed to issue the stock of the new company in exchange for the old on the following basis: \$20 for the Camden & Atlantic common, \$45 for the Camden & Atlantic preferred. \$40 for the Cheben Braoch Railr ad, \$20 for the West Jersey, \$20 for the Aloway & Quint a Railroad. The price of the Philadelphia Mariton & Medford was taxed at \$15.

The above extract indicates what it is expected in Philadel-bia will be the outcome of the negotiations. Under date of phia will be the outcome of the negotiations. Under date of the 17th inst. the CHRONICLE is officially informed that "ne conclusions have be n arrived at in connection herewith, nor has it been decided upon what basis such consolidation should take place."— $V \cdot 62$, p. 321.

West Saperior Iron and Steel.—Change of Receiver—How ard Morris of Milwaukee, receiver of the Wisconsin Company to succeed Robert Kelly, who resigned the trust to assume management of the Punxsutawney Iron Company of Pernavitation Pennsylvania.

Reports and Documents.

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD CO.

REMARKS OF PRESIDENT T. B. BLACKSTONE IN THE THIRTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1895. WILL BE FOUND ON A PRECEDING

In States in which railroads have been constructed at the expense of non-residents, the railroad history of the last quarter of a century presents some remarkable features.

It is not our purpose to attempt to predict what the people of the States we have referred to will hereafter do in the matter of constructing railroads or in the enforcement of reduced railway rates, but it is an old maxim that history repeats itself, and if the history of organized popular control of railways in such States is to be repeated it should be of use as a warning, especially to those who may be requested to aid in the construction of new railroads, or the reorganization and repair of bankrupt roads.

In the matter of railway construction and control, the policy of the people, which is still continued in many States, had been so clearly manifested seventeen years ago that your Company decided that unless it should thereafter appear that it had been changed, it would be unsafe for it to make further extensions of its railways, and that its policy should

further extensions of its railways, and that its policy should be that which it has since pursued in fortifying its position with reference to such conditions as it has been compelled to contend with.

to contend with.

It was long ago held by the Supreme Court of the United States that "the charter of a railroad corporation is a contract within the meaning of the contract clause of the Federal Constitution," but for many years the people of the States to which we have referred apparently have failed to give due consideration to the fact that each railroad company, before commencing the construction of its railroad, entered into a contract with each State in which its road, or

entered into a contract with each State in which its road, or any part thereof, is located, and that upon the faith of the State so pledged the company expended a very large amount of money in constructing and equipping its road. One of the provisions in all such contracts is, in substance, that the State will always permit, and the railroad company shall always have, power to charge and collect reasonable rates for transporting persons and property, and in all cases at the time such contracts were made it was doubtless un-derstood by both parties that the railway rates then con-sidered reasonable should thereafter be so considered, unless new conditions should arise under which the railroad com-

sidered reasonable should thereafter be so considered, unless new conditions should arise under which the railroad company, by charging lower rates, could obtain a reasonable aggregate compensation for the use of its capital and for its services as a common carrier.

And especially as to all such contracts made twenty-five or more years ago it was understood from their very nature and object, as clearly as though it had been stated therein, that the State, in providing for such public highways as railroads are held to be, would cause no more of them to be constructed than it intended the people should support by payments for their use.

structed than it intended the people should support by payments for their use.

It was also understood that railroad companies would be afforded such protection as is involved in the enforcement of all laws, and especially the common law relative to common carriers; and that railroad property would be taxed on the same basis, with reference to its actual value, as other property is taxed. In these matters, as well as in many others, the just expectations of railway companies have not been realized.

At the hegipping of the law of the law of the same and the law of t

At the beginning of the last quarter of a century there were in the United States 53,400 miles of railroad, or one mile for each 722 inhabitants, and the rates for railway transpor-tation were less than such rates were then, or at any time

for each 722 inhabitants, and the tation were less than such rates were then, or at any time since have been, in any other country in the world.

With the exception of those in the Eastern and Middle States, three-fourths of the railroads in this country were then earning no more, and many of them less, than their fixed charges. Under such conditions the people demanded still lower rates, and a law was enacted by the Legislature of Illinois, approved May 2, 1873, and similar laws have long been in force in other States, which practically empower railroad commissioners to limit railway rates at their discretion.

discretion.

An eminent writer upon the subject of railway management, in an article published in the North American Review, in its April number, 1875, referring to this law, asserts that "the Illinois railroad law was ingeniously framed so as to make those who were to use the railroads of Illinois the final arbiters as to what it was reasonable they should pay for such use." More than twenty years' experience under the law has proved the truth of the assertion.

This law practically affords absolute protection against charges in excess of those declared reasonable by railway commissioners, who are appointed by the people to guard and protect their interests. But with reasonable rates the people apparently are not satisfied, and they have long acted upon a plan by which railway rates are reduced below such as are declared reasonable by railway commissioners. This plan reduces the price of railway transportation by increasing its cost. It is based upon contracts made by the Staet

with persons who build railroads for the purpose of making a profit for themselves while the roads are being constructed. After the State has caused the construction of as many railroads as can be operated with economy, it contracts with such persons as we have referred to for such number of competing roads as will, by the subdivision of trathic and by the orders of its railroad commissioners, force at least a part of them to bankruptcy. With bankruptcy staring it in the face a railroad company does what business men generally do under similar circumstances. Ever hopeful, until the sheriff appears, that failure may be avoided, or, at least postponed, it borrows money until its credit is exhausted, and sells transportation at any sacrifice to obtain money to meet its maturing obligations; and by reason of the law which prohibits agreements with its competitors, by which expenses might be reduced, its progress to bankruptcy is accelerated. When bankruptcy can no longer be postponed, the road passes to the hands of a receiver, who operates it until those at whose expense it was constructed can be induced to contribute such amount of money as is needed to effect a reorganization, pay the floating debt and start it again on its downward way to bankruptcy. And thus its history is repeated.

That which we have above outlined has been the experi-

That which we have above outlined has been the experience during the last twenty-five years of more than three-fourths of the railroad companies of the country, and, as to many of them, it has been several times repeated.

fourths of the railroad companies of the country, and, as to many of them, it has been several times repeated.

When a railroad company is struggling to avoid bankruptcy its more fortunate competitors are compelled to make rates ruinously low to retain their traffic, and therefore the plan of the people for obtaining cheap transportation on all railroads is successful. The people, apparently, forgetting their contracts, attempt to justify such action by saying that their object is commercial competition; but there can be no commercial competition in the absence of the right to sell what the competitor has to offer at what it is worth in the market, or in the absence of the right to decline to sell when the market price is not satisfactory. Commercial competition does exist among carriers on the oceans, lakes and rivers, although many of them are incorporated under State charters. They are permitted to sell transportation or to decline to sell it at their pleasure, and are not restricted as to their charges. There are good reasons why such freedom of action cannot be permitted on railways, but such reasons render commercial competition among them impossible. The result is not competition in the common acception of the term; it is strife which causes evils without number and the confiscation of railway property.

The railroad problem of which so much is said, is what

The railroad problem, of which so much is said, is what the people have made it, and it is not surprising that the people find much in it that they would prefer to have the world believe is not the result of their own acts.

the people have made it, and it is not surprising that the people find much in it that they would prefer to have the world believe is not the result of their own acts.

In pursuing its railway policy the State apparently has not considered whether it is consistent with its honor, after having contracted for the construction of railroads and authorized the issue and sale of securities based thereon, to subsequently take such action as it has taken, thereby destroying the value of such securities without compensating the persons who, relying upon its good faith, have purchased them. If the State decides that the public interest requires it to destroy such rights as it has granted by contract, or to take or destroy private property of any kind, we presume no one will deny its right to do so by the exercise of its power of eminent domain, and the payment of damages, judicially ascertained; but the destruction of private rights or property without payment therefor is manifestly wrong. There is a very numerous class of persons, especially in the Western States, who profit greatly by reason of railroad poverty, and the railroad policy of the people for many years has been in a great degree shaped and promoted by them. Such persons obtain advantages over their more conscientious competitors in trade by inducing impecunious railroad companies to secretly reduce railway rates in consideration of their patronage, and they have long since learned that when the company yields to their solicitation, it is ever poverty and not the will that consents. In the nature of such cases lawful rates would be insisted upon if the pressure of need were not too strong to be resisted.

By reason of the course the people have pursued there are four or five times as many competing railroads as are needed, and only about one-fourth, consisting of those most advantageously located, and such as have superior facilities, have for the last twenty-five years been able to earn fluedends. The remaining three-fourths of the railroads for the greater

way are less than such earnings were twenty-five years ago. It therefore appears in nearly all cases that the money contributed in the hope of saving such properties has been, in effect, contributed to enable the people to enforce railway service at less than its actual cost.

It is difficult to ascertain precisely what the total reduction of railway rates during the last twenty-five years has been, but, approximately, in the Western States the average of passenger rates was at least 50 per cent and the average of freight rates at least 100 per cent higher in 1870 than in 1895. In view of the fact that at all times during that period the average of operating expenses has been equal to from 65 to 75 per cent of the rates charged, it is easy to see that such reduction of rates has, in the case of most roads, naturally led to bankruptcy. It is, however, but just to say that so far as we are advised, when railway commissioners have ordered rates reduced they have acted in accordance with the imperative wishes of those by whom they are employed. Under such conditions the railway mileage of the country has been increased during the last quarter of a century 237 per cent, while during the same period the population of the country has increased, approximately, 78 per cent, and still in many States there is a standing invitation to contract for the construction of railroads under laws that require no inquiry as to the use that can be made of them when completed, or at any time thereafter.

It is interesting to contrast the railway policy of this

for the construction of railroads under laws that require no inquiry as to the use that can be made of them when completed, or at any time thereafter.

It is interesting to contrast the railway policy of this country with that of other countries. On page 20 of this report may be found a tabular statement, compiled from consular and other official reports, in which is shown the total railway mileage, the number of miles of railway for each 100 square miles of territory, the number of inhabitants for each mile of railway in eight of the principal European countries, in the United States as a whole, and in each of forty-four States in the Union, which presents interesting comparisons. For example, comparing Great Britain and Ireland with Illinois, we find that the former, for each mile of railway, has nearly 12 per cent more territory and five times as many inhabitants as the latter.

Comparing Great Britain and Ireland, Belgium, France, Germany, Russia, Austria-Hungary, Italy and Spain with the United States, we find that in the European countries named there is an average of 2,617, and in the United States only 380 inhabitants for each mile of railroad. In the European countries last named the total railway mileage reported is 127,673 miles, or about 71 per cent of that of the United States, and the total population is about 335,000,000.

The average rates for railway transportation in Europe are from 50 to 100 per cent higher, and the wages of railway employees, on which the cost of railway transportation largely depends, are only about one-half of those paid in the country.

In the matter of governmental control of railway rates—

the country.

the country.

In the matter of governmental control of railway rates—for example in France, where six of the seven railway systems are operated by corporations chartered by the State—the State reserves the right to limit the charges for transportation, but it guarantees the payment of the interest on the indebtedness of the corporations, and also a specified rate of dividends on the railway shares. If the net earnings of the road are not sufficient for such payments the deficit is paid from the national treasury. That the right of a government to reduce railway rates involves the duty to protect railway companies from loss by reason of such reduction in that or in some other way, is recognized in all European countries.

that or in some other way, is recognized in all European countries.

The course pursued by the State of Illinois, relative to the construction, operation and taxation of railways, may be considered a fair type of that pursued in all States in which railroads have been constructed with little or no cost to such

In 1887 the State of Illinois undertook the construction of

States or their inhabitants.

In 1837 the State of Illinois undertook the construction of about 1,300 miles of railroad. It expended about \$15,000,000, exhausted its credit, and failed to complete any part of the proposed railways. For about ten years the State, with a population of less than 500,000, was unable to pay the interest on its debt, and very little progress was 'made in its development. It then appealed to persons in the older States, and made such contracts with them as we have referred to under which such railroads as were needed were constructed, without expense to the State or its inhabitants. The benefits the people of Illinois have realized by the use of the railroads then constructed are beyond the power of computation. How unjustly the State has dealt with those who manifested their faith in its honor in the days of its adversity, is shown by its subsequent railway history.

The laws of Illinois provide for the construction of railroads upon and across streets and common highways, subject to certain conditions, but do not provide that a railroad company, after it has constructed its railroad in accordance with such conditions, may thereafter be required to reconstruct it upon a different grade. If by reason of increased travel on streets, or the establishment of new streets after the completion of a railroad, it becomes necessary to separate the grade of the railroad capta, it is seems equitable that the cost thereof be divided between the people and the railroad, companies, so that each shall pay in proportion to the benefits it is to derive from the expenditure. In many States a division of cost in such cases is required by statute, and although there is no such statute in Illinois, the equity of dividing the cost, as for example in the construction of viaducts in Chicago, has for many years

until recently been recognized and acted upon. Recently public sentiment has changed, and now the city of Chicago demands that railway companies shall elevate their tracks so that the streets of the city may pass under them, and that the total cost thereof shall be paid by the railroad companies. The city declares that if necessary it will compel a compliance with its demands by coercive measures which will impose burdens upon railroad companies more than equal to the interest on the cost of elevating the tracks.

All property in Illipois, except railroads, was assessed for until recently been recognized and acted upon. Recently

will impose burdens upon rainroad companies more than equal to the interest on the cost of elevating the tracks.

All property in Illinois, except railroads, was assessed for taxation in 1877 at a valuation of \$892,380,972, and in 1895 at a valuation of \$753,869,082—decrease in valuation in nineteen years, \$138,511,890, or about 15½ per cent. With the exception of railways, the actual increase in the value of all kinds of property in the State during that period has been very great. The railroad property of the State was assessed at a valuation of \$71,41,180 in 1877 and at a valuation of \$79,-231,164 in 1895. The increased railway mileage during that period is 47 per cent; the increased net earnings a fraction less than 40 per cent; and while, as before stated, the assessment of all other property in the State has been reduced 15½ per cent, the assessment of railroad property has been increased 113.56 per cent. We are unable to state the total amount of taxes paid by railroad companies in Illinois in 1895, but the amount paid in 1894 is \$3,846,378 87, which is equal to 77.43 per cent of the total amount of dividends earned in that State by all railroad companies operating railroads therein.

equal to 77'43 per cent of the total amount of dividends earned in that State by all railroad companies operating railroads therein.

The Twenty-fourth Annual Report of the Railroad Commissioners of Illinois, the last published, is for the year ending June 30, 1894. From it we derive the following facts: Excluding railroad companies having less than 3 per cent of their mileage in Illinois, the report shows that nine companies operating railroads therein paid dividends, the total amount of which is equal to an average of 4'92 per cent on their shares. The report states that thirty-six companies operating railroads in the State failed to earn as much as their fixed charges and that the total deficit of such companies is 86,687.875. The report does not state the total amount of dividends earned in Illinois, but by dividing the amount paid by the nine companies referred to in proportion to their mileage in the States in which their roads are operated, it appears that their earnings in Illinois, applicable to dividends, amounted to \$4,987,615. It would therefore at pear that the railroads of Illinois, considered as a whole, earned \$1,720,260 less than their total fixed charges, but the total deficit is evidently much greater, for it appears that the debit balances of the thirty-six companies referred to were increased \$12.978,355, and if we take into account the depreciation in the physical condition of the roads, which is not reported, but which alway takes place under such circumstances, it is safe to say that the actual total deficit of the Illinois railroads in that year was at least \$20,000,000.

The report embraces the last four months of the period in which the Columbian Exposition was held at Chicago. It shows that 83,281,655 passengers were transported in Illinois by the railroads during the year; that the average distance traveled in the State by each passenger was \$2.84 miles, and the average fare paid for that distance was \$2.4 cents less than the average cost of the carriage. The total loss by passenger

senger trame on the railroads in Hillinois in that year amounts, in round numbers, to \$5,000,000.

By the transportation of freight of all kinds the report shows an average gain of less than 3 mills per ton per mile, but the general result of the year's traffic was a loss, approximately.

but the general result of the year's traffic was a loss, approximately, \$20,000.000, as before stated.

Notwithstanding the official report of the Commissioners shows that the railroads of Illinois, considered as a whole, were serving their patrons at rates which were less than the actual cost of the service, the publication of the report was soon followed by an order of the Commission requiring all of the railroad companies in the State to reduce their rates for transporting freight, in conformity with a new schedule and classification which has been in force since the first day of July last. The order does not require passenger rates to of July last. The order does not require passenger rates to

be reduced.

of July last. The order does not require passenger rates to be reduced.

Orders by Railway Commissioners requiring a reduction of railway rates, under such circumstances as are above referred to, speak for themselves; but they are apparently consistent with the general policy of popular control of railway affairs, as it is manifested by the imposition of excessive taxes and other burdens upon railways, the authorization of excessive railway construction, and by other means employed for reducing railway rates.

A fraction of a cent in railway rates is, comparatively, of little consequence to each railway patron, but with the railroad company it is multiplied many times, and it measures the difference between a reasonable profit and the ability to render good service on the one hand, and loss and inability to render such service on the other.

If the time shall come when every railroad company in this country shall have reason to feel that it is justly treated, and that it is possible for it, by lawful service, to ward off impending bankruptcy, the temptation to unjustly discriminate by secret rates and other unlawful practices will be mainly removed, and we may expect a rivalry among railroads prompted by their own interest in which each will strive to outdo the other in safely and promptly transporting persons and property, and in the excellence of their accommodations and service. But for such rivalry a just and reasonable support is an indispensable prerequisite

The experience of the last quarter of a century has demonstrated that the power of the people over railroad property is practically without restraint, and, necessarily, they look upon railway matters through the medium of self-interest. Whatever may be said of their intentions, the result of popular control of railways has long been, in most cases, either total or partial confiscation.

cases, either total or partial confiscation.

It is difficult for us to understand why the rights of those at whose expense railroads are constructed are not as justly entitled to protection by State and Federal laws as the rights of those who use them; but apparently the people are as confident that they have the right to demand and enforce railway service upon such terms as may be in accordance with their will and pleasure as ever men were of their right to demand and enforce services on like terms from the control of their right. to demand and enforce services on like terms from persons Unless popular sentiment in this country shall so change

Unless popular sentiment in this country shall so change as to practically recognize the principle—as it is recognized in other countries—that railway control by the State in the interest of the people involves the duty of the State to protect the just rights of those at whose expense railways are constructed and operated, we see no reason why we may not expect the railroad history of the last quarter of a century to repeat itself. to repeat itself.

order of the Board.

T. B. BLACKSTONE.

STATEMENT OF RAILWAY MILEAGE IN THE PRINCIPAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES AND IN THE UNITED STATES

Compiled from Consular and other Official Reports published in 1895,

countries.	Total miles of Railroad,	Miles of RR. per 100 sq. miles of Territory.	Inhabitants per mile of Railroad.
Russia	19.622	0.936	4,878
I'aly	8,496	7.678	3,650
Spain		3.436	2,544
Austria-Hungary	17,621	7.313	2,254
Great Britain and Ireland	20,321	16.778	1.938
Germany		13.084	1,835
Belgium	3,379	29.710	1,835
France	24,014	11.229	1,438
United States	178,708	6.020	380
Rhode Island	226	20.840	1 650
Massachusetts	2,118	26.350	1,140
Maryland	1,291	13.690	872
New York	8,002	16.950	803
Connecticut	1,013	20.910	795
New Jersey	2,155	28.910	723
Kentucky	3,021	7:550	664
Tennessee	3,065	7.340	622
Pennsylvania	9,563	21.330	592
Louisiana	2,050	4:520	589
Delaware	2.478	16.210 5.250	573 562
Mississippi	3,432	7:070	509
North Carolina	3,564	8.880	502
Virginia	2,584	8.570	480
Maine	1.510	5.050	472
Ohio	8,547	20.970	464
Missouri	6,463	9 460	445
Alabama	3 708	7.200	440
West Virginia	1,936	7.850	421
Illinois	10,430	18.680	395
Georgia	5,102	8.650	388
Indiana	6,326	17.620	374
Vermont	988	10.810	363
New Hampshire	1,191	13.230	341
Wisconsin	6,022	11.060	302
Michigan	7,633	13.290	296
California	4,861	3.120	269
Arkansa s	2,467	4.650	268
Texas	9,264	3.530	261
Iowa	8,477	15.230	243
Minnesota	6,009	7.590	234
Oregon	1,529	1.620	221
Nebraska	5,540	7.210	206 174
Kansas	8,841	10.820	
Florida	2,927	5.400	144 134
Washington	2,811 2,799	4·200 3·640	126
South Dakota	4.590	4.370	98
Colorado	4,530 1.088	1.290	83
Idaho	2,516	3:580	77
North Dakota	1.160	1.190	56
Wyoteing	925	0.840	53
Nevada Montana	2,735	1.880	52
доптаци	-,,,,,,	1 000	-

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

T ANNUAL REPORT—FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1895. FORTY-FIRST

OFFICE OF NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, BALTIMORE, February 17th, 1896.

To the Stockholders of the Northern Central Railway Co:

The Directors respectfully submit the following report of the operations of the main line and of the railroads now operated under lease or otherwise by this Company for the the year ending December 31st, 1895.

	EARNINGS.								
66 66	freightpa-sengersexpressmailsmiscellaneous.		84,910,585 16 1,133,453 97 121,881 08 93,089 14 247,018 51						

Total earnings...... \$6,506,027 86

FEBRUARY 23, 1896.]		CHE	СП	RONI
Brought forward		\$6,505	037 86	The an
For maintenance of way and structures	4973 217 06	,		in the c
"maintenance of way and structures	96 1,185 38			bushels, The m
For maintenance of way and structures. "m sinten suce of equipment. "condusting tran-pertation. "general expenses	2,637,097 04			lumber,
				The to
Total expenses		4,593,5		but the
Net earnings		\$1,907,5	08 78	9.38 per The a
The gross earnings from operation of Control Railway and railroads control	the Northern			leased li
Contral Railway and railroads control	lled by it, for	86.506.0	27.86	a decrea
the year ending December 31, 1995, wer		6,031,2	60 69	decrease
Showing an increase in gross earnings	of	\$474,7	87 17	was 1.63 The proceived t
The expenses for the same period were		\$4,593,5	19 08	ceived t
And for the previous year				there wa
				as compa It will
The net earnings for the same period were And for the previous year		1,797,1	44 21	absorbed ments of
Showing an increase in net earnings of		\$110,30		tion, the
INCOME ACCOUNT.				The net
In addition to the net earnings as above st There was received from dividends and in	terest	\$1,907,50 295,5	08 78 39 00	to but \$9.
Interest account, exchange, &c	******	295,5 7,3 27,3	37 85	
Interest on equipment	Canandaigua			On accoun
divisious received from Peunsylvania R	ailroad Co	127,13	4 43	- u mototiu
Total net receipts		\$2,364,89	99 78	Property
From which deduct the following am Rental Shamokin Valley & Pottsville	ounts:			points
D. ilmond	\$202,322 14 155,531 71			Less amou
Rental Elmira & Williamsport Railroad Rental Summit Branch Railroad	62,499 96			Baltimor
	\$120,353 81			Total
Interest on Equipment;	4220,000 01			Extensi
Shamokin Vailey & Pottsville Railroad \$4,538 24				Elevator
Railroad				house bu
Eimira & Lake Outario KK10,837 83	35,642 33			Baltimor
		455,99	6 14	The enl Junction
		\$1,908,90		also the i
Deduct— Interest on funde debt	\$ 787,235 00			of the Be
Interest on real estate mortgages and				Large e
ground-ren's Interest on car trusts	20,679 94 44,673 02			and trest
Taxes. Expenses on property. Amount advanced Mineral RR. & Mining	44,673 02 68,261 59 86,232 58		1	tion a lar Elmira &
amount advanced Mineral RR. & Mining			1	1,163 feet
Co. for losses in operation in 1895 Amount advanced to Elmira & Lake On-	175,000 00		18	girder br
tario RR Co				over the
For inte est			15	erable ex a further
	48,697 19	1 000 77	- 4	trestles a
salance to credit of Income Account for 18	95	1,230,77 \$678,12	32	There v
ut of which were paid cash dividends of 7	per cent	\$678,12 526,26	7 00 t	wo mile
eaving amount to be transferted to credit	of Profit and		- 8	
Loss Account for 1895 mount to credit Profit and Loss Account,	•••••••	\$151,85		sidings. Sourth tra
December 91, 1391	1,734,752 95		1	There w
ess amount charged in settle- ment of old account \$1,215 00				enewal a
ment of old account \$1,215 00 ess reduction in value of se- curities				notive po
	142,215 00			n the pre
_		1,592,53	7 95	reight eq During
al. to credit of Profit and Loss Account, De	ac. 31 1995 d		- 1	Minin
The state of the s	- 01, 1000.	-,, -,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_ C	harged a
The total number of passengers, irr	respective o	f the di		Company
on over which they were carried, the	he passenge	r milea	ge.	The am
d the revenue derived from the sa	me, on all l	ines of		ted Gene
ompany, were :			0	f the Si
Passengers		Rate Passei	ager "	nd B, Ju
Passengers, one mile.	Earnings.	mer m	ile.	The 6 pe
944,129,905 51,692,311	\$1,133,453 1,127,656	32 2·18		Baltimore st, 1895, 1
Brease	\$ 5,797 6	35 '00		ssued in l
crease 17,379	-51			Dividen
The total number of tons irrespecti	51 ve of the di		y	ear, and
The total number of tons, irrespecti- nich they were moved, and tonnage	mileage, an	d the re	ve- I	088. Mr. Goo
e derived from the same, on all l	ines of the	Compar		Mr. Geo
ere:			h	ad becom
Tons. Tons one mile.	Earnings.	Rate per per m	ton	Mr. Alm
20	\$4,910,585 10	6 '56	1 10	hamokin
rease 1.596.544 129.353.239	\$421,121 9			aused by nain line
crease 1,550,511 125,555,255	φ+21,121 σ			Mr. Tho

13.295

17.332

Percentage.... 13:295 17:332 9:330 6:911
The aggregate movement of bituminous coal was 2,720,216
tons, an increase of 721,395 tons, and of anthracite coal
4,295,774 tons, an increase of 299,981 tons. The tonnage of
both classes amounted to 7,015,990 tons as against 5,994,614
tons for the preceding year, being an increase of 1,021,376
tons in the actual aggregate of coal transported, irrespective
of the number of divisions over which it was moved.
The amount of grain received at the elevators at Canton.

The amount of grain received at the elevators at Canton, as compared with the previous year, was:

An increase of.....

9.330

6,005,957 bushels. 5,726,465 "

THE CHRONICLE ount of grain received at the local elevator, No. 2, ty of Baltimore during the year was 1,708,828 is against 1,780,212 bushels in 1894. In items of tonnage besides coal and grain were ron ore, manufactures of iron and petroleum. In age mileage shows an increase of 17.83 per cent, for the period of the period erage receipts from freight on your main line, es and branches, were 561 cent per ton per mile—
e of 041; the cost per ton per mile was 398 cent, a
f 039 cent; and the net profit per ton per mile
mills, as against 1.75 mills for 1894. nills, as against 1.75 mills for 1894. ssenger business for the year and the revenue reerefrom show a very slight increase, only about a
e per cent. As appears from the preceding tables, a net profit per passenger per mile of but 41 mill, red with a profit in 1894 of 1.53 mills. be noted that the increased earnings were largely by an increase in expenses, mainly in the departmaintenance of Way and Conducting Transportaesult to a material extent of the increased traffic ver the line. esuit to a material extent of the increased trainerer the line.
charges to Capital Account for the year amounted
96 20, made up as follows:— EQUIPMENT. of 250 gondola cars being built \$12,250 50 REAL ESTATE irchased in Baltimore and other 9,928 02 - \$22,178 52 credited for sales of p operty in York and Shamokin..... 12.982 32 \$9,196 20 e repairs were made to Elevator No. 1; the bins in o. 3, at Canton, were renewed, and a frame ware-t for storage purposes at Jackson's wharf in rged interlocking plant at Baltimore and Potomac has been completed and put into operation, and terlocking apparatus covering the grade crossing Railroad over the Bolton tracks. penditures have been made in renewal of bridges penditures have been made in renewal of bridges is at various points on your lines. In this conneces amount of work was done at Pine Valley, on the Canandaigua Division, where a wooden trestle long was replaced by an embankment, two irongless spanning public highways and a stone arch tream. This improvement necessitated a consideral divident of the conference of the coal outlay was required in the renewal of the coal pockets at Sodus Point.

as a net increase in the Company sidings of about principally at Baltimore, York Southport Yard in the coal of t eks on the Baltimore Division.

For 6,632 tons of new steel and 247,570 ties used for ad construction purposes. The condition of the ver and passenger equipment is about the same as ious year. Eighty-six gondolas were added to the tipment and 125 cars rebuilt.

For a rebuilt.

For a repuilt were advanced to \$175,000, which were gainst Income Account. The operations of this re fairly representative of the unfavorable convailing in the anthracite coal traffic. unt of bonds outstanding under your Consolidal Mortgage was reduced through the operations king Fund by the drawing of \$122,000 of Series A 1st, 1895.

Cent bonds of the Union Railroad Company of

cent bonds of the Union Railroad Company of amounting to \$900,000, having matured January ere paid off, and capital stock of that Company

amounting to 7 per cent were paid during the fair surplus carried to the credit of Profit and

year, and a fair surplus carried to the credit of Front and Loss.

Mr. George V. Massey was appointed Assistant General Solicitor August 1st. 1895, vice Hon. James A. Logan, who had become General Solicitor in the early part of the year.

Mr. Almet E. Reed was appointed Superintendent of the Shamokin Division October 1st, 1895, to fill the vacancy caused by the transfer of Mr. George W. Creighton to the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Mr. Thomas Leib having resigned as Cashier April 15th, 1895, Mr. F. P. Whitcraft was appointed to fill the vacancy. The following statements of the Treasurer accompany this report: Income Account. General Financial Statement, Profit and Loss Account and Statement of Bonds and Stocks owned by the Company. There is also appended to the report the Statement of the Insurance Fund. Your attention is also called to the reports of the General Manager and Auditor, showing in detail the operations of the year.

The Board takes great pleasure in acknowledging the zeal and fidelity shown by the officers and employes in the discharge of their duties during the past year.

By order of the Board of Directors.

G. B. ROBERTS, President.

G. B. ROBERTS, President.

THE EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEM-BER 31, 1895.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11, 1896.

To the Shareholders of the Edison Electric Illuminating Co.

In presenting the figures for the past year, the Directors have to note a continued increase in the tusiness and prosperity of the company.

The results for the year ending December 31, 1895, are:

 Net earnings of stations
 \$1,003,771 51

 arnings from other sources
 18,955 44

 leome received from investments
 111,453 21
 18,955 46 111,453 21

\$1,134,180 18 Less general, office, technical & legal expenses & taxes. 218,421 44 \$915,758 74

Net earnings of Company.....

\$744,759 50

The returns of the business since 1890 have been:

			Gross.		Net.
1890			\$488,595	83 25	29,078 80
1891			675,503	43 3	7.228 63
1892			963,021		75,137 61
1893			1.245.524		05.642 72
1894			1,464,336		H.466 58
1895			1,675,231		15,758 74
	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
No. of customers	2.875	4.344	5.154	5,877	7 €.675
No. of lamps, 16 c. p	94,485	142,492	192,691		271,123
No. of motors, h. p.	2,000	3,807		7,616	
No. are lights.	841	1,637		3,014	

Estimating as heretofore, that each are light and each h. p. in motors equals ten 16 c. p. lamps, the present installation is equal to 425,828 lamps, as against 340,794 last year. As the results of a new rating agreed upon by the larger Edison companies, and of a general survey made in 1895, a new basis of accounting will be adopted from January 1, 1896, as stated in the report of the First Vice-President.

The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures show as in the report of the First The above figures above figures as the report of the First The above figures above figures above figures above figures above figures as the report of the First The above figures abov

from January 1, 1896, as stated in the report of the First Vice-President.

The above figures show an increase in gross earnings of 14½ per cent and in net earnings of 16 per cent, the ratio of net to gross being 5½ per cent, a slight advance over last year. The gross earnings of the last quarter of 1895 show less percentage of increase than heretofore, partly because of the unusual amount of clear weather during that period as compared with the same period during the previous year and partly owing to the general depression of business in the latter part of the year. A careful investigation has been made as to the use of improved methods of gas-burning, but these do not appear to have made serious inroads upon the company's business or development. The concentration in large stations and other economies of operation have shown results in a steadily decreasing cost of current as delivered at the switchboard.

Most careful and thorough investigations and computations were made in the latter part of the year as to the superior economy of taking a supply of current from the central stations instead of from isolated plants, and as a result the Bowling Green building, covering an area of 200x160 feet, now in course of erection on Broadway, New York, after having contracted for an isolated plant, has canceled the contract and arranged with this company to supply current, the difficulties of extreme distance from the station being met by the use of a storage battery, which will be economically charged during the hours of minimum demand upon the station and street conductors.

The second 2,500 h. p. generator is now installed in the Duane Street Station, which thus for the first time has adequate surplus power.

The new 12th Street Station has been erected, and is in

Duane Street Station, which thus for the first time has adequate surplus power.

The new 12th Street Station has been erected, and is in process of equipment. During the year arrangements were made in Europe for the purchase of two steam turbine generators, which promise valuable results in connection with electric stations. One of these is being installed at 12th Street and one at 39th Street stations. They have the advantage of furnishing a large amount of power in small

space
A large storage battery is also being installed at the 12th
Street Station, which is expected to have important results
in the economies of the company.

The system of connecting the several stations by tie-feeders which can be utilized, by the new device of a controllable
junction box, so as to serve also as supply-feeders, has been
carried forward with increasingly good results in the economies of the service.

carried forward with increasingly good results in the economies of the service.

By help of such improvements it was possible to discontinue the operation of the 39th Street Station entirely during the summer of 1895, and it is hoped with the aid of the storage batteries and the tie-feeders to confine active operating work still more closely in the summer of 1896.

The underground system has been but little extended during time of the creation of the mortgage (part of the \$502,000 above noted).

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Income Account are appended. In accordance with their usual policy, after paying 6 per cent in Dividends, your Directors have carried \$100,000 to the Depreciation Reserve Fund.

It has been the practice of this company for some years to pay its employees at the close of the year, in recognition of

ing 1895, beyond requirements for specific customers. There has, however, been an increasing demand in the part of the City between Canal and 8th Street, and the growing requirements of business here and elsewhere have necessitated

quirements or business here and elsewhere have necessitated some extension of feeders as well as mains. It is not expected during the year 1896 to make large de-velopments either in station equipment or in underground service, but the company will be prepared to make such ad-dittions and extensions as may be justified by actual de-

service, but the company will be prepared to make such addittions and extensions as may be justified by actual demands.

Under a contract with the City, Madison Avenue, from 50th to 70th Streets, will be lighted by the company on the system developed for Fifth Avenue.

During the year your Directors have caused to be purchased and paid for all the securities of the Madison Square Light Company—known previously as the Thomson-Houston and originally as the East River Electric Light Company—and have extended the purchases of Manhattan and Harlem Companies' bonds, so that only \$64,000 in bonds now remain outside of this company's possession. This will enable the practical consolidation of these several companies, with increased economies, as a high-tension division of this company's operations. This investment is showing a good income which is partially included in the report of your own business under the head "Income from investments." It is expected in 1896 to make such recrasnization and development of these companies as will add to your company's in come from investments in their securities.

At the time of the last annual report your Directors were giving their attention to the formulation of a comprehensive financial scheme to provide for the prolitable extension of your company's plant, from year to year, in accordance with legitimate business requirements. As a result, a special meeting of the stockholders was called for May 1st, 1895, and prior thereto a circular embodying the views of the Directors was issued. The following is an extract therefrom:

During the past years the company has been necessarily extending

from:

During the past years the company has been necessarily extending its plant to embrace the most profitable sections of the City. This work has now been largely accomplished, and it is not expected that in the early future the company will find advantage in extending be ond present territorial limits, but it is more and more evident to your Directors that valuable opportunities exist for further development within these limits, and that in the future, as in the past, and even in more marked degree, such development will yield a steadily augmenting ratio of return on the capital invested.

Since the last annual report your Beard of Directors have given careful consideration to the question of future development, and it seems to them that a point has now been reached where the company should adopt some comprehensive financial scheme which, while surrounded with every safexuard, shall provide for the legitimate requirements of the company for a series of years to come, and at the same time leave the largest possible margin of profit for the capital stock.

same time leave the largest possible margin of profit for the capital streck.

The result of these deliberations is the tree Directors have determined to ask the stockholders, in accordance with the enclosed notice, to authorize the creation of a mortgage under which bonds can be issued from time to time, possibly in connection with future issues of stock, as the needs of the company may require.

The law under which your company is oreanized provides that the bonded indebtedness of the company shall not exceed the amount of its outstanding, paid-up capital stock, or an amount equaling two-thirds of the value of the company's applied stock. This just requirement would prevent in any case an immediate issue of any unduly large amount of bonds, but it has been thought desirable, in arranging for a new mortgage, to make the amount named in the mortgage large enough to provide for future contingencies. It is therefore proposed that the mortgage shall be for the sum of \$15,000,000.

Of the bonds secured by the proposed mortgage

Of the bonds secured by the proposed mortgage—
\$4,312,000 are to be reserved to pay off at, or before, maturity, the
existing Mortgage Bonds of the Illuminating Company.

502,000 are to be reserved to pay off the existing Mortgage Bonds
of the Manhattan Electric Light Company and the Hariem
Electric Light Company of the than \$573,000 Monhattan
and Harlem Bonds recently acquired by this company, and
which wil be piedged under the new mortgage.

1,686,000 are to be used to reimburse the company for outlays reeently made for the final paym-nton its purchases of stocks
and bonds of the Manhattan and of the Harlem Companies,
and to provide funds for the construction requirements of
the companies during the present year.

8,500,000 bonds will remain in the Treasury for future use.
The mortgage will provide that none of these last mentioned bonds shall be issued before January ist, 1896, but
that they may be issued from time to time th-reafter, for the
purpose of new construction and acquisition, to an extent
not exceeding \$1,000,000 in any one year, but with a restriction that the entire bonded deb: of this and the previous
issues shall at no time exceed the amount of -ut-tanding
paid-up capital stock. It will also contain carefully drawn
provisions regulating the use of these reserved bonds.

\$15,000,000 TOTAL

At this meeting the proposed mortgage was unanimously authorized by the vote of all stockholders present or represented, and the necessary steps to give effect to such authority have been duly taken. During the year \$2,118,000 bonds, secured by the new mortgage, have been issued and disposed of, viz.:

\$1,686,000 immediately issuable as above.

432,000 used to acquire a like amount of Manhattan & Harlem bonds which were outstanding at the time of the creation of the mortgage (part of the \$502,000 above noted).

their fidelity and to stimulate good work and economy in the year to come, a labor benefit amounting to from 1 to 3 per cent on yearly wages, according to length of service with the company. Instead of paying this as wages your Directors have this year set aside, to cover this payment in 1895, \$10,000, leaving a small balance in the employes benefit account which will be useful in the same direction. Attention is called to the report of the First Vice-Presi-dent presented herewith.

Attention is called to the report of the First Vice-Tiest dent, presented herewith.

Your directors record with sorrow the loss by death during the year of their valued associate, Mr. Geo. F. Gregory, who during his brief term of service had given careful and valuable attention to your interests.

By order of the Board of Directors.

SPENCER TRASK.

SPENCER TRASK,

		President.
INCOME ACCOUNT YEAR ENDIN	O DECEMBER	31, 1895.
Dr.		
M1-14 3- mald 1008		
May 1		\$119,050 50
Amount 1		119,000 00
November I		. 119,053 50
November 1 Due Feb. 1, 1396		. 119,055 00
Due 1 00. 1, 1300		
		\$476,209 50
Interest on bonds		. 268,559 00
Rad accounts written off		. 33,004 40
Depreciation Reserva Fund		. 100,000 00
Employes' Benefit Account		. 10,000 00
Employes' Benefit Account. Balance		. 72,016 61
Total		. \$959,780 51
Cr.		
Balance Dec. 31, 1894 Less adjustment of accounts previous ye		. \$54,663 60
Less agjustment of accounts previous ve	ears	. 10,646 83
and the first of t		
		844,021 77
Net Earnings 1895		. 915,758 74
Total		. \$939,780 51
CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET	L DECEMBER 3	1, 1895.
Di		
License under Edison Patents		R2 150 000 00
Beat Estate, Construction, Proper y and		40,200,000 00
oth r Investment Accounts	89 912 650 07	
19 161 Sunna Edison Light & Power	φυ,υτ2,000 01	
12,164 Suares Edison Light & Power Installation Co.	1.216.400.00	
Institution Co	-,,	11,129,030 07
Customers' Accounts and Bills Receivab	le.	130,361 01
Sundry Accounts and Supplies on hand.		106,442 38
Cash on hand		585,988 69
Caed on hand		
Total		15.110.842 15
Capital Stock. Cr		,,
Comital Stock	210 000 000 00	
Lan Transport	00 000,000,000	
Less Treasury Stock	2,002,000 00	87,938,000 00
First Mtge. Conv. Gold Bonds	95 000 000 00	77,030,000 00
Las Bonds Converted	848 000 00	
Less Bonds Converted	038,000 00	4.312,000 00
First Consol'd Mortgage Gold Bonds		2,118,000 00
Accounts parable		80,293 55
Accounts payable Dividend No. 43, (due Feb. 1, 1896)	••••••	119,055 00
Suspense Account (unsettled license)		62,000 00
Account (unsertion needse)		71 000 00
Accreed Interest Account		71,866 65 15,389 78
Insurance eserve		
Employes' Benefit Account	**************	2,090 00
Sun ry Accounts. Depreciation Reserve Fund	**************	29,608 96
Profit and Loss		290,521 57 72,016 61
Front and Loss		72,010 01
Total	4	5 110 949 15
E. & O. E.	JOS. WILL	LIAMS.
New York, December 31st, 1895.		reasurer.
**** * OHE, DOUGHEDOL GING, 1000.		, chourt, c.

The New York agent of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation has received a telegram from the head office in Hong Kong stating as the result of the half-year ending the 31st Dec-moer last that a dividend has been declared of £1 5s. per share, \$250,000 added to the reserve fund (making that fund stand at \$5,750,000) and about \$300,000 carried forward to the credit of the new profit and loss account.

—Messrs. Elward B. Smith & Co., The Bours. Philadelphia, have issued a valuable pamphlet entitled "Review of Annual and other Late Reports of Local Corporations." It discusses in attractive form the latest particulars regarding such companies as the Cambria Iron Company, Choctaw Oklahoma & Gulf R.R. Co., etc., which are best known on the Philadelphia market.

—Mr. Frederic H. Hatch, 63 Broadway, who deals in all quotable unlisted securities, is making a feature this work of American Soda, American Type Founders', Herring-Hall-Marvin, Trenton Potteries and International Navigation stocks and Brooklyn Bath & West End bonds. His card will be found in the CHRONICLE weekly.

-Messrs. E. D. Sherard & Co., 3 Broad Street, advertise \$75,000 Pittsylvania County, Vicainia, 6 per cent refunding bonds, maturing 20 years from March 1st, coupons payable in New York. This is the only debt of the county. The advertisement will be found in our State and City Department.

—Attention is called to the offering of \$365,000 Arizona Territory 5 per cent gold funding bonts by Messrs. A C Frost & C., Chicago; see particulars in advertisement in State and City Department.

—Mr. F. J. Lisman, of 10 Wall Street, announces in another column that he is prepared to trade in a number of issues of Coal Co. bonds, besides dealing in inactive railway securities.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, February 21, 1896.

The movement of general merchandise is increasing, but in a very slow manner and exceedingly cautious methods still govern the action of operators. The desire appears to be to avoid all obligations beyond the limit of positive necessities avoid all obligations beyond the limit of positive necessities and confine selections closely to thoroughly staple goods. Unusually low temperature prevailing during a portion of the week has served as an influence to curtait trade somewhat, and it is expected that with more settled weather country merchants will order supplies with greater freedom. Collections are reported as somewhat slow. A steady tone is advised for metals and increased negotiation for structural productions of iron and steel. Very low temperature over a large portion of winter-wheat territory serves to create apprehension of damage to crop, but late advices state that situation does not necessarily imply serious injury if good weather follows.

For lard on the spot there has continued a very slow market

weather follows.

For lard on the spot there has continued a very slow market and prices have further declined, closing dull at 5.72½c. for prime Western, 5.10c. for prime City and 5.90c. for refined for the Continent. There has been no sp-culative dealings in the local market for lard futures, but nominal prices have been quoted lower in response to weaker advices from the West closing easy.

West, closing easy.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURE

There has been very little interest shown in the speculative There has been very little interest shown in the speculative masket for Straits tio, and prices have declined in response to weaker advices from abroad, closing at 13.25 @ 18.30c. Ingot copper has been fairly active and prices have further advanced, closing firm at 10.75 @ 11c. for Lake Lead has advanced slightly and the close was firm at 3.17% of for domestic. Spelter has declined to 4c. for domestic. Pig iron has been in limited demand at steady prices, closing at \$11.75 @ 13.50 for domestic.

domestic. R fined petroleum has declined, closing at 7:10: in bbls., 4 fbc in bulk and 8:00: in ease; crude in bbls. has been nominal; naphtha unchanged at 8:25:. Crude certificates have also declined, closing at [\$1.35\% oid. Spirite turnstine has been dull and without change at 23\% oid. R sins have been fairly active and steady, closing at \$1.60\mathred{\text{\text{\text{o}}} 63\% for common and good erailed. Wood has been in limited demand and firm. Hops have been dull and easy.

COTTON.

FRIDAY NIGHT, February 21, 1896.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 109,395 bales, against 106,446 bales last week and 113,559 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept... 1895, 4,364,552 bales, against 6,588,259 bales for the same period of 1894-5, showing a decrease since Sept. 1, 1895, of 2,233,707 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	2,763	6,534	839	1,696	923	3,377	16,134
Tex. City, &c.	357	*****		1,452	654	927	3,390
New Orleans	6,940	8,295	12,006	800	7,831	5,286	41,158
Mobile	2,631	1,043	64	11	162	333	4,244
Florida							
Savannah	3,290	3,061	3,766	1,348	2,454	1,831	15,750
Brunsw'k, &c.		*****	*****			987	
Charleston	565	939	1,209	994	1,145	421	5,293
Pt. Royal, &c.						5,315	5,315
Wilmington	115	94		320	102		
Wash'ton, &c.						4	4
Norfolk	944	838	1,001	2,498	1,221	2,155	8,657
West Point	300			150			450
N'port N., &c.		*****				761	761
New York		1.167			636		1,803
Boston	335	417	521	453	147	408	
Baltimore		*****				437	437
Philadelph'a,&c	*****	12	50	170	250	293	765
Tot'ls this week	18,240	22,420	19,647	9,892	15,527	23,669	109,395

The foll wing shows the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1895, and the stock to night, compared with l st year

Receipts to	186	95-96.	189	94-95.	Stoc	ck.
Feb. 21.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1895.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1894.	1896.	1895.
Galveston	16,134	804,901	17,640	1,497,254	95,294	142,549
Tex. C., &c.		91,997	2,681	52,375	10,975	*****
New Orleans		1,481,197	31,633	2,127,424	335,477	373,504
Mobile	4,244	175,562	3 217	211,712	33,933	28,150
Florida		24,355	438	18,814		
Savannah	15,750	627,474	8 966	811,649	66,967	68,393
Br'wick, &c	987	104,722	1,984	139,516	1,894	8,073
Charleston	5,293	251,113	6,309	377,092	33,896	51,263
P.Royal,&c				131,345	-	
Wilmington.	1,966		1,748	219,968	14,386	13,930
Wash'n, &c.	4	740	8	895		
Norfolk	8,657	254,314	3,034	389,923	36,962	44,231
West Point	450		2,039	248,496	2,450	8,821
N'p't N., &c	761	15,390	392	34,779	2,675	1,519
New York	1,803	41,962	2,030	107,933	198,843	164,720
Boston	2,281	80,414	3,007	51,962	24,000	30,000
Baltimore	437	38,397	6,327	98,752	14,319	22,538
Philadel., &c.	765	28,913	334	79,390	8,933	13,387
Totals	109,395	4,364,552	91,807	6,598,259	882,994	971,118

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we we below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.	1892.	1891.
Galves'n &e,	19,524	20,321	8,149	18,146	16,577	11,962
New Orleans	41,159	31,633	30,340	25,931	69,996	35,316
Mobile	4,244	3,217	1,871	1,922	3,003	5,253
Savannah	15,730	8,966	9,287	7,075	11,204	21,262
Chas'ton, &c	10,609	6,309	10,451	1,225	4,950	9,131
Wilm'ton,&c	1,970	1,756	2,031	301	1,330	2,362
Norfolk	8,657	3,054	5,519	4,963	6,026	9,534
W. Point, &c.	1,211	2,431	3,243	2,154	9,485	13,893
All others	6,273	14,120	12,002	3,954	20,003	18,131
Tot. this wk.	109,395	91,807	82,891	65,496	142,668	126,896
Since Sept. 1	4364.552	6398.239	5163.870	4283.330	6072.934	5909.392

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 108,037 bales, of which 55,373 were to Great Britain. 13,443 to France and 37,311 to the rest of the Continent. Below are

Exports	Week	Ending Export	Feb. 21 ed to-	, 1896.	From Se	From Sept 1, 1895, to Feb. 21, 1896.				
from-	Great Brit'n.		Continue.	Tot : t Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti-	Total.		
Galveston	3,450		31:0	3,750	321,214	90,416	131,66~	511,797		
Tex. City, &c	3,21+	00 -1	473	3, 9	26 180	4,310	30,223	60,703		
New Orleans	13,507	11,816	7,8 7	83,160	465,34"	218,085	374,419	1,087 847		
Mobile & Pen			7,35	7,8 7	87,711		29,947	87,618		
Savannah		*****	5,230	5,230	85,883	26,319	223,571	281.30		
Brunswick		*****			46,32	*****	2 (451	66,774		
Charleston*	5,315		6,30:	11,617	74 0 1		147.71-	221,757		
Wilmington	*****				30,996	1,770	90,708	123,471		
Norfolk	3,728		00	4,328	24,5 1		5,923	31,448		
West Point					9,93		*******	9,930		
N'p't News, &c			*****		7,242			7,242		
New York	8,611	1,59*	7,936	18,210	176 4 8	19,7-1	157.954			
Boston	14,710		200	14,919	153 713		2,128			
Baltimore	2,36°			2,363		950				
Philadelp'a,&c	300		1,100	1,400	3,674		22,432	26,106		
Total	55,273	18,448	37 311	106,027	1,463,5×0	392,2 1	1,278,960	3,154,741		
Total. 1894-95.	85,424	7,056	51,007	113,541	2.547.742	636,606	1,805,159	5.039.567		

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Lambert & Barrows, Produce Exchange Building.

	ON SE					
Feb. 21 at-	Great Britain.			Coast- wise.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans	16,516	3,917	28,690	1,982	50,995	284,482
Galveston	20,593 None.	1,867 None.	11,517 2,000	1,371 None.	35,353 2,000	59,941 64,967
Charleston	None.	None.	5,000	350	5,350	30,536
Mobile	8,000	None.	None.	None.	8,000	25,933
Norfolk	3,500	None.	3,750	6,000	13,250	23,712
New York	4,700	350	6,675	None.	11,725	187,118
Other ports	13,000	None.	11,000	None.	26,000	53,632
Total 1896	68,314	6,034	68,622	9,703	152,673	780,321
Total 1895	64,954	13,552	54,029	7,752	140.287	830,831
Total 1894	69,451	10,835	36,347	6,457	123,090	821,183

Speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market has been greater than during the preceding week. Conditions were quite irregular, but the principal feature is the failure to attract any apparent permanent investing demand. During Saturday's short session there was free selling all along the line under comparatively full crop movement for the week and indifferent demand from consumers at home and abroad, prices receding 9 @ 11 points. On Monday the pressure to sell was quite pronounced, the South adding to the offering and causing a further break of 12 @ 14 points, with slightly firmer feeling at the close. The foreign advices on Tuesday were more encouraging, which induced considerable covering here, and after numerous fluctuations prices closed about 3 points better on near positions. On Wednesday the cable reports were weaker and the market opened off, but reacted and closed at a small net gain for the day. Yesterday further covering and evidence of new buying acted as stimulus and advanced rates about 8 points. To-day realizing sales caused a reaction of 5 @ 9 points but the close was steady. Cotton on the spot here sold moderately, closing at 7%c. for middling uplands.

The total sales for forward delivery for the weekjare 1,294,800 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 1,458 bales, including 300 for export, 958 for consumption, for speculation and 200 on contract. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week-February 15 to February 21.

Rates on and off middling, as established Nov. 23, 1893, and revised Dec. 11, 1895, by the Revision Committee at which grades other than middling may be delivered on contract:

on. on. off. off.	Good Middling Tinged Strict Middling Stained Middling Stained Strict Low Mid. Stained Low Middling Stained	739 38 2539	off.
	on. on. off. off.	on. Good Middling Tinged on. Strict Middling Stained on. Middling Stained off. Strict Low Mid. Stained off. Low Middling Stained	on. Strict Middling Stained 739 on. Middling Stained 38 off. Strict Low Mid. Stained 2532

On this basis the prices for a few of the grades would be as

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fil
Good Ordinary Low Middling Widdling Good Middling 4iddling Fair	7 7 ⁵ 8 8 8 ⁵ 16 8 ⁷ 8	678 719 778 83 6 834	678 719 776 8316 834	678 719 778 8316 834	678 719 778 8316 834	678 719 778 8316 834
GULF.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Pr.
Good Ordinary	714 778 814 89 ₁ . 918	718 734 818 8716	7 ¹ 8 7 ³ 4 8 ¹ 8 8 ⁷ 18	7 ¹ 8 7 ³ 4 8 ¹ 8 8 ⁷ 16	718 734 818 87,6	7 ¹ 8 7 ³ 4 8 ¹ 8 8 ⁷ 18
STAINED.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Low Middling	634 758 7203 8	65 ₈ 71 ₉ 721 77 ₈	658 719 72132 778	658 719 82189 778	65 ₈ 71 ₉ 721 ₃₂ 77 ₈	658 719 72133 778

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales of cotton on the spot and for future delivery each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on

	-						1
	SPOT MARKET	SALE	S OF SP	OT AN	D CONT	RACT.	Sales of
	CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- sump.	Spec- ul'i'n	Con- tract.	Total.	Futures.
	Dull at 1 dec	300	156			456	148,700 310,600
Tuesday	Quiet		134 192	****	200	334 192	193,900
Thur'd'y	Quiet		276 200			276 200	
Total		300	958	-	200	1.458	1,294,800

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES at New York are

-	60 000	150 100	467 900	53.100	641.400	194,100	346,100	3,674,400	473,800	10,806,500	027,700	OUT'OTE'TO	October
1,000	30,800	46,100 7:36	93,700 7.40	13,100 7.50	226,300 7:73	52,300 7.75	74,700	7.69	30,300 7.65	7.60	7.61	21 412 100	Average price, week
19:	7.44 7.35@ 7.39 7.38@ 7.43 — @ 7.42 7.36— 7.38 7.38— 7.40 — —	7.35 a 7.39 7.36 - 7.38	7.39 0	7.49 a 7.54 7.52 - 7.53	7734 782	7.74 0 7.83		120	77	7.59 7.60 7.59 7.60	7.5	Steady.	Closing. (range)
A V'RO	Av'ge. 7.40	Av'80. 7:37		776 AV'ge. 7.50 AV'ge.	Av'ge. 776		Av'ge. 7.76	Av'ge 7.62 Av'ge 7.69 Av'ge 7.71 Av'ge 7.76 Av'ge 7.78 21,700 8,000 82,200 13,400	Av'ge. 7.69	Av'ge. 7.62 21,700	Av'ge.	199,800	_
Av'ge	7-49 7-38 7-45 7-40 8 7-45	12,700 7.38 # 7.45 7.42 - 7.43	7.41 a 7.49 7.47 - 7.48	7.750 7.84 7.510 7.40 7.750 7.84 7.510 7.53 7.410 7.58 7.84 7.56 7.58 7.47 7.50	47,500 7.75@ 7.84 7.83 - 7.84	7.79 7.75 7.81 7.77 7.84 7.77 7.84 7.84 7.84 7.84 7.84	$\begin{array}{c} 10,200 \\ 7.75 & 7.81 \\ 7.79 - 7.81 \end{array}$	7.71 a 7.76 -	7.66 <i>a</i> 7.73 7.72— 7.73	7.61 a 7.70 7.68 — 7.69	7.66- 7.68	7.38 # 7.84 Higher.	Prices paid (range) Closing
		-	7.44	AV'00 7.50	18.7 A. A.	A V'EE. 7-81	Av'ge. 7.77	7.68 AV'Re. 7.74	Av'ge. 7.68	Av'se. 7.65 Av'ge.	Av'ge.	Firm.	Sales fotal
Av'ge 7:31 500 7:31 % -	7-33 Avre 7-30 Avre 7-31 Avre 7-31 8-00 8.000 2.200 7-36 7-26a 7-33 7-29a 7-34 7-31a — 7-37 7-33 7-34 7-35 7-37	Av're. 7-30 8,000 7-26 a 7-33 7-33 - 7-34	7.30 a 7.36 7.36 - 7.37	7.40 a 7.46 7.45 - 7.47	Avge. 7.66 29,000 7.61 a 7.71 7.70 — 7.71	7.63 a 7.72 7.71 - 7.72	10,800 7.61 # 7.70 7.69 - 7.70	700 5,300 88,200 10,800 11,900 29,000 29,000 13,50 7-54# 7-61 7-58# 7-66 7-61# 7-70 7-63# 7-72 7-61# 7-70 7-45 7-74 7-45 7-47 7-36# 7-70 7-771 7-771 7-45 7-771 7-36# 7-78	5,300 7.54 <i>a</i> 7.61 7.61- 7.62	7.48 a 7.58 7.57 — 7.58	7.56- 7.57	120	Sales, total
19:	7.42 7.32 6 7.37 7.34 6 7.40 - 6 7.36 7.31 - 7.32 7.33 - 7.34 - 6	7.82 a 7.87 7.81 - 7.82	7.35 <i>a</i> 7.42 7.35 - 7.36	7.46- 7.48	7.66 a 7.73 7.67 - 7.68	7.69 - 7.74	7.67 - 7.68	7.64- 7.65	7.59- 7.60	7.55-	7.53- 7.56	Sigher,	Closing
Av'86.	Av'ge. 7.37	Av'ge 7-35	Av'ge. 7.39	Av'ge., 7.50	AV'ge. 7.70	Av'ge. 7.70 Av'ge. 7.71	Av'ge. 7.70 8,700	Av'ge. 7.66	Avge. 7.62 3,700	30,200	200	139,900 7-32 # 7-74	Sales, total Prices paid (range)
7.33@	19,700 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,500 1	7.27 a 7.34 7.29 — 7.30	22	7.45 a 7.53 7.45 - 7.46	7.61 a 7.70 7.64 – 7.68	12,600 7.64 # 7.73 7.66 - 7.67	7.61 a 7.70 7.64 - 7.65	7.58 a 7.67 7.61 — 7.62	7.57@ 7.63 7.56— 7.57	7.48 a 7.57 7.51 - 7.52	7.51.0 -7.52	7.27 a 7.73 Lower.	Prices paid (range) Closing.
7 22	7.00	V'20 7.95	Av'se. 7.36	AV'Re. 7.48	V'86. 7.67	VEB. 7.69	7.67	Av'ge. 7:51 Av'ge. 7:51 Av'ge. 7:59 Av'ge. 7:63 Av'ge.	Av'ge. 7.59	AV'KE. 7.51	Av'ge., 7:51	Weak.	Monday, Feb. 17— Sales, total
Av'ge	Av'ge. 7.42 Av'ge. 7.44 Av'ge. 2200 7.40 7.46 7.39 7.48 7.37 7.38 7.39 7.48	7.46 Av'ge. 7.42 200 4,500 7.50 7.40 7.46 7.43 7.37— 7.38	7.46		Av'ge. 7.78 20,400 7.74.0 7.86 7.74.0 7.75	Avge. 7.82 5,400 7.77 a 7.89 7.77 – 7.78	7.75	7 72 0 7.84 7.72 - 7.73	7.63 7.69 7.72 7.63 7.69 7.72 7.69	7.62 a 7.77 7.63 - 7.64	7.65 æ 7.77 7.61 – 7.63	148,700 7-39 a 7-89 Lower.	Sales, total
January.	December.	ber.	October.	September.	August.	July.	ne.	May.	April.	Av'se. 7.73 Av'se 7.67	Av'se. 7.73	Weak.	5
			EACH MONTH.	FOR EACH	OF FUTURES FOR	SALES	PRICES AND	1 -		Manah	Fehrmann	Range and	Sales of
						2	STORE AND	DATE D				Markel.	et, Prices and

Includes sales in September, for September, 15, 20; September-October, for October, 14, 30; September-November, for November, 147,200; September-December, f r December, 1,697,200; September January, 6r January, 11,143,100.

Tanuary, for January, 11,143,100.

The week to give, the average price of futures each day for each month. It will be found under each day following the abbreviation "Av'ge." The average price of substraint the abbreviation "Av'ge." The average for each month for the week is also given at bottom of table.

For exchanges see page 375.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns and consequently all the European figures are brought do wn to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Feb. 21), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only:

e		1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.
	Stock at Liverpool bales.				1,652,000
	Stock at London	6,000	6,000	6,000	5,000
-	Total Great Britain stock.	1.130,000	1.790,000	1.718.000	1.657.000
	Stock at Hamburg	26,000	27,000		3,000
	Stock at Bremen	270,000	336,000		172,000
	Stock at Amsterdam	9,000	16,000		16,000
	Stock at Rotterdam	200	200		200
	Stock at Antwerp	17,000	12,000		8,000
	Stock at Havre	309,000	522,000	464,000	427,000
	Stock at Marseilles	7,000	5,000		10,000
	Stock at Barcelona	74,000	81,000		98,000
	Stock at Genoa	60,000	28,000		12,000
	Stock at Trieste	17,000	15,000	17,000	9,000
	Total Continental stocks			MARKET THE REAL PROPERTY.	
			1,042,200	853,200	755,200
	Total European stocks			2,571,200	2,412,200
	India cotton affoat for Europe	139,000	49,000	115,000	100,000
	Amer.cotton affoat for Europe	375,000	493,000	372,000	248,000
	Egypt, Brazil, &c., aft. for E'pe	30,000	30,000	35,000	38,000
	Stock in United States ports.	882,994	971,118	944,273	977,896
1	Stock in U. S. interior towns	438,487	420,269	363,821	438,894
	United States exports to-day.	30,784	27,965	33,708	11,164
- 1	Total visible supply	3,815,465	4.823,552	4,435,002	4.226.154
	Of the above, totals of Americ	an and oth	er descrit	tions are a	s follows:
- 1	American-				
	Liverpool stockbales	931,000	1,630,000	1,447,000	1,406,600
	Continental stocks	700,000	952,000	745,000	656,000
- 1	American affoat for Europe	375,000	493,000	372,000	248,000
- 1	United States stock	882,994	971,118	944,273	977,896
- 1	United States interior stocks.	438,487	420,269	363,821	438.894
-	United States exports to day.	30,784	27,965	33,708	11,164
1	Total American	3,358,265	4 494 359	3 905 802	
-1	East Indian, Brazil, &c	0,000,200	4,404,002	0,000,002	0,101,004
1	Liverpool stock	193,000	154,000	265,000	246,000
-1	London stock	6,000	6,000	6,000	5,000
- 1	Continental stocks	89,200	90,200	108,200	99,200
1	India afloat for Europe	139,000	49,000	115,000	100,000
1	Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	30,000	30,000	35,000	38,000
1	Total East India, &c	457,200	329,200	529,200	488,200
ł		3,358,265			
1					
ł	Total visible supply				
1	Middling Upland, Liverpool.	4 4 d.	3132d.	43 ₁₆ d.	5118d.
1	Middling Upland, New York.	778C.	50.0.	73ie.	9140.
1	Egypt Good Brown, Liverpool	624d.	43d.	514d.	5 1 ₁₆ d.
1	Peruv. Rough Good, Liverpool	6716d.	514d.	513 ad.	634d.
1	Broach Fine, Liverpool	4140.	318d.	44d.	53 ed.
1	Tinnevelly Good, Liverpool	4531 d.	33 ₁₆ d.	451td.	51ed.
1	The imports into Co	ntinenta	ports th	e past we	ek have
1	been 79,000 bales.		Posto ta	Pane me	
- 6	occu 10,000 bates.				1.0

been 79,000 bales.

The above figures indicate a decrease in the cotton in tight to night of 1.018,087 bales as compared with the same date of 1895, a falling off of 619,537 bales from the corresponding date of 1894 and a decrease of 410,689 bales from 1893.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1894-5. —is set out in detail below.

Morean Morean Rec	### Hovement to Receipts. ### Receipts. #### Receip	# Movement Movement Movement Recent Rece
Morem Rec This treek. 147 1147 1149 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134	### Movement to ### Receipts.	### Hovement to Receipts. ### Art 188
	iptis. Since 18,725 18,725 18,725 18,725 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 11,977 19,406 10	### to February 22 #### Since

* Louisville figures "net" in both years.
† This year's figures estimated.
Last year's figures are for Columbia, S. C.
The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 19,792 bales and are now 18,213 bales more than at same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 11,518 bales less than same week last year and since Sept. 1 are 1,763,327 bales less than for same time in 1894-95.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.— Below are closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week.

Week ending	GLOSIN	G QU ITA	TIONS FOR	MIDDLING	3 corros	ON-
Feb. 21	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.
Galveston . New Orleans Mobile Bavennah Charleston Wilmington . Norfolk Boston Baltimore . Philadelphia	734 7:1:6 79:6 759 759 758 8:8 8:8	7 116 758 719 719 714 758 771 8	759 Ho'l lay, Holiday, 719 Nominal, 719 739 778 8	758 7516 716 716 718 738 738 749 758 778	711 ₁₆ 75 ₈ 77 ₁₆ 73 ₉ 71 ₉ 711 6 77 ₈ 8	71116 758 719 716 7716 719 7111 778
Augusta Memphis St. Louis Houston Cincinnati Louisville	711 ₁₆ 731 711 ₁₆ 731 779	759 7116 7116 7116 7116 778	759 759 759 759 758 758	758 758 758 758 751 734	756 756 756 756 776	758 758 758 71110 731

The closing quotations to-day (Frida_f) at other important Southern markets were as follows.

7¹4 | Newberry... 7¹2 | Raleigh.... 7¹16 | Selma.... 7¹16 | Shreveport.

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption: they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which shally reaches the market through the outports. finally resches the market through the outports.

	Peak	Receip	to at the	Ports.	St'k at	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts	from P	lant'ns.
En	ding-	1894.	1895.	1896.	1894.	1895.	1826.	1894.	1895,	1836,
Jan.	17	159,917	209,803	119,837	432,721	530,024	552,608	141,517	171,179	107,035
86	24	154,352	213,026	112,395	420,147	507,480	533,688	141,778	190,482	93,475
68	31	116,748	199,835	122,902	403,940	489,801	503,878	103,541	182,156	95,092
Feb.	7	100,560	155,098	113,589	390,917	466,458	479,143	81,537	131,750	83,854
60	14	71,627	132,980	106,446	376,763	442,289	458,279	57,473	108,825	85,582
66	21	82,891	91,807	109,395	363,821	420,2119	438,487	69,949	69,787	82,603

above statement shows: 1.—That the total receipts the plantations since Sept. 1, 1895, are 4,770,339 bales; in

from the plantations since Sept. 1, 1895, are 4,770,339 bales; in 1894-95 were 6,961,193 bales; in 1893-94 were 5,456,525 bales.

2.—That although the receipts at the outports the past week were 109,395 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 89,603 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the week were 69,787 bales and for 1894 they were for the week were 69,949 bales.

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT. 1. Overland Movement for the Week and Since Sept. 1.—
We give below a statement showing the overland movement
fo. 1. week and since September 1. As the returns reach us
by teiegraph late Friday night it is impossible to enter so
largely into detail as in our regular monthly report, but all
the principal matters of interest are given. This weekly
publication is of course supplementary to the more extended
monthly statements. The results for the week ending Feb.21.
and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows.

	189	5-96.	189	14-95.
February 21	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Whipped— Via St. Louis Via Cairo Via Parker City Via Evanavilie Via Louisvilie Via Cincinnati Via offer routes, &c.	11,392 5,469 90 1,915 3,048 1,087	413,255 191,097 13,369 60 103,969 65,592 71,451	19,210 4,436 1,100 34 3,784 1,290 3,692	268,811 23,600 2,894 142,329
Total gross overland	23,001 5,286 69 1,250	858,792 189,686 2,556 33,428	32,546 11,698 1,697 874	1,393,809 338,027 20,705 50,966
Total to be deducted	6,605	225,670	14,269	409,698
Leaving total net overland*	16,396	633,122	18,277	984,111

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 16,396 bales, against 18,277 bales for the week in 1895, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits a falling off from a year ago of 350,989 bales.

T- 82-14 1 G-/1	189	95-96.	189	94-95.
In Sight and Spinners' Takings.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since S-pt. 1.
Receipts at ports to Feb. 21 Net overland to Feb. 21	16,396		18,277	6,598,259 984,111 439,000
Total marketed	144,791 * 19,792	5,493,674 405,787	126,084 *22,020	8,021,370 362,934
Came into sight during week. Total in sight Feb. 21	124,999	5,901,461	104,064	8,384,304
North'n spinners tak'gs to Feb. 21	29,996	1,228,264	54,125	1,680,770

Decrease during week.

It will be seen by the above that there has come into sight during the week 124,999 bales, against 104,064 bales for the same week of 1895, and that the decrease in amount in sight to-night as compared with last year is 2,482,848 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH. -Our telegraphic advices from the South this evening denote that the weather has been dry generally the past week, and that except in the Southwest the temperature has been lower, as a rule. Reports from Texas indicate that the conditions have been very favorable to farming interests during the week, and that consequently good progress has been made in preparing for the

Galveston, Texas.—Dry weather has prevailed all the week. The thermometer has averaged 58, the highest being 71 and the lowest 44.

the lowest 44.

Palestine, Texas.—Farmers are getting ground ready for crops. We have had no rain the past week. The thermometer has averaged 53, ranging from 34 to 71.

Huntsville, Texas.—There has been no rain the past week. The thermometer has ranged from 34 to 71, averaging 52.

Dallas, Texas.—The weather has in general been exceptionally favorable for farming operations. Ground was too wet early in the week but has dried out nicely. It has been dry all the week. Average themometer 49, highest 69 and lowest 30 est 30

San Antonio. Texas.—Farmers are preparing ground for lanting. An increase in acreage is indicated. The weather as been dry the past week. The thermometer has averaged planting. An increase in acreage is indicense been dry the past week. The thermoof 33, the high so being 72 and the lowest 34.

53, the high st being 72 and the lowest 34.

Luting, Texas — there has been no rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 52, ranging from 34 to 71.

Columbia, Texas.—Dry weather has prevailed all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 32 to 70, averaging 51.

Cuero, Texas.—We have had no rain during the past week. Average thermometer 51, highest 70 and lowest 32.

Brenham, Texas.—There has been no rain all the week. The thermometer has averaged 52 the highest highest highest here 63 and the

thermometer has averaged 52, the highest being 68 and the

owest 35.

Belton, Texas.—It has been dry all the week. The thernometer has averaged 52. ranging from 34 to 70.

Fort Worth, Texas.—We have had no rain the past week.
the thermometer has ranged from 29 to 69, averaging 49.

Weatherford, Texas.—We have had dry weather all the
week. Average thermometer 49, highest 70, low-st 28.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—We have had no rain during the
seek. The thermometer has averaged 52.

The thermometer has averaged 52. peport, Louisiana.—There has been

Shreveport, Louisiana.—There has been no rain the past

nbus, Mississippi.—We have had no rain during the The thermometer has ranged from 25 to 65, aver-Columbus, Mississippi.aging 54.

Lecand, Mississippi.—Telegram not received.
Vicksburg, Mississippi.—There has been no rain during the
eek. The thermometer has averaged 49, the highest being week. The ther 68 and the lowes

Little Rock, Arkansas.—There has been no rain during the ast week. The thermometer has averaged 42, ranging from

Helena, Arkansas - The weather has been dry all the week.

Helena, Arkansas.—The weather has been dry all the week. The thermometer has ranged from 21 to 65, averaging 39.

Memphis, Tennessee.—The weather has been dry all the week. Average thermometer 40 6, highest 59 7 and lowest 23.

Nashville, Tennessee.—There has been only a trace of rain during the week. The thermometer has averaged 33.5, the highest being 63 and the lowest 14.

Mobile Alphana.—It has rained on one day of the week.

highest being 63 and the lowest 14.

Mobile, Alabama.—It has rained on one day of the week, the precipitation reaching one hundred hof an inch. The thermometer has averaged 49, ranging from 28 to 72.

Montgomery. Alabama.—The temperature has been lower the past week, with no rain. The thermometer has ranged from 54 to 56, averaging 45.

Selma, Alabama.—It has been dry all the week. Average thermometer 45, highest 64 and lowest 23.

Savannah, Georgia.—There has been rain on two days during the week, the precipitation reaching for y hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 48, the highest being 66 and the lowest 24. 66 and the lowest 24.

66 and the lowest 24.

Columbus, Georgia.—It has been dry all the week. The thermometer has averaged 53, ranging from 22 to 57.

Augusta, Georgia.—Rain has fallen on one day of the week, to the extent of nine hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 44, highest 65, lowest 21.

Charleston, Fouth Carolina.—There has been rain on three days durig the week, the precipitation reaching thirty-three hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 47, ranging from 22 to 66.

Stateburg, South Carolina.—We had high wind and light son won Monday. The thermometer has ranged from 16 to 61, averaging 43.4.

Stateburg, South Caronna.—vec and some of the first of th

	Feb. 20, '96.	Feb 21, '95
	Feet.	Feet.
New Orleans Above zero of gauge. Mem: his	10·8 23.8	3.4 1.6 5.7
Nashville Above zero of gauge.	19.0	5.7
ShreveportAbove zero of gauge. VicksburgAbove zero of gauge.		4.9

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS .- The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Feb. 20.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS

	Shipm	e-tathi	a mark	Shipm	ents s nce	Sept. 1.	Rec	e pls.
Fear	Great Bril'n	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti-	Total.	This Week.	Since Sept. 1.
95-6 94-5 93-4 92-3		5,000 16 000 14,000 7,000	16,000 21,000	2,000 20,000	257,000 81,000 221,000 231,000	281,000 83,000 241,000 240,000	34,000 58,000	967,000 406,000 677,000 547,000

According to the foregoing Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 25,000 bales and a decrease in shipments of 11,000 bal-s, and 29,000 paies and a decrease in singments of 11,000 baies, and the shipments since Sept. 1 show an increase of 198,000 baies. The movement at Calcutta, Madras and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of September, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon. Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for th	e week.	Shipm	ents since Se	pt. 1.
	Great Britain.	Conti-	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Oalcutta- 1895-96 1894-95		2,000	2,000	3,000 5,000	13,000 9,000	16,000 14,000
1895-96 1894-95				18,000 13,000	12,000 10,000	30,000 23,000
1895-96 1894-95				19,000 12,000	30,000 26,000	49,000 38,000
Total all— 1895-96		2.000	2.000	40,000	55,000 45,000	95,000

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 2,000 bales less than the same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since September 1, 1895, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

TS TO EUROPE PROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments	189	5-96.	189	4-95.	189	8-94.
to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
Bombay All other ports	5,000	281,000 95,000	16,000 2,000	83,000 75,000	21,000 12,000	241,000 103,000
Total	5.000	376.000	18,000	158,000	33,000	344.000

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, February 19.	189	1895-96.		94-95.	189	1893-94.	
Receipts (cautars*) This week Since Sept. 1		06,000 81,000	130,000 4,070,000		115,000 4,056,000		
The Table of the Control of the Cont	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	6,000 7,000	262,000 211,000	7,000 5,000	210,000 223,000	7, '00	227,000 163,000	
Total Europe	13,000	13,000 473,000		433,000	11,000	393,000	

† Of which to America in 1995-96, 42,101 bales; in 1894-95, 23,624 ales; in 1893-94, 7,907 bales.

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Feb. 19 were 103, 00 cantars and the shipments to all Europe 13,000 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET .-Our report received by cable to night from Manchester states that the market continues steady for both yarus and shirtings. The demand for India is unproving. We give the prices for to-day below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

Mi	Shirt- mmon est,	Cott's Mid. Upld
45	8. d. 6 7 ¹ 9 6 7 ¹ 9 6 8 6 7 ¹ 9	4 9, 458 40
41		

EXCHANGES.—The following exchanges have been made during the week:

during the week:

'02 pd. to exch. 1,500 May for Aug.

'10 pd. to exch. 8,50 Moh. for May.

'16 pd. to exch. 8,50 Moh. for July.

'12 pd. to exch. 4,200 Mch. for July.

'13 pd. to exch. 4,200 Mch. for Jun.

'13 pd. to exch. 5,50 Dec. for Jun.

'13 pd. to exch. 1,000 Moh. for Aug.

'13 pd. to exch. 4,00 Mch. for Fluc.

'30 pd. to exch. 800 Mch. for Aug.

'30 pd. to exch. 200 Oct. for Aug.

'05 pd. to exch. 3,500 Mch. for May.

'05 pd. to exch. 500 Mch. for May.

*12 pd. to exch. 590 Mch for Aug. *11 pl. to exch. 2,100 Mch. for J'ne. *11 ol. to exch. 2,100 Mch. for J'ne. *10 pd. to exch. 2,3 10 Vov for Aug. *19 pd. to exch. 23 10 Vov for Aug. *19 pd. to exch. 20 J Nov. for Aug. *19 pd. to exch. 500 Mch. for Aug. *15 pd. to exch. 500 Mch. for Aug. *15 pd. to exch. 1,500 Mch. for Aug. *14 pd. to exch. 1,500 Mch. for Aug. *14 pd. to exch. 1,500 Mch. for Aug. *14 pd. to exch. 7,400 Oct. for Mch. *09 pd. *10 exch. 1,000 Mch. for Mch. *10 1,000 Mch. for

SEA ISLAND COTTON MOVEMENT .- We have received this (Friday) evening by telegraph from the various ports the details of the Sea Island cotton movement for the week. The receipts for the week ending to-night (February 21) and since Sept. 1, 1895, the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding periods of 1894-95, are as follows.

	189	5-96.	189	4-95.	Block	
Receipts to Feb. 21.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	1896.	1895.
Savannah	761	71,033 10,059 4,793	551 5 27	63,137 5,098 5,139	14,143 2,486 1,747	6,773 514 1,436
Total	769	85,875	588	73.374	18.376	8,723

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 1,798 bales, of which 1,723 bales were to Great Britain, 75 to France and — to Reval, and the amount forwarded to Northern mills has been 1,743 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1 in 1895-96 and 1894-95.

Exports from—	Week E	Inding 1	Feb. 21.	Since	Sept. 1,	North'n Mills.		
	Great Brit'n.	Pr'nce	Total.	Great Brit'n.	Fr'nce	Total.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
B'vann'h, &o Juarl't'n, &o Fiorida, &o. Yew York Boston	391 390 952	75	456 390 952		64	14,014 2,985 15,775 1,585 1,613	1,743	26,930 1,374 3,608
Total	1,723	75	1,798	30,324	5,648	35,972	1,743	31,912
Cotal 1894-5	2,349	16	2,365	29,315	4,542	33,857	798	32,093

A considerable portion of the Sea Island cotton shipped to f reign ports goes via New York, and some small amounts via B iston and Baltimore. Instead of including this cotton for the week in which it leaves the Southern outports, we follow the same plan as in our regular table of including it when a rually exported from New York, &c. The details of the shipments of Sea Island cotton for the week will be found under the head "Shipping News," on a subsequent page. Quotations Feb. 31 at Savannah, for Floridas, common, 13c; medium fine, 15c.; choice, 1714c.

Charleston, Carolinas, medium fine, 22c; fine, 24 to 25c.; fully fine, 26c.; extra fine, 39 to 33c.

fully fine, 26c.; extra fine, 30 to 33c.

REFORMS IN PREPARING COTTON FOR MARKET-ACTION OF MEMPHIS COTTON EXCHANGE.-The Memphis Cotton Exchange, at a meeting held on Monday, February 10, adopted the following report on reforms in preparing cotton for market, which was submitted by a special committee appointed to consider the subject:

ket, which was submitted by a special committee appointed to consider the subject:

We, the committee appointed to report on the communication of the Liverpool Cotton Assoc ation regarding the present method of packing American and the resolution, the control is not packed and the control of the Liverpool Cotton Assoc ation regarding the present method of packing control in the first state of the control of

ction.
In the past few years the Memphis Cotton Exchange has taken
pectal care to see that all shipments from this point have gone in
ood order and condition.

FALL RIVER MILL DIVIDENDS .- Thirty-four of the cottonmanufacturing corporations in Fall River have declared dividends during the first quarter of the year, and the aggregate of the dividends exceeds considerably the total for the corresponding period a year ago. Two corporations -the Barnaby Manufacturing Company and Metacomet Manufacturing Com pany-have passed their dividends this quarter as they did during each quarter of the preceding year. The other corporations which made no distribution in the early part of 1895the Conanicut Mills, the Robeson Mills and the Slade Millsare, however, included in the dividend-payers this year. The aggregate of the amount paid out has been \$433,250, or an average of 1.99 per cent on the capital. In 1895 the average dividend for the first quarter was 1.50 per cent, in 1894 it was 1.498 per cent, in 1893 was 2.24 per cent, in 1892 was 1.55 per cent and in 1891 reached 1.30 per cent. It will be noticed that ten mills have merely maintained the ratio of last year and twenty-four have increased their rate of distribution.

FIRST QUARTER	Capital.	Divid	enda 1866.	Divid	enda 1805.	Increase
1896 and 1995,	Сариль	P. C.	Amount.	P. C.	Amount.	Decrease
American Linen Co	\$800,000	136	\$12,000	136	\$12,000	*******
Barnaby Manuf'g Co	400,000	No	dividend.	No	dividend.	5500
Barnard Manuf'g Co	330,000	2	6,600	136	4,950	+1,450
Border City Manuf'g Co	1,000,00	2	20,000	134	15,0 0	+5,000
Bourne Mills	400,000		12,000	3	12,000	*** ****
Chace Mills	500,000	8	10,000	136	7,500	
Conanicut Wills	120,000	9	2,400		dividend.	+4,400
Cornell Mills	400,000	91 71 00	8,000	136	6,00 :	3,000
Davol Milis	400,000	10	8,000	136	6,000	+8,000
Flint Mills	580,000	3	11,400	2	11,400	
Globe Yarn Mills	1,960,000	9	24,000	1	12,000	+12,000
Granite Mills	1,000,000	23	20,000	116	15,000	+3,000
Hargrayes Mills	800,000	136	12,000	136	12,000	*******
Kerr Thread Co	1,000,000	3	30,000	214	25,000	+5,000
King Philip Mills	1,000,000	136	15,000		15,000	
Laurel Lake Mills	400,000	136	6,000	136	6,000	
Mechanics' Mills	750,000	2	15,000	1	7,500	
Morchants' Manuf's Co	800,000	9	16,000	136	12,000	+4,000
Metacomet Manuf'g Co	284,000	No	dividend.	No	dividend.	
Narragansett Mills	400,000	9	8.000	8	8,000	*** ****
Osborn Mils	600,000	9	12,0:0	136	9,000	
Pocasset Manuf'g Co	600.00	1146	9,000	136	9,000	**** ***
Richard Borden Mfg. Co	800,600	9	16,000	136	12,000	
Robeson Mills	260,000	136	3,900	No	dividend.	+3.900
Bagamore Manuf'g Co	900,000	2	15,000	136	13,500	+4.500
Sanford Spinning Co	500,000	9	10,000	140		
Seaconnet Mills	600,000	916	15,000	*136	6,000	
Shove Mills	550,000	2	11, 00	14	8,250	
Slade Mills	550,000	1	5,500	No	dividend.	+3,500
Stafford Mills	800,000	9	16,000	9	14,000	1 -1
Stevens Manufactur's Co.	2 0.000	2	5,000		dividend.	+5,000
Tecumseh Mills	500,000	2	10,000	136	7,500	+2,500
Troy Cot. & W. Mfg. Co	300,000	4	12,000	4	19.000	1 4,000
Union Cotton Man'f'g Co	750,000	3	24,500	2	15,000	+7,500
Wampanoag Mills	750,000	3	22,500	134	11,250	+11,250
Weetamoe Mills	550,100	136	8,250	114	6,875	+1,475
Totals	121,428,000	1 90	\$483,950	11:50	821,495	+111,895

+ On capital of \$21,378,000. • On capital of \$400,000,

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &c.-The market for jute bagging has been entirely devoid of animation. Quotations are unchanged at 3%c. for 1% lbs., 44c. for 2 lbs. and 4%c. for standard grades. Car-load lots of standard brands are quoted at 3%c. for 134 lbs., 44c. for 2 lbs. and 44c. for 24 lbs. f. o. b. at New York. There has been no demand for jute butts. Nominal quotations are 11/2c. for paper quality and 11/c. for mixing.

THE EXPORTS OF COTTON from New York this week show an increase compared with last week, the total reaching 18,210 bales, against 11,884 bales last week. Below we give our usual table, showing the exports of cotton from New York and the direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since Sept. 1, 1895, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year.

		Week E	nding-	. 1	Total	Same period
Exported to -	Jan. 31.	Feb.	Feb.	Feb. 21.	since Sept. 1.	previou vear
Liverpool Other British ports	7,236 2,431	9,970 2,661	2.×60 959	3,361 5,316	133,931 42,477	
TOT. TO GT. BRIT'N.	9,667	12,631	3,799	8,677	176,408	291,244
HavreOther French ports	1,225	1,502	527	1,597	19, 81	24,973 4 0
TOTAL FRENCH	1,225	1,502	527	1,597	19,781	25,373
Bremen	4,940 644 1,252	1,468	2,965 73 913	2,232 1,339 839	59,765 24,012 33,495	37,048 29,673 45,228
TOT. TO NO. EUROPE	6,836	5,915	3,951	4,509	117,272	106,942
Spain, Italy, &c All other	4,014	200	3,607	3,427	39,963 817	44,459 874
TOTAL SPAIN, &C	4,014	200	3,607	3,427	40,682	45,333
GRAND TOTAL	21,742	20,148	11,884	18,210	354,143	468,892

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF COTTON at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week, and since September 1, 1895.

	***	YORK.	Bo	BOSTON.		DELPH'A	BALT	BALTIMORE.	
from-	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sopt. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1	This week.	Since Sept. 1,	
N. Orleans	5,354	185,660			*****	*******	******	10000000	
Texas	3,054	148,619	**** *	15,81%	******			*****	
Savann'h &c	7,251	191,614	1,861	85,339	73	2,819	1,187	29,907	
Mobile	100000			*******	*****			****	
Florida		6,090		*******	*****	****	*****	****	
So. Carolina	1,377	56,676		******		****	*****	*******	
No. Carolina	450	15,241							
Virginia	1,550	41,338	8,000	€0,185		1,984	8,000	41,539	
North, ports			3,022	129,800	*****	3,608		***	
Tenn., &c	1,803	41.962	3,797	78,133	648	28.149	722	37,980	
Foreign	80	4,816	3,724	36,518	******	*******	*****	*******	
Total	30,839	691,986	15,404	405,797	741	38,289	4,889	109,408	
Last year	23,105	942,747	11,108	474,994	1,114	98,490	10,789	225,475	

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 146,320 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned these are the same exports reported by telegraph and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday.

the state of the s	
Tot	al bales
NEW YORK-To Liverbool, per steamers Aurania, 1,849 upland	
and 91 Sea Island Nomadic, 1,421	3,361
To Hall non-stoomer Ohio 9 150	
To Hull, per steamer Ohio. 3,150	3,150
To London, per steamer Luagate Hill, 409	408
To Manchester, per steamer Cuvier, 1,463 upland and 2:0	
Sea Island To Havre, per steamer La Gascogne, 1,522 upland and 75	1,758
To Havre, per steamer La Gasangne, 1.522 upland and 75	-2.00
To Bremen, per steamers Aller, 6)8 ., H. H. Miler, 1.674	1.597
To Broman par starmare Aller did uf H M dec : 674	2,332
To Hamburg, per steamer Patria, 1,333	1,338
To name u. g, per sees ner raters, 1,334	
To A twerp, per steamer Westernlan 1, 54 i	546
co Christiana, per stea u r flekia, :91	293
To Genoa, p-r steamer Elyda, 2, 72	2,572
To Naples, per steamer Elysia, 855	855
NEW ORLEANS-fo Liverpool, per steamers Alava, 2,967	
Barbadian 8 100 Costa Rican 4 677 Da ian 2 750	
Barbadian, 8.100Costa Rican, 4,677Da ien, 2.750Hilary, 2,913 Fraveller, 4,100 Yucat in, 4,860	37,367
To House an extension III bland Delega 9 0 17	3,007
To Havre, per steamer Hi hland Prince, 3,237	3,237
To Hamburg, per steamer Star Cross, 30)	300
To Rotterdam, per steamer Glanwood, 600	600
To Antwerp, per steamer Highla 11 Prince, 8	83
To Genoa, per steamers Bonrath, 6,435J. Jover Serre,	-
6, 254	12,689
To Naples, per steamer Senratu, 1,070	1.070
GALVESTON-To Liverpool, per steamers Benridge, 7,535	1,070
GALVESTON-TO LIVER POOL, per steamers Benringe, 7,055	10010
Blayrmor 4, 4,732	12,317
To Manch ster, per steamers Hampton, 3,809 Wooler,	
5,212	9,021
To Havre, per steamer Wennington Hell, 7,300	7,300
Fo Bremen, per steamer Bleaheim, 4,682	4.682
To Hamburg, per -teamer Cedar Brauch, 250	250
TEXAS CITY-To Havre, per steamer Wennington Hall, 1,800	1.80
MOBILE-To Liver sooi, per steamer Mobile, 8 849.	8.849
SAVANNAH-To Barcelona, per steamers Pontiac, 4,250	4.250
BRUNSWICK-To Liverpool, per steamer Ramore Head, 8,937	8,937
To Bremen, per steamers Bengore Head, 3,333 feelin	
H-ad, 1,923	5,258
CHARLESTON- Co Bromen, per steamer Glenloig, 7,8 19	7,839
Bosron-Pe Liverpoor per steamers Corintnia, 1,077 upland	.,
and 25 Sea Island Kansas, 1 5 55 upt and and 100 sea	
	3.642
Island Norse asa, 875	
To Yarmouth, per s eamer Biston, 121.	134
BALTIMORE - To Lo don, par steamer Lord Ern a. 200	200
To Bremen, per steamer Roland, 2,499	2,899
To Rotterdam, par steam ar Urbino, 300	300
PHILADELPHIA - To Liverpool, per steamer freiling, 293	293
SAN FRANCISCO- To Japan, per stramer Coptic, 1,505	1,803
Dan a manufacture and analysis of the control of th	-,500

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual orm, are as follows.

torm, are	GO TOTAL	J 11 3.						
		Hu'l,			R'dan		Nova	
		Man-				o Sprin		
	Liver-	chester o	ē d	e Ham-	& Chris	tt- and	and	
	pol.	London	. Havre.	burg.	iana.	Italy.	Japan.	Total.
New York.	3,361	5,316	1,597	3,670	83 /	3 4 47		18,210
N Orleans.	30,337		3,237	300	683	13,759		48.346
(lalveston	12,317	9,021	7,300	4,932	*****		*****	33,570
Texas City			1,800		******	*****		1.800
Mobile	8,849	******	*****		*****			8,849
dayaunah		*****	*****	*****	*****	4,250		4,250
Brunswick	8,937	*****	*****	5,256	*****	*****	*****	14,193
Charleston.				7,839	*****	*****		7.839
Buston			*****		*****	*****	124	3,766
Saltimore		200		2,599	300		*****	3,399
Philadel's	293	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	293
San Fran	*****		*****		*****	*****	1,805	1,805
						_	_	

Total 67,766 14,537 13,934 24,996 1,82 2 21,436 1,929 146,320 Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying otton from United States ports, bringing our data down to

otton from Cinted States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates.

Galveston - To Liverpool - Feb. 14—Steamer Francisca, 3,450.

To Hamburg - Feb. 20—Steamer Dartmoor, 30.

Texas City - 10 Liverpool - Feb. 14—Steamer Francisca, 3,214.

New Ouldans - To Liverpool - Feb. 17—steamer Francisca, 7,708.

To Mauchester - Feb. 20—Steamer Daniel, 3,790.

To Havre- Feb. 18—Steamer Persian Prince, 575.... Feb. 21—

Steamer Staniey Hail, 11,271.

To Antwerp- Feb. 18—Steamer Persian Prince, 497.

To Barcelona an 16-m as - Feb. 20—Steamer Gran Antilla, 7,310.

Wonlie To Bremen-Feb. 15—Steamer Verax, 7,337.

SAVANNAH-To Genoa- Feb 21—Steamer Verax, 7,337.

SORFOLK- To Liverpool - Feb. 15—Steamer Forth Gwalia, 6,302.

TO Hamburg - F. b. 19—Steamer Dart Steten of Steamer Liverpool - Feb. 15—Steamer Pinn r's Point, 3,728.

TO Hamburg - F. b. 19—Steamer Dora Futer, 600.

SORTON- To Liverpool - Feb. 12—steamer Victorian, 9,799 upland and 250 Sea Island... Feb. 13—Steamer Monigan, 1,172... Feb. 17—Steamers Ott m.m., 1,583; Samaria, 1,432 upland and 110 Sea Island Feb. 13—Steamer Columbian, 553.

To (a mouth - Feb. 14—Steamer Boston, 9;.... Feb. 18—Steamer Boston, 107.

BALTIMORE To Liverpool- Feb. 11—steamer Ulstermore, 1,411 upland and 952 Sea Island.

PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpool - Feb. 14—Steamer Rhynland, 300.

San Francisco—To Japan—Feb. 15—Steamer Gaeile, 1,109.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows.

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fre
Liverpool	331	339	332	332	339	333
Do 6						****
Havre	14	22121-14	22191-14	2241-4	22191-14	22191-14
Dankirke.			**	***	***	
Bremen	25†	23 @ 251	23@ 351	23 @ 251	23 2 251	23@25
Do						
Hamburg	231	25†	251	251	251	251
Doc.				:		**
Amsterdame.	301	30:	301	301	25@301	25 7 30
Reval, v. Hamb.d.	3,6	216	316	3.6	316	8:6
Do v. Halld.	23128	23123	23123	231.8	931.8	93128
Barcelonad.			****			***
Genoad.	301	301@5_2	301 a 5 19		301 @ 532	301
Triesto d.	1184	1161	1161	1184	1184	11,44
Antwerpd.	333	33:	339	3,9	389	339
Chent, v. Antw'p.d	18	18	18	18	18	18

Oents net per 100 lbs.

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool we hav: the following tatement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port.

	Jan. 31	Feb. 7	Feb. 14	Feb. 21
Sales of the week bales.	63,000	56,000	47,000	58,000
Of which exporters took	1,600	1,700	1,700	800
Of which speculators took	2,400	2,000		
Sales American	51,000	59,000	43,000	51,000
Actual export	8,000	7,000	8,000	7,000
Forwarded	76,000	64,000	66,000	60,000
Total stock-Estimated	1,103,000		1,156,000	
Of which American-Estica'd	905,000	909,000	963,000	931,000
Total import of the week	77,000	63,000	130,000	34,000
Of which American	51,000	58,000	117,000	23,000
Amount affoat	176,000	185,0 0	154,000	
Of which American	165,000	165,000	130,000	185,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for soots and futures each day of the week ending Feb. 31 and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows.

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed' tay	Thursdy.	Friday
Market, }	Qaiet.	Easier.	Steadler.	mati	Firm.	Fatr business doing.
Mid.Upl'ds.	417,9	4153	41533	4718	41832	419
Sales Spec. & exp.	7,000 500	8,000 500	8,000 500	8,000 300	12,000 1,000	12,000 500
Futures. Market, { 1:45 P. M. }	Quiet at 1-34 @ 2-34 decline.	Dull at 3-64 de- cline.	Steady.	Quiet at partially 1-64 dec.	Steady a 1-64 ad- vance.	Q't & st'dy at 2.64 advance.
Market, }	Quiet and steady.	Quiet.	Steady.	Quiet and steady.	Quiet and steady.	Quiet and steady.

The prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated.

Feb. 15 to	Sat	Satur.		on.	Tu	les,	W	ed.	Th	ars.	F	ri.
Feb. 21.	12 ¹ 2 P. M.						1:45 P. M.		1:45 P. M.		1:45 P. M.	
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
February	4 26	4 27	4 22	4 21	4 24	4 24	4 21	4 22	4 23	4 21	4 26	4 26
FebMoh	4 25	4 26	4 20	4 19	4 22	4 22	4 19	4 19	4 22	4 19	4 24	4 2
MehApril	4 24	421	4 19	4 18	4 20	4 20	4 18	4 18	4 21	4 18	4 23	4 23
April-May	4 22	4 23	4 17	4 17	4 19	4 19	4 16	4 16	4 19	4 16	4 22	4 22
May-June	4 22	4 22	4 17	4 16	4 18	4 18	4 15	4 16	4 19	4 16	4 21	4 21
June-July	4 21	4 21	4 16	4 16	4 19	4 17	4 15	4 15	4 18	4 15	4 20	4 26
July-Aug	4 20	4 21	4 16	4 15	4 17	4 17	414	4 15	4 17	4 15	4 20	4 26
Aug. Sept	4 18	4 17	4 13	4 12	4 15	4 14	4 12	4 12	4 15	4 12	4 17	4 1'
Sept. Oct												
OctNov	4 06	4 08	4 02	4 01	4 01	1 03	4 02	4 01	4 04	4 01	4 05	4 0
NovDec	4.05	4 03	4 02	4 01	4 03	4 03	1 01	1 00	4 03	1 00	4 05	1 0
DecJan	4.06	1 06	4 02	1 01	4 03	4 03	1 01	4 00	1 03	1 00	4 05	1 0

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, February 21, 1896

For wheat flour there has continued a very quiet market,

FRIDAY, February 21, 1896
For wheat flour there has continued a very quiet market, buyer, owing to a decline in wheat values, having been making low bids, and as holders have shown very little disposition to grant concessions, business has necessarily been slow. City mills have been quiet without change. Rye flour has sold slowly but prices have been unchanged. The demand for buck wheat has been very limited but values have ruled steady. Corn meal has been quiet but steady. To day the market for wheat flour was quiet and unchanged.

Speculation in the market for wheat fluures has been rather quiet and prices have gradually weakened in response to dull and easier foreign advices, and during the latter part of the week a report that the reserve of last year's crop in farm rs' hands was 120,000,000 bushels caused additional weakness, On Wednesday, however, there was a slight rally in prices, stimulated by a fairly active demand in the spot market from shippers, though the amount of business transacted for the week was very limited. The rate yesterday included No. 1 Northern at 3½c. over May f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard spring was quoted at 4½c. over May f. o. b. afloat. To-day the market was quiet and weaker in response to dull and easier foreign advices. In the spot market shippers were reported to have been moderate buyers. The sales included No. 1 hard spring at 4½c. over May f. o. b. afloat and for delivery March 10 at 5½c. over May f. o. b. afloat and for delivery March 10 at 5½c. over May f. o. b. afloat.

DAILY CLOSING PE	ICES OF	NO. 2	RED WI	NTER W	HEAT.	
March deliverye.	8at.	Mon. 735a	Tues.	Wed. 735a	Thurs.	72%
June delivery	7218 7178	7158	713g 711g	713	7079	7140
July delivery	713	71%	71	7138	7078	70%

elevator.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Pri.
February delivery c.	3658	3636	36	365	364	36%
May delivery	3638	364	36	364	3619	364
June delivery					3538	3619
July delivery 0.	374	374	37	37	3748	3710
			-			-

DAILY CLOSING	PRICE	78.				
	Bat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Pri.
bruary delivery	254	254	2514	254		25%
arch delivery	2519	2519	25%	2538	2539	2510
av delivery	25%	2558	254	254	254	2518

Barley has received a limited amount of attention and prices have been unchanged and firm.

		FLC	OUR.				
Fire & bbl.	\$2 00%	2 35	Patent, winter	\$3	750	84	00
Superfine	2 250	2 60	City milis extras		4.2	10	
Extra. No. 2	2 400	2 80	Rye flour, superfine	2	500	2	90
Extra. No. 1	2 500	3 15	Patent, winter Oity mills extras Rye flour, superfine Buokwheat flour Corn meal— Western, &c Brandy wine 88 below those for bard	1	250	1	30
Clears	2 750	3 40	Corn meal—				
straights	3 400	3 70	Western, &co	2	100	2	15
Patent, spring	3 500	3 80	Brandy wine		22	0	
(Wheat flour in sach	es sells a	t prior	es below those for harr	ele	1		
•		GR	AIN.				

I A HOUR HAIL IN SHOT	re serre e		OU DOLO A ERONG TOL MALL	ore 1	
		GR	AIN.		
Wheat-	0.	0.	Corn, per bush-	0.	C.
Spring, per bush	70 0	77	West'n mixed	35490	384
Red winter No. 2	80 0	814	No. 2 mixed	3640	38
Red winter	73 0	83	Western yellow	3619 0	38
White	@		Western White	36 0	50
Oats-Mixed, per bu.	24199	264	Rye-		
White	2540	284	Western, per bush.		
No. 2 mixed	25%0	263	State and Jersey	70	
No. 2 white	27 0	28	Barley-Western	38 9	47
			State 2-rowed	0	
			State 6-rowed	0	

The movement of breadstuffs to market as indicated in the statements below is furnished to us by the Statistician of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Feb. 15, 1998, and since August 1. for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rys.
	Bbls.196lbs	Bush.00 lbs	Bush.58 lbs	Bush,82 lbs	Bush.48 lb.	Bu.56 lbs.
Chicago	50,480	413,488	759,376	1,389,025	303,986	37,240
Milwaukee	38,700	188,700	20,800	104,000	204,800	25,620
Duluth	9,400	1,093,042	8,431	64,050	2 515	9,759
Minneapolis.	******	1,087,680	54,740	******	*****	
Toledo	770	31,700	57,800	2,200		800
Detroit	3,080	22,307	32,610	30,198	25,463	******
Cleveland	847	55,369	10,199	12,756		
St. Louis	24,625	139,280	284,710	101,200	89,850	9,400
Peoria	10,650	64,200	335,200	264,350	44,100	2,400
Kansas City.	** ***	36,902		*****	*** **	*****
Tot.wk.'98.	138,559	3,130,456	1,563,896	1,987.779	640,694	83,218
Same wk,'95,	124,983	1,103, 57	1,163,262	1,219,765	481,900	76,859
Same wk, '94.	142,435	1,693,866	2,945,922	1,204,255	636,697	31,135
Since Aug. 1.						
1895-96	6,920,340	148,574,758	70,689,461	93,898,446	23,338,760	2,618,310
1894-95	7,515,420	110,812,667	48,181,002	53,045,528	26,5 18,936	1,609,898
1893-94	7.545,052	115,700,119	97,448 135	78,841,946	23,189,935	2.434,599

no receipts of flour and gram as the seasoned ports for the

week ended red), 10, tc	90, 10H	ow:			
(sceipts at-	bbla.	Pheat.	bush.	Oats,	Barley bush.	Ryt.
New York	123,040	945	250,575	375,649	84,275	10,725
Boston	60 370	51,517	67.549	86,546	13,400	
Montreal	3,050	130,621		25,374	5,560	
Philadelphia	64.847	54,932	195,898	35,633	6,400	*** ***
Baltimore	82,033	21,997	351,632	16,963	1,393	10,856
Richmond	3,485	14,195	8,420	14,338	**** ***	*******
New Orleans	20,892	21,600	314,234	57,560		
Total week	353.534	301.799	1.251.533	655,518	115,524	21,591

rotal week. 353,534 301,700 1,251,535 655,518 ek 1895...... 162,354 3+1,520 238,055 248,733 The total receipts at ports named in last table from Jan. 1 to Feb. 15 compare as follows for four years:

Receipts of— 1896. Flourbbls. 2,334,334	1995. 1,710,177	1894. 2,230,298	2,744,174
Wheatbush. 2.101.855 Corn	3,198,894 3,3 16,080 559,417	2,329,819 13,593,443 3,84),513 969,125 25,646	4,703,348 5,37¢,047 4,874,999 1,397,436 93,848
Motel cents 90 949 500	u 482 183	20 708 888	164414 9

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ading Feb. 15, 1896, are shown in the annexed statement:

Baports from-	Wheat,	Corn,	bhis.	bush.	Bye,	Peas,
New York	580,624	278,898	1(8,394	76,051	*******	50,120
Boston	188,191	60,201	58,138			1,600
Portland		46,003	13,225		******	10,297
Philadelphia		216,314	17,167			**** ***
Baltimore	22,800	718,655	74,184	******		800
New Orleans	2,100	1,210,348	6,278	80		
Norfolk	*****	334,446	536	****		*******
Newport News	*******	321,541	17,484	50,000	*******	
Montreal	******	******		*******		
Total week	744,215	3,181,498	289,349 189,355	128,131		68,817 23,826

The destination of these exports for the week and since Sept. 1, 1895, is as below. We add the totals for the corresponding periods of last year for comparison:

Flour,				- Corn.		
Exports for week and since Sept. 1 to— United Kingdom		Since Sept. 1, 1895, bbls. 4,141,769	Week Feb. 15. bush. 509,904	Since Sept. 1, 1895, bush. 15,863,118	Week Feb. 15, bush. 1,627,939	Since Sept. 1, 1895. bush. 26,865,467
Continent 8. & C. America West Indies Brit. N. A. Cci's.	25,464	535,939 703,187 547,452 187,994	231,911 2,400	5,987,335 11,106 3,500 3,600	1,364,599 17,131 13,194 16,387	17,607,686 273,706 369,591 233,071
Other countries.	289,342	6,193,841	744,915	453,200 22,311,853	3,181,496	331,596 45,681,418

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, Feb. 15, 1896, was as follows:

Wheat,	Corn.	Oats.	Rye,	Barley,
In store at bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
New York 4,227,000 Do affort 461,000	427,000	1,805,000	25,000	115,000
	46,000	225,000	*******	167,000
Buffalo 2346.000	15,000	99,000	421,000	1,637,000
Buffalo 2,346,000 Do afloat 259,000	107,000	223,000	431,000	250,000
	3,529,000	985,000	311,000	21,000
Do affoat 148,000	3,512,000	669,000	311,000	
Milwankee 418,000	2,000	000,000	204,000	37,000
Do affoat 176,000	4,000	120,000	201,000	01,000
	84,000	882,000	178,000	152,000
Do affost 512,000	04,000	004,000	110,000	202,000
Toledo 7z8,000	524,000	117,000	126,000	*** ***
	088,000	111,000	120,000	******
Detroit \$06,000	23,000	12,000	9,000	9,000
Do atloat	20,000	1.0000		
Oswego	*******	*******	*******	90,000
St. Louis 1,304,000	445,000	GC 6,000	5,000	0,000
Do affoat	124,000	0.0000	*******	
Cincinnati 17,000	6,000	25,000	28,000	74,000
Boston 599,000	304.000	12,000	204000	
Toronto 27,000	4	70,000	1000 **	21,000
Montreal 588,000	7,000	197,000	3,000	57,000
Philadelphia 458,000	715,000	86,000	******	
Peoria 10,000	250,000	244,000	4,000	
Indianapolis 113,000	8.000	*** ****		*******
Kansas City 1,402,000	5,000	33,000	27,000	******
Baltimore 141,000	1.587,000	49,000	94,000	
Minneapolis90,094,000	61,000	545,000	120,000	242,000
On Mississippi River	168,000	****	*******	
On Lakes	*******		******	*******
On canal and river	8,000	12,000	******	
Total Feb. 15, 1896.65,927,000	11,960,000	6,956,000	1,553,000	2,295,000
Total Feb. 8, 1896.46,119,000	12,174,000	6,540,000	1,554,000	2,562,000
Total Feb. 16, 1895,80,784,000	12,651,000	6,932,000	353,000	1,665,00
Total Feb. 17, 1894.78.664,000	17,787,000	3,280,000	547,000	1,372,000
Total Feb. 18, 1893,80,216,000	14,705,000	5,687,000	917,000	1,908,000

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, P. M., February 21, 1896.

There has been rather more business doing in the cotton goods market this week, but the increase has been of modified extent, and more in response to open reductions in quotations last week and this than the adoption of a freer policy on the part of buyers generally. The market is passing through a period of price revisions marking the limit to which the recent sagging tendency has carried values in different lines of merchandise. Buyers may be unsettled to some extent by these changes and may be awaiting further developments, but their continued inactivity is also due in part to the slow progress the money market has made towards normal rates for commercial paper. Accommodation is still difficult to secure and this cramps any innate disposition which might, under more favorable conditions, find expression in freer provision for future requirements. The attendance of buyers this week has been considerable, but their attention has been confided chiefly to specialty and jobbing houses. There has been a dull market for men's-wear woolens and worsteds, in which prices are still irregular. Some improveworsteds, in which prices are still irregular. Some improve-ment in collections has been reported this week.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS—The exports of cotton goods from the port for the week ending February 17 were 799 packages, valued at \$51,870, their destination being to the points specified in the tables below:

NEW YORK TO FEB. 17.	-	1898.	1895.		
MAW TORK TO PED. 17.	Week	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1	
Great Britain. Other European. China India. Arabia. Arabia. Mexico. Mexico. Contral America. Boath America. Other Countries.	9 45 24 235 35 34 258 159	254 993 11,051 1,976 700 2,021 2,113 327 1,133 6,632 5,51	61 17 150 415 22 82 2,527 16	461 238 3,595 418 3,828 2,062 2,620 403 1,188 9,247 555	
TotalChina, via Vancouver*	799	27,751 2,532	3,290	24,615 1,000	
Total	799	30.293	3.290	25.615	

om New England mill points direct.

The value of the New York exports for the year has een \$1,282,596 in 1896 against \$1,127,790 in 1895.

The value of the New York exports for the year has been \$1,325,596 in 1896 against \$1,127,790 in 1895.

The demand for brown sheetings and drills has again been disappointing, as, although inquiries and bids are numerous, actual sales have been of limited extert. Prices continue decidedly irregular and in favor of buyers. Brown ducks and osnaburgs inactive and irregular. Bleached cottons in all grades are selling quietly and the response to the new prices has hardly come up to sellers' expectations. Wi is sheetings have been generally reduced some 10 per cent and sales have been made more freely than of late. In coarse colored cottons reductions ranging from \$4c\$, to \$4c\$, in denims, checks and stripes, cheviots and low-grade ticks have been recorded, but so far the general demand has not been stimulated to any extent. In other directions staple goods have continued dull and in favor of buyers. Fancy calicoes and other regular prints have been ordered more generally this week, but individual purchases are still moderate. Specialties are fair sellers. Staple ginghams have sold in considerable quantities at reduced prices; dress styles inactive and irregular. A sale of print cluths at Rooton is reported at 2 11-16c. for 61 squares but at Fall River 2%c. still reported, without business.

Hock of Print Otoliss-*

Hock of Print Otoliss-*

**End St. 1895.*

**Hock of Print Otoliss*-*

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Stock of Print Cloths- Feb. 15.	1895.	1894.	1893.
	Feb. 16.	Feb. 17.	Feb. 18.
At Providence, 64 squares201,000	86,000	179,000	None.
At Fall River, 64 squares440,000	23,000	250,000	
At Pall River, odd sizes353,000	99,000	58,000	None.

Potal stock (pieces)... ...937,000 208,000 WOOLEN GOODS.—The conservatism of buyers of men's-ear woolen and worsted fabrics for fall continues marked. wear woolen and worsted fabrics for fall continues marked. The orders coming to band this week have represented but a limited amount of really new business, a number of them being but placing elsewhere orders placed with other firms previously and canceled as buyers have found new and cheaper lines put before them. Prices show considerable irregularity in goods from 60c. to \$1 25 in both piece-dyed varieties and in fancy cassimeres and cheviots under force of competition of this kind. Clay worsteds continue dull and unsatisfactory in both domestic and foreign lines. High-grade fancy worsteds are steady. Satinets inactive, as are cotton mixed goods generally. Cloakings are attracting more attention in fall lines but overceatings continue dull and irregular. Dress goods generally steady with a moderate business. Blankets selling fairly well for new season at firm prices. Flannels quietly steady. Drey Goods.—Specialties have been in fair de-

FOREIGN DRY GOODS. - Specialties have been in fair demand in imported goods, novelties in ribbons, silks and dress goods attracting considerable attention from small buyers. Staple lines quiet. Fall business also quiet. only a moderate number of importation orders being recorded in dress goods, silks, men's-wear fabrics, etc.

Importations and Warehouse Withdrawals of Dry Goods The importations and warehouse withdrawals of dry goods at this port for the week ending Feb. 20, 1896, and since January 1, 1896, and for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows:

Cotton 508 Bilk 198 Fink 322 Fink 136 Total 1,894 Ent/dforeonsumpt 23,091				Totalmarketed 25,00	Total withdr'w'ls 1,97; Ent'dforconsumpt 23,09	Miscellaneous		Wool. 82	1	Total 28,091	Oction 3.1(9) 811k 2.521 Flax 2.880 Misoellaneous 10.398	-	Feb. 21, 1895. Since Jan. 1, 1855. Feb. 20, 1896.
91 4,078,222		201,813 6 115,666 115,242 97,242 62,119 14,116	MPORTS SHTERED	25,063 4,628,626	72 550,404 91 4,078,222	11,522			WARRIOUSE WITHDRAWALS THROWN	1 4,078,222	9 +13,863 1,210,991 443,617 8 576,808	1	b. 21, 1895.
2101000	17 990	6,409 4,235 1,976 2,340 3,030	FOR	98,7	25,594 173,153	1,934	2,094	14,905	THDRAWA	173,153	16,815 11,504 14,438 104,575	Page.	Since Jan.
_	4,219,309	1,599,399 1,022,296 1,025,619 423,912 179,084	WARRIOUSE DURING SAME PERIOD.	27,828,985	7,092,686 20,730,199	152,497	1,086,057	4,354,016	IN THROWN	20,736,299	7,07#,388 3,880,1#5 4,847,066 2,945,278 2,687,457	Vaine.	n. 1, 1885.
	1,348 27,196	335 478 101 177 254	TRING 6.	29,586	27,196	433			UPON THE	27,196	2,508 2,160 1,203 1,841 19,492	Pkgs.	Feb.
	350,867 2,460,271	110,944 116,668 45,131 37,133 40,991	ME PERIO	29,586 3,019,335	589,084 2,460,271	31,043	\$7,987	258,627	IS MARKET	27,196 2,460,271	710,771 484,592 564,795 317,836 382,677	Vaine	20, 1896.
	18,31 6 170,786	8.697 4.020 1.368 2.285 1,986	D.	190,883	20,097	3,162	1.700	7.984	•	170,786	18.482 14.442 5.801 12.296 116,775	Page.	Minos Jan.
	4,900,711	2,482,532 998,456 663,802 443,996 311,925	- Change	22,541,069	5,107,474 17,483,595	493.439 339,306	1,063,755	2,322,977		17,483,595	2,115,339 2,638,658	Vaine	1896 AND 1895. Since Jan. 1, 1896

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STATE AND CITY DEPARTMENT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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the purpose of this State and City Department is to furnish our subscribers with a weekly addition to and continuation of the STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT. In other words, with the new facts we shall give, the amplifications and corrections we shall publish, and the municipal laws we shall analyze in the "State and City Department," we expect to bring down weekly the information contained in the STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT to as near the current date as possible. Hence every Subscriber will at all times possess a complete and fresh cyclopædia of information respecting Municipal Debts.

Far Rockaway, N. Y .- Bond Injunction -The Far Rockaway 5 per cent gold sewer bonds for \$75,000, which were advertised for sale on the 13th instant, were not marketed, as a temporary injunction was obtained restraining their issue.

The order was served on all the members of the Sewer Board and on the Treasurer of the village. The action is brought by a taxpayer under the law to prevent waste of village funds. It is stated that the Sewer Board has proceeded irregularly in many of its acts, that it has no power to lay its pipes in some of the streets of Bayswater, that no proceedings have ever been taken to condemn a right of way, and that the village has exceeded the constitutional limit of bonded indebtedness of 10 per cent on the valuation of property, and upon the further ground that Lawrence T. Mulhearp and J. Carl Schmuck have ceased to become members of the Board of Sewer Commissioners by reason of having removed from the village of Far Rockaway.

The securities were to be dated Feb. 1, 1896, interest pay able semi-annually on February 1 and August 1, at United States Mortgage & Trust Co., New York City, and the p incipal to mature February 1, 1916. The bonds were to be suthenticated by a certificate signed by the U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co. The present bonded debt of the village is officially reported as \$12,000 and the assessed valuation is \$2,-

Hamilton Co., Ohio. - The Ohio Senate passed a bill providing for the creation of a county sinking fund in Hamilton County to pay for bonds and authorizing the County Commissioners to issue refunding bonds to take up maturing bonds for the redemption of which no provision has been made.

Silver City, N. M .- Repudiation .- We are informed on good authority that the total debt of the town of Silver City, N. M., which has voted to repudiate, is \$5),000. The bonds were issued in 1883 to run for 30 years and bear 7 per cent interest. Of the total amount of bonds \$46,000 were issued in aid of the Silver City Railroad and 34,000 for water works. The valuation of the town is about \$850,000 and the population in 1890 was 2,103, now variously estimated between 2,100 and 3,000. The valuation of Grant County, in which Silver City is located, was \$3,583,303 for 1895. sound Proposals and Negotiations.—We have received through the week the following notices of bonds recently negotiated and bonds offered and to be offered for

Atlantic City, N. J —Bond Sale.—On February 17 Atlantic City 4½ per cent water bonds to the amount of \$100,000 were awarded to Messrs. E. D. Shepherd & Co. of New York City for a premium of \$1,770.

Interest will be payable semi annually in March and September, and the principal will mature in 30 years, the bonds to be free from taxation. The city's debt, exclusive of this issue, is about \$875,000, and its assessed valuation is about \$18,000,000. The permanent population, according to local figures, is 20,000, offering —Processle will be received.

Augusta, Ga.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until March 12, 1893, at 12 m, by Mayor W. B. Young, for the purchase of \$55,000 of 4½ per cent refunding bonds. The securities will be dated April 1, 1893, interest will be payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, and the principal will mature April 1, 1928.

Bluffton, Ohio.—Bond Sale.—It is reported that \$17,000 of ater-works bonds of Bluffton have recently been sold for

Binghamton, N. Y.—Bonds Proposed.—Bonds to the amount of \$250,000 will probably be issued for the construction of a ervoir.

Reservoir.

Boise City, Idaho—Bond Sale.—On Feb. 10, 1896, Arch. Cunningham, City Clerk, sold \$35,000 of coupon sidewalk bonds to W. J. Hayes & Sons of Cleveland at par, interest to be at the rate of 6 per cent per annum. The securities will be dated April 1, 1896, and interest will be payable annually. They will not of the decomination of \$500 each and will mature at the rate of one-seventh yearly, both principal and interest to be payable in lawful money of the United States at the office of the City Treasurer or at the Fourth National Bank, New York, at the option of the bolder. the bolder.

A statement of the city's financial condition on Jan. 1, 1896, as published in the CHRONICLE of Feb. 8, page 286.

was published in the Chronicle of Feb. 8, page 236.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 12 o'clock, noon, March 9, 1896, by George W. Palmer, City Comptroller, for the purchase of \$205,555 of 3½ per cent registered water bonds maturing March 12, 1916; \$60,000 of 3½ per cent registered consolidated stock, issued for the completion of the improvement of the terminal facilities of the New York & Brooklyn Bridge, and maturing March 12, 1926, and \$40,000 of 3½ per cent registered memorial monument bonds, \$10,000 payable yearly from January 1, 1924 to January 1, 1927. Interest on the loans will be payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1, both principal and interest to be payable in gold. Payment of purchase money is to be made March 12, 1896, at which time the bonds will be dated. The securities are exempt from all taxation except for State purposes. except for State purposes.

Calhoun County, Texas,—This county has sold the \$14,000 of jail bonds which we recently mentioned as having been approved by the Attorney General.

Castleton Union Free School District, No. 3, N. Y .- Bond Offering .- Proposals will be received until Feb. 27, 1898, at 8 P. M., by the Board of Education of this district, for the purchase of \$75,000 of 5 per cent school building bonds. The securities will be dated May 1, 1893, interest will be payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1, and the principal will mature at the rate of \$3,000 yearly, payable January first of each year from the date of the bonds.

Further information regarding this bond issue will be found in the official advertisement elsewhere in this Department.

Charlotta, N. C.—Bonds Authorized.—An election held February 18, 1898, on issuing \$330,000 of water-works and sewerage binds resulted in favor of the proposition. No further action will be taken in the matter before Misrch 1. The bonds will bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent, payable semi-annually and will run 30 years.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Bonds Proposed.—It is reported that bonds to the amount of \$150,000 are under consideration for a garbage disposal plant.

garbage disposal plant.

Grand Ra 1da, Mich.—Bond Offering.—On February 17, 1896, Frank D. Warren, C ty Clerk, received bids for the purchase of \$150,000 of 4 per cent electric-light plant coupon bonds as given below. The securities were awarded to R. Kleybolte & Co., Cincinnati. They are dated May 7, 1894, interest is payable semi-annually on May 7 and November 7 at the Fourth National Bank, New York, the coupons maturing November 7, 1894, and May 7 and November 7, 1895, to be canceled and retained by the city, and the principal will mature May 7, 1914. The city's bonded debt, aside from the above-mentioned issue, consists of \$387,000 of water-works bonds, \$150,000 of City Hall bonds, \$343,000 of school bonds, \$150,000 of special bonds, and \$325,000 of street improvement bonds, payable by special assessment; total \$1,835,000; sinking fund, \$25,000. The assessed valuation in 1895 of real estate was \$2,470,000; personal property, \$5,530,000; total \$26,000,000; actual value personal property, \$5,530,000; total \$26,000,000; actual value over \$100,000,000. The city owns school-houses, engine-houses, parks, &c., valued at \$4,000,000. The population at present is stimated at 90,000.

Spitzer & Co., Toledo	\$151,937
Seasongood & Mayer, Cincinnati	153,900
Warran Lauch & Co Chicago	154.973
Wleybolte & Co., Cincinnati (sold to)	100,240.39
Mason, Lewis & Co., Unicago	19,961 01
S. A. Kean & Co., Chicago	130,730
Rlodget, Merritt & Co., Boston	192,909.90
Storra, Smith & Co., New York.	133.76
Estabrook & Co., Boston	134,640
Deltz. Denison & Prior, Cleveland	93,849
J. W. Longstreet & Co., Boston.	150,800
Roberts & Co., New York	154,155
Blake Bros. & Co., New York	154,335
N. W. Harris & Co., Chicago	154,170
Walter Stanton & Co., New York	151,165.30
Lamprecht Bro 4. & Co., Cleveland	153,183
W. J. Haves & Sons, Cleveland.	15 ,930
R. L. Day & Co., Boston	154,797

Jefferson County, Tex.—Bonds Authorized.—Five per cent refunding bonds of this county to the amount of \$46,000 will be issued.

Jermyn, Pa. — Bond Election.—A vote will be tak∻n March 24 on issing bonds for water-works.

Knox County, Mo.—Bond Call.—A call has been made for the payment of funding railroad bonds of Knox County, dated September 15, 1894, and numbered from 1 to 34 and from 37 to 50 inclusive, payable September 15, 1899, and redeemable after one year from date; also for the payment of all coupons on Knox County funding bonds numbered from 1 to 259 inclusive, dated September 15, 1894, and due March 15, 1895. They will be paid at the American Exchange Bank of St. Louis, Mo., on February 23, 1896, at which time interest will cease. interest will cease.

Lowell, Mass.—Bonds Authorized.—3 the amount of \$200.0 m have been voted. -School-house bonds to

Mill adgeville, Ga.—Bond Sale.—Oa Feb. 3, 1896, City Treasur r P. L Fair received the following bids for the purchase of \$22,000 of 6 per cent city bonds: Lamprecht Bros. Co., Cieveland, 104 00: Burr & Kuapp. Bridgepert, Conn., 100-51; Bank of the State of Georgia, Savannah, Ga. 100 50. Local bids ranging from 100 to 103 were received for portions of the loan. The securities will be dated Dec. 1, 1895, interest will be payable annually on Dec. 1, and the principal will mature at the rate of \$100 yearly for 20 years from date and \$19,100 in 30 years.

Milivale Borough School District, Pa.—Bond Offering.— Proposals will be received until 5 o'clock P. M., February 27, 1896, by A. Robt. England, Pittsburg, Pa., for the purchase of \$9,000 of 49-10 per cent bonds. Interest will be payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 and the principal will mature at the rate of \$1,000 yearly, commencing March 1 1901.

Mount Vernon, N. Y.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 8 o'clock P. M. March 3, 1896, by the Common Council, for the purchase of \$10,000 of 5 per cent tax relief bonds, maturing March 1, 1899, and \$36,000 of 5 per cent assessment bonds maturing March 1, 1902. The securities will be dated March 1, 1896, and interest will be payable semi-annually, both principal and interest of the loans to be payable at the office of the City Treasurer. The bonds will be delivered to the purchasers on March 5, 1896.

Newark, Ohio.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be re-ceived until February 29, 1896, by C. S. Brady, City Clerk, for the purchase of \$17,000 of paving bonds.

New Brighton, N. Y.—Bonds Authorized.—Bonds to the amount of \$75,000 have been authorized for the erection of a new school building.

new school building.

Pella, Iowa—Bond Sale.—The following proposals were received on February 15, 1896, by John Faassen, City Clerk, for the purchase of \$5,000 of 5 per cent water-works bonds: Deitz, Denison & Prior bid par, accrued interest and premium \$3; Farson, Leach & Co. bid par and premium \$50; Mason, Lewis & Co. bid par and premium \$50; Mason, Lewis & Co. bid par and interest less \$75; S. A. Kean bid par and blank bonds; W. J. Hayes & Sons bid par and blank bonds; Lamprecht Bros. Co. bid par; James W. Longstreet bid par less \$2 per cent. The securities are dated April 1, 1895. interest is payable semi-annually in April and O xober, and the principal will mature April 1, 1915, with an option of call after April 1, 1905. If the water supply is to be taken from a well now being drilled, \$14,000 or more additional bonds will be sold.

The city's bonded debt is at present only \$500. Its accessed

will be sold.

The city's bonded debt is at present only \$500. Its assessed valuation (which is about ¼ of actual value) for 1895 was \$414,145; total tax per \$1.000, \$39 75. The population, according to local figures, is 2,626.

Pitt-ylva ia County, Va.—Bond Sale,—It is reported this county has recently sold \$75,000 of bonds at 105.37%. -Bond Sale,-It is reported that

this county has recently sold \$75,000 of bonds at 105.375%.

Preston, Mion.—Bond Offering.—Proposals will be received until 8 o'clock P. M. March 10, 1890, at the office of M. R. Todd, Mayor, for the purchase of \$18,000 of 5 per cent water works and electric light bonds. Interest will be payable annually and \$6,000 of the principal will mature in 10 years with an option of call after 5 years, \$6,000 in 15 years with an option of call after 10 years and \$6,000 in 20 years with an option of call after 15 years. Principal and interest will be payable at the office of the County Treasurer. Six thousand dollars of the loan will be issued April 1, 1896, \$6,000 June 1, 1896, and \$6,000 August 1, 1896. Should payment of principal not be made on presentation of the bonds when due they will continue to draw interest at the same rate as given above.

Salem, Overon—No Election.—City Recorder E. N. Edes reports to the CHRONICLE that the report to the effect that the city of Salem would vote on park and cemetery bonds is

Sharon, Wis.—Bonds Authorized.—Bonds of this munici-pality have been voted for water-works.

South Glens Falls, N. Y.—Bond Offering.—On March 4th, 1896, at 2 P. M. \$50,000 of 4 per cent water bonds of this village will be offered for sale at public auction by the Village Clerk at Sewart's Hall. The securities will be dated Feb. 1, 1896, interest will be payable semi-annually on Feb. 1 and August 1 at the First National Bank of Glens Falls and the principal will mature Feb. 1, 1916.

Stafford Co., Va.—Bonds Authorized.—It is reported this county has been authorized to issue refunding bonds.

this county has been authorized to issue retun ling bonds.

Washington County, Me —Bond Sale.—On February 12, 1896, this county sold \$25,000 of 4 per cent coup in bonds to Swan & Barrett, of Portland, Me., at 102 37. Five other bids were received as follows: E. C. Stanwood & Co., 101-77; E. H. Rollins & Sons, 101 59; Farson, Leach & Co., 101-55; S. D. Leavitt, 100; J. E. Boutelle, 100. This issue is in part payment of a subscription made by the county to the preferred stock of the Washington County ?aitoad Company, the amount of the subscription being \$500,000. The securities are dated January 1, 1896, interest is payable semi-annually, and the principal will mature in 20 years, both principal and interest to be payable at the Boylston National Bank, Biston, Mass. The bonds will be delivered some time this mouth, at the pleasure of the County Commissioners, and shall bear interest from date of such delivery.

West Mexandria. Ohio.—Bonds Proposed.—Water-works

West Alexandria, Ohio.—Bonds Proposed.—Water-works bonds of this village to the amount of \$20,000 are under consideration.

West Chicago, III.—Bond Sa'e.—Six bids were received on February 18, 1896, for the parch as of \$6 10,000 of 5 per cent park bonds as foll) ws:

	emium,
Mason, Lowis & Co., Chicago	\$10,365
William J. Case & Son, Cleveland, O	1,517
First National Bank, Chicago	9,450
Farson, Leach & Co., hiosgo	
New York Security & Trust Co., New York	7,030

Yeadon, Pa.—Bonds Voted.—On February 18 the citizens of Yeadon voted in favor of issuing sewer bonds for \$25,000. No further action will be taken in the matter until after the organizing of the newly-elected Borough Council on March 1. The present debt of the borough is \$6,040 30. The assessed valua ion for 1895, which is about one third ac tual value, was \$533,000; total tax (per \$1,000), \$10 50.

STATE AND CITY DEBT CHANGES.

We subjoin reports as to municipal debts received since the last publication of our STATE AND CITY SUPPLEMENT. Some of these reports are wholly new and others cover items of information additional to those given in the SUPPLEMENT and of interest to investors.

Cincinnati, Ohio. - John A. Caldwell, Mayor. The following statement regarding the finances of the city of Cincinnati has been corrected to January 1, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from D. W. Brown, City Auditor.

LOANS-	-Interest.	Princi	pal.
NAME AND PURPOSE.	Rate. Payable.	When Due.	Outstand's
Avenue bonds	4 J&D	June 1, 1912	\$55,000
	Subject to call after	June 1, 1902	•
Bowlder pavements	1893 4 J & D	June 1, 1912	*150,000
***************************************	Subject to call after	June 1, 1902	
Cincinnati South. R'y	1872 7 J & J	July 1, 1902	*501,500
do do	1872 7.3 J & J	July 1, 1902	7,869,000
do do	1876 6g. M & N	May 1, 1906	2,890,000
do do		May 1, 1906	1,935,000
do do		Nov. 1, 1908	839,000
do do	1879 6 F & A	Aug. 1, 1909	920,000
City hall 10-20s	1887 4 J & D	June 1, 1907	700,000
	Subject to call	June 1, 1897	
do do		June 1, 1908	300,000
		June 1, 1898	
do do	4 J&D	June 1, 1909	*250,000
	Subject to call	June 1, 1899	
do do	1892 4 J & D	June 1, 1911	*325,000
	Subject to call after		
Con. sink. fund 30-50s,	1880 5 M & N	May 1, 1930	1,332,000
	Subject to call after	May 1, 1910	
do do	1881 4 J&J		988,000
	Subject to call after		
	4 J & J	July 1, 1941	40,000
Deficiency 10-20s		May 1, 1905	**462,500
	Subject to call after		
Egglest. Ave. sewer, Leti		Oct. 1, 1899	99,000
Fire Bonds	1888 4 J & D	June 1, 1908	150,000
Funding		May 15, 1904	995,000
Fund. and Canal, Let. A		May 1, 1897	*171,500
Funding debt, Letter L.	6 J&J	Jan. 1, 1900	60,000
Gen.l deficiency 10-20s.	4 J & D	June 1, 1901	**499,500
	Subject to call at an		

1.0	ANS-	_	-Inte	rest.	_	_	_	-Prin	cipal.	
NAME A	ND PURPOSE.	Ro	te P	ayab	le.	Wh	en	Due.	Dutstan	d'g
Mosnita	, 1867, Letter 8	7:	3 J	& D	Ji	ane	1.	1897	\$500	.00
do	1868, Letter 82	73	M			ov.	1.	1898	250	
do	1876. Letter 83	. 7						1906	50	.00
Liberty !	Street viaduct	4	J	& D	J	ine	1.	1939	*68	,000
		Sub	ject t	o ca	II Ju	me .	1,	1929		
Mc Lean	Ave. sewer, Let.U2	5	M	& N	M	ay	1,	1909	*35	
do	do do	6	M	& N	15	399	F	1904		,000
Orphan i	sylum, registered	6	M	ac B	M	ar. 1	1,	1908	100	
Pavemer	it		look t	& D	11 To	me	1,	$\frac{1905}{1895}$	**2,000	,000
			Jeet 1	& D	H JI	me .	1,	1908	105	000
do	**************		Noot	to or	11 1	uno	1,	1898	125,	000
		4						1909	150,	000
do								1899	100,	000
40			J	& D	Ju	ina	i.	1910	*150,	000
do	****************	Sub	leet t	o ea	II Ju	ine	î.	1900	100,	000
do		4	J	& D	Ju	ine	î.	1911	*450,	000
ae		Sub	iect t	o ca	ll Ju	ine	1.	1901	200,	000
do			J	& D	Ju	me '	ī.	1912	*450.	000
40		Sub	ject t	o ca	ll Ju	ine :	ī.	1902	200,	
do		4	J	& D	Ju	ne :	1,	1914	*200,	000
		Subj	ect to	cal	l Ju	ne 1		1904		
sewer &	Gilbert Av., R.&U.	7.3	M	& B	Se	pt.1	5,	1899	\$299,	000
Street im	provement	5	semi	l-an	§ Vi	ario	us	dates	427.	663
off oce In	provement		*		(18	96	to	1905	450	
Trunk se	wer	4	J	Z D	Ju	ne l	١,	1929	*50,	000
	Subje								200	000
do	1893 Subj		9 0	ofte	JI.	ine i	1,	1932	300,	JUU
Tr. in amak	Totton HO	7	o car	A	A	ine i	٠,	1922	73.	000
Umversi	rks, Letter H2 Letter C5	Á	T	R I	Tu	102 1	,	1019	*100,	
Waterwa	eks Letter C5	7	F	G A	Aı	10 1	,	1897	300,	
Waterwo	Letter F	6	A	& O	Oc	t 1	5	1900	100,	
do	Letter K	6	J	6 D	Ju	nel	5	1900	75,	
do		4	J	E D	Ju	ne 1	.,	1911	*200,	000
uo	Subje		call	afte	r Ju	ne 1		1901	200,	000
Viaduct b	onds	4	3 .	& D	Ju	ne 1	1.	1922	*350,	000
	Subje	et to	call	afte	r Ju	ne 1	l.	1912		
Workhou	se imp., 1893	4	3 6	k D	Ju	ne 1		1923	*100,6	000
	ALUE OF BONDS									

thus * are, in whole or in part, \$500 pieces. Bonds marked thus ** are in whole or in part, \$100 pieces, or uneven amounts. All other issues in \$1,000 pieces. INTEREST on the water bonds of the issues lettered F and K and

on the refunding and canal bonds letters A and A2 is payable by the City Treasurer; interest on the street improvement bonds, funding issue of 1874, hospital letter 83, orphan asylum 6s, workhouse and infirmary 4s, and water bonds D1 is payable at the Bank of America in

New York; on all other issues interest is payable at the Am Exchange National Bank of New York.

TOTAL DEBT, SINKING FUND, ETC.—The subjoined statement shows Cincinnati's total municipal debt (inclusive of water debt), the sinking fund held by the city against the same, and the water debt, on the 1st of January of each of the last four years.

1896.	1895.	1894.	1893.
Tot. bonded debt. \$28,087,000	\$28,757,000	\$31,619,558	\$30,787,143
Sinking fund 2,621,133	2,196,873	5,379,347	4,709,653
Net debt\$25,465,867	\$26,560,127 \$1,725,000	\$26,240,191 \$1,625,000	\$26,077,490

There were outstanding on Jan. 1,1896, street bonds to the amount of \$2,463,288.87 payable by special assessment and not included in the above statement of total debt. Of this amount bonds to the amount of \$2,035,625.86 were held by the sinking fund, these being applicable to the payment of the general bonds. The amount of these bonds outstanding on Jan. 1, 1891, was \$1,850,660; on Jan. 1, 1890, it was \$2,120,245.

CITY PROPERTY.—The city owns the entire stock of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad. The rental received for the road is \$1,100,000 till 1901 and then \$1,250,000 till 1906, when lease expires. water-works pay the interest on all water bonds and an annual sinking fund of \$76,712, being for 1895 \$136,212.

ASSESSED VALUATION, ETc.—The city's net debt, assessed ation and tax rate, for the past fifteen years has been as follows;

Years.	Net Debt.	Assessed Val'n.	Tax per \$1,000
1895	\$25,465,867	\$188,484,880	828-32
1894	26,560,127	188,129,540	28.32
1893	26,240,191	188,751,350	27.24
1892		188.944.480	27.40
1891		185,001,420	28.40
1890		177,773,240	26.66
1889	24,913,689	174,837,240	26.80
1888		174,837,240	26.80
1887		174,537,847	27.68
1886		171,950,031	25.44
1885		170,086,968	26.86
1884		169,534,192	25.56
1883		169,925,286	20.50
1882		166,986,105	23.82
1881		161,404,393	22-20
1880		167,535,356	31.00

NEW LOANS.

\$75,000 CASTLETON, N. Y.,

5% SCHOOL BONDS.

NOTICE OF SALE OF BONDS.

Union Free School District No. 3. Castle-ton, Richmond County, N. Y.

Pursuant to the authority and direction of a Special District meeting duly held in and for Union Free Scholmond State 2. New 1 or a detection of the Scholmond State 2. New 1 or a detection in the Scholmond State 2. New 1 or a detection in and or said Union Free School District will offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder the bonds of said District in the sum of \$75, '00 (seventy-five thousand dollars). Scaled bids therefore addressed to the Board of Stucation and marked bid for bonds will be received and or ened at the Board oroom of said Board or Education and marked bid for bonds will be received and or ened at the Board oroom of said Board or Education and marked bid for bonds will be received and or ened at the Board room of said Board or Education. Each bid must be for the entire issue. Bonds will be of the d nomin.tion of One Thousand Dellars each, with interest coupons attached, or registered as purchaser shall choose, and shall bear interest at the rate of two-or cent per annum payaboan and Bollars each, with interest coupons attached, or registered as purchaser shall choose, and shall bear interest at the rate of two-or cent per annum payaboan and Bollars and Bollars on the first day of January in each year, will be numbered from 1 to 75 incusive, and shall be payable in regular numerical order commencing at number 1.

Bonds will bear date and be delivered on May 1, 1886, at the Board room of said Board of Education, say the first interest, their growing the months) will be delivered on the Board of Education as guarantee of the performance of the contract and for the acceptance of the bids. Cost of engraving bonds will be charkeable to and These bonds are issued pursuant to the provisions of the Consolidated School Laws of the State of New of the Consolidated School Laws of the State of New of the Consolidated School Laws of the State of New of the Consolidated School Laws of the State of New of the Consolidated School Laws of the State of New of the Consolidated School Laws of the State of New

onds.
These bonds are issued pursuant to the provisions the Consolidated School Laws of the State of New ork, for the purpose of erecting and constructing a sw school house on the present site in said Union rec School District.

The Board reserves the right to award the bonds to the Board reserves the right to award the bonds to the Board of Edution and the School Board of Edution and the School Board of Edutions.

ation.

Dated February 13, 18'6.

Gard of Education, Union Free School District No.

3, Castleton, Richmond County, New York.

JOHN SEATON, President.

C. H. Van Buren & Co., BANKERS AND BROKERS, 62 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

STOCKS, - BONDS, And High-Grade |Investment Securities. Circular Letter, including list of selected Bonds, Mailed Free.

NEW LOANS.

\$75,000

6% REFUNDING BONDS,

Maturing 20 years from March 1, 1896

Coupons payable March and September 1st at the American Exchange National Bank, New York City.

Assessed Valuation, \$4,937,917.

This Issue is the Only Debt. 60,000. POPULATION

The Flourishing City of Danville is in this County. Population 17,000.

Price and Particulars upon Application.

E. D. Shepard & Co.,

3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK. FOR SALE BY

MASON, LEWIS & CO., BANKERS.

171 La Salle St., CHICAGO.

MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD

BONDS And all Local Securities Bought and Sold.

NEW YORK BROOKLYN AND JER SEY CITY BONDS A SPECIALTY.

W. E. R. SMITH, 16 BROAD STREET. NEW YORK

BENWELL & EVERITT, hermerhorn Building, 6 WALL ST. MUNICIPAL ISSUES IN THE STATES OF NEW YORK & NEW JERSEY

NEW LOANS.

\$355,000 Pittsylvania County, Va., 5% GOLD FUNDING BONDS

OF THE

Territory of Arizona,

(REGISTERED OR COUPON.)

Dated Jan. 15, 1896. Due Jan. 15, 1946. (Option of payment after 20 years).

DENOMINATION - \$1,000.

Interest payable Jan. and July 15.

Principal and Coupons payable at the

Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

For prices and particulars address

A C. FROST & CO.,

108 LA SALLE STREET. CHICAGO.

BONDS.

Terre Haute, Ind., Refunding4	8
Kalamazoo, Mich., Electric-Light4	
Logan, Ohio, Refunding4	
Richmond, Ind., Street Improvement 6	×
Richmond, Ind., Refunding	8
Toledo, Ohio, Street Improvement 4%	ā
Toledo, Ohio, Street Improvement	8
Rand Hill, Ohio, Water 5	
Asteria, Oregon, Water, (Gold) 5	
Charlevoix, Mich . Refunding	
Waco, Texas, Street Improvement	
Cornicana, Texas, Sewer	
Mitchell, Ind., Electric Light	۰
Dearborn County, Ind., Funding	
Bluffton, Ohio, Water Works	

FOR SALE BY

Rudolph Kleybolte & Co. BANKERS. CINCINNATI, O.

ROBERTS BROS.,

INVESTMENT BANKERS,

State, County, City, School Bonds,
Warrants and Loans,
NETTING 5 TO S PER CENT.

L. S. ROBERTS.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

d

The assessed valuation of real estate in 1895 was \$147,926,860; of personal property was \$40,558,020; total as given in table above. city's tax rate in 1895 was made up of State tax, \$2.75; county tax \$4.01; city tax proper, \$17.33, and school tax, \$4.23.

The net debt in 1875 was \$17,325,500; in 1870 it was \$4,883,000; in 1860 it was \$3,782,000, and in 1850 it was \$1,840,000.

POPULATION.-In 1890 population was 296,908; in 1880 it was 255,139; in 1870 it was 216,239.

Rochester, N. Y.-George E. Warner, Mayor. The follow ing statement regarding the finances of the city of Rochester has been correct d to Jan. 20, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from S. B. Williams, Treasurer.

Rochester is the county seat of Monroe County.

Modester is the cour	BA O	7681	OL	BEU	moe County.
LOANS-	I	nter	rest	-	Principal
NAME AND PURPOSE.	Rale.	Pe	tya	ble.	When Due. Outstand'g.
*Bridge bonds	r 3	J	de	J	
*Bridge bonds	8	ubj	ect	to e	call after July 1, 1902.
*Bridge bonds	3 14 Si	J	et :	J to c	Sept. 1, 1921 100,000 all after Sept. 1, 1901.
*Corsolidated loan	310	F	de	A	Aug. 1, 1912 100,000
*East side trunk sewer	4	J	de	J	{Jan. 1, 1922-27 } 150,000
					20 years.
do do1	319	J	de	Ĵ	Jan. 1, 1902-'21 500,000 \$25,000 yearly.
Subje	et to	call	afi	ter :	20 years.
do do					(Jan. 1, 1928-'37 } 250,000 \$25,000 yearly. }
Subje	et to	eall	aft	er 2	20 years.
*Free Academy building *Funding, 1 > 75 *Park bonds, 1888	3 7	J	de	J	Jan. 1, 1905 410,000
	call o	n a	nd	afte	er July 1, 1898.
Railroad loans—					* 4 1001 4000
†Refunding RR	7	J	de	1}	\$4,000 yearly. 28,000
*Refunding RR	7	J	de	J	Jan. 1, 1903 72,000
*Refunding RR., 18931	bject	to e	all	Aafte	Feb. 1, 1913 745,000 er Feb. 1, 1903.

NAP	LOANS			Payable.	When Due.	outstand g.
*+W	do do	1873-76.rd do Subj	r 4	J&J F&A call after 20	Jan. 1, 1903 Feb. 1, 1943 9 years.	\$3,182,000 300,000
ï	do do	do 1892 Subje	.r 319	F & A F & A all after Fe	Feb. 1, 1914 Feb. 1, 1942 b. 1, 1912.	250,000 500,000
	do	1894	.r 31 ₉ Su	F & A bject to call	Feb. 1, 1944 Feb. 1, 1914.	950,000

*\$5,000 each. †\$1,000 each.
INTEREST—With the exception of the City Hall Commissioners' loan (which is payable at the office of the City Treasurer, Rochester, N Y.), all bonds and interest are payable at the office of the Union Trust

TOTAL DEST, SINKING FUNDS, ETC.—The subjoined state-ment shows Rochester's total bonded debt, including the water debt, on the 20th day of January, 1896; on the 1st of July, 1894, on the 1st of April, 1893, and on the 6th of March 1892.

Bonded debt. \$3,52,000 \$5,182,000 \$6,730,000 \$5,634,000 Water debt. \$3,522,000 \$5,000 \$4,000 \$3,592,000 \$6,730,000 \$5,000,000 \$7

On January 20, 1896, the city had a sinking fund of \$55,588.
Genesee Valley Railroad refunding loan, due from 1896 to 1903, is provided for by excess of receipts from lease to N. Y. L. E. & W. RR. ASSESSED VALUATION.

ASSESSED VALUATION.—The city's assessed valuation and tax rate have at different periods been as follows, real estate being essessed at from 60 to 80 per cent of actual value.

ı.		Real	Personal	Rate of Tax
i	Vears,	Estate.	Property.	per \$1,000.
l.	1895	\$99,389,050	\$6,081,200	\$16.19
1	1894	98,762,150	6,132,516	
ı	1893	97,206,085	6,676,967	
ı	1492	96,543,650	6,609,303	15.26
١	1891	93,806,150	6,134,250	15.97
ı	1890	88,053,750	5,937,950	15.20
l	1889	82,800,100	5,397,150	15.93
ı	1888		4,108,000	16.38
ı	1887		4,529,000	16.45
ı	1886	72,171,975	3,345,000	15.22
1	1883		1,817,200	27.65
	1880		1,430,144	23.86
г				

POPULATION.—In 1890 population was 133,896; in 1890 it was 99,366; in 1870 it was 62,386. The population in 1895, according to local figures, was 160,000.

NEW LOANS.

\$350,000

5% Gold Bonds of the City of

SPOKANE, WASHINGTON.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be reserved at the office of the City Comptroller, City of Spokane, up to 12 o'clock noon of the 2d day of March, 1896, for the sale of Spokane Water Works Bonds, in the sum of \$250,000, to mature as follows:

Jan. 1, 19-7. \$30,000 Jan. 1, 1912 * \$25,00
Jan. 1, 1908. \$30,000 Jan. 1, 1912 * \$25,00
Jan. 1, 1908. \$30,000 Jan. 1, 1912 * \$25,00
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Jan. 1, 1912. * \$40,000
Jan. 1, 191

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NEW LOANS

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Youngstown, Ohio 6s	
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St. Paul, Minn 41/68	
S., Paul, Minn 7s	
Topeka, Kan 5s	
Denver, Col 6s	
Tacoma, Wash 8s	
North Dakota 4s	
Rapid Transit Ferry5s	
Staten [sland Ry	
Hereford Ry 48	
Prices and full description furnished on applica-	
Hon	

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tion, etc., on January 80, 1896, is given below.

This city is in Madison County.

Essex County, N. J .- Edward L. Conklin, Auditor. lowing is a statement of the financial condition of Essex County, which has been corrected by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE.

The county seat is Newark.

Principal and interest of the park bonds are payable in gold.

INTEREST on the park bonds is payable by the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, New York; on all other bonds at the Manufacturers' National Bank, Newark, N. J.

Grossdale, Ill.-Below is a statement of the financial condition of this town on January 23, 1896.

Grossdale is in Cook County.

Total debt Jan. 23, 1896. \$87,300 | Population in 1896 (est.) 800 Act. val'tion of property . 1,586,075 |

The town's bonds were issued for sewer purposes. They bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent, payable annually at the First National Bank of Chicago.

Maine.-The following statement of the debt and general financial condition of the State of Maine has been corrected to

Alexandris, Ind.—A statement of Alexandria's debt, valua- date by means of a special report to the Chronicle from State Treasurer Francis M. Simpson.

LOANS-		-Interest.			-	Outstand'g.		
NAME AND	PURPOSE.	Rate	. P	aye	ible.	When Due.	Principal.	
Reissue Loa Original, 1	n, 1889 "A." 864.	3	J	de	. 5	June 1, 1896-1901 }	\$198,000	
Do	Class "B."				205	June 1, 1902-1911 (\$50,000 yearly.	500,000	
Do	Class " C."	3	J	å	D	June 1, 1912-1921 850,000 yearly.	500,000	
Do	Class "D."	_	J	de	D	June 1, 1922-1929 835,000 yearly.	280,000	
Reissue Loa Original, 1	n, 1889 " A. " 869.	3	A	de	5	Oct. 1, 1896 to 1901 (\$17,000 yearly.	102,000	
Do	Class "B,"	3	A	de	0 }	Oct. 1, 1902 to 1911 (\$20,000 yearly.	200,000	
Do	Class " C."	3	A	å	0}	Oct. 1, 1912 to 1921 (\$28,000 yearly.	280,000	
Do	Class "D."	3	A	å	0}	Oct. 1, 1922 to 1929 (24,000	
Bonds to Sta		5		de		June 1, 1919	118,300	
Do de		4	J	de	J	July 1, 1917	100,000	
Bond to Insa				de		July 1, 1917	50,000	
Loan of 1869	, not present	ted:	for	pa	vme	nt	700	

PAR VALUE.-The bonds are chiefly for \$1,000 or multiples thereof.

INTEREST is payable at the State Treasury, Augusta, Me

TOTAL DEBT, SINKING FUND, &c.-The subjoine I statement shows Maine's total funded debt on the first of January of each of the

1896. 1895.

In the year 1895 the State paid \$50,000 on its bonded debt.

ASSESSED VALUATION,—The State's assessed valuation has een as follows in the years named. The tax rate for 1895 was \$2.50

	A	sessed Valuatio	n. ———	State tax
Years.	Real.	Personal.	Total.	per \$1.000
1894	\$249,629,509	\$74,848,812	\$324,478,321	\$2.50
1892		78,194,982	314,330,181	
1891	233,895,031	75,201,010	309,096,041	2.75

NEW LOANS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND OF V.RGINIA,
RICHMOND, Va., January 24, 1896.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBL OF VIRGINIA
has passed an act. approved January 23d, authorizing the holders of Virginia securities, not funded under act of February 14, 1882, or February 20, 1892; to fund them on the same terms and at the same rates as provided in the act of February 20, 1892; provided they are presented at this office prior to April 1, 1896. to April 1, 1896.

The act also allows the Commissioners of the Sink-ing Fund to make one extension of time beyond April 1st, but not beyond December 3¹, 1896.

Bonds issued after April 1st under this act carry interest ONLY from the semi-annual period next preceding the date of funding. For particulars, address

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Everett, Mass.-John D. Henderson, Mayor. Below is a statement of the financial condition of the city of Everett, which has been corrected by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from Nathan Nichols. Treasurer.

Everett is in Middlesex County. It became a city on Jan. 1, 1893.

LOANS	When Due.	WATER BONDS-	
SEWER BONDS-		4s, J&J, \$30,000July 1, 19	22
4s, J&J, \$50,000		4s, J&J, 100,000 July 1, 19	
4s, J&J, 50,000	July 1, 1911	4s, J&J. 60,000Jan. 1, 19	124
4s, J&J, 85,000	July 1, 1923	CITY NOTES-	
		3308 & 48, \$215,600 1896-19	n_3

INTEREST on the water bonds and sewer bonds is payable at the Winthrop National Bank, Boston; on city notes by check from Treasurer's office.

TOTAL DEBT, ETC.—The following shows Everett's total debt, are sinking fund held against the same, and the water debt, on each of

the three minor	Jan. 1,'96.	Jan. 1, '95.	Apr. 1,'94.
Total debt		\$509,750 29,500	\$471,700 8,319
Net debt	\$549,120	\$480,250	\$463,381
Water debt (included in above)	\$190,000	\$184,000	\$184,000

Of the total debt on January 1, 1896, \$375,000 was bonded and \$215,600 represented by city notes as described in the foregoing list of

ASSESSED VALUATION.—The assessed valuation of real estate in 1895 was \$12,853,600; personal property, \$721,000; total, \$13,-574,600; total tax rate (per \$1,000), \$16.70. The total assessed valuation in 1893 was \$11,293,800. Property is assessed at a fair cash

POPULATION in 1890 was 11,068; in 1880 it was 4,159; in 1870 it was 2,220. Estimated population in 1895 was 18,573.

Fort Wayne, Ind .- C. B. Oakley, Mayor. The following statement regarding the indebtedness, etc., of Fort Wayne has been corrected to Jan. 1, 1896, by means of a special report to the CHRONICLE from J. H. Simonson, City Comptroller.

For: Wayne is the county seat of Allen County. The \$15,800 of water-works bonds due in 1914 were issued by the town of South Wayne and assumed by the city of Fort Wayne upon annexation of the town.

LOANS— When Due.
FUNDING LOAN—
8. A&O, \$85,000 . Oct. 15. 1899
8. M&N, \$100,000 . Nov. 15, 1899
8. M&S, \$12,000 Sep. 15, 1896
(\$4,000 yearly) to Sep. 15, 1896
(\$4,000 yearly) to Sep. 15, 1898
198. A&O, \$299,000 . Oct. 10, 1913

INTEREST on the 5 per cent refunding railroad bonds is payable at Fort Wayne; on all other bonds at the Third National Bank, New York. TOTAL DEBT, SINKING FUNDS, ETC.—The subjoined statement shows Fort Wayne's total municipal debt, the sinking fund held by the city against the same and the water debt, on the first of January, 1896, 1895, 1894 and 1893.

Total bonded debt	\$693,800 7,335	\$686,000 4,465	\$694,000 2,432
Net debt\$677,495	\$686,465	\$681,535	\$691,568
Water debt (included above) . \$289,000	\$285,800	\$270,000	\$270,000
The sinking fund receives yearly		er cent of	the taxes

collected. The city has no floating debt.

ASSESSED VALUATION,—The city's assessed valuation (about two-thirds cash value) and tax rate have been as follows:

Years.	Real Estate.	Property.	Valuation.	per \$1,000.
1885	\$17,459,060	5,316,880	\$22,775,940	\$18.70
1894	16,553,055	5,218,825	21,771,880	11.00
1893	15,498,100	5,335,810	20,833,910	11.00
1892	14.835,290	5,030,665	19,865,955	11.00
1891	14.046,010	4,997,520	19,043,530	11.00
1890			19,629,540	11.00
1889	14,562,395	4,437,605	19,000,000	11.50
1887	9,183,400	3,377,740	12,561,140	10.00
1880			13,450,075	

The figures of tax rate for 1895 include State tax, \$3.012; county tax, \$4.6813; city tax, \$9.50; special school fund tax, \$1.50; total, \$18.70

POPULATION.-In 1890 population was 35,393; in 1880 it was 26,880: in 1870 it was 17,718. In 1895, according to local figures, the population was 40,000.

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